#### Agenda Item No: 4

# SERVICE COMMITTEE REVIEW OF DRAFT REVENUE BUSINESS PLANNING PROPOSALS FOR 2017/18 TO 2021/22

То:	ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT				
Meeting Date:	13 October 2016				
From:	Executive Director – Economy, Transport and Environment				
	Chris Malyon, Chief Finance Officer				
Electoral division(s):	All				
Forward Plan ref:	Not applicable Key decision: No				
Purpose:	This report provides the Committee with an overview of the draft Business Plan revenue proposals for Economy Transport and Environment that are within the remit of the Economy and Environment Committee.				
Recommendation:	a) It is requested that the Committee note the overview and context provided for the 2017/18 to 2021/22 Business Plan revenue proposals for the Service.				
	b) It is requested that the Committee comment on the draft revenue savings proposals that are within the remit of the Economy and Environment Committee for 2017/18 to 2021/22.				

	Officer contact:
Name:	Graham Hughes
Post:	Executive Director ETE
Email:	graham.hughes@cambridgeshire.gov.uk
Tel:	01223 715660

### 1. OVERVIEW

- 1.1 The Council's Business Plan sets out how we will spend our money to achieve our vision and priorities for Cambridgeshire. Like all Councils across the country, we are facing a major challenge. Our funding is reducing at a time when our costs continue to rise significantly due to inflationary and demographic pressures, which are greater than others due to being the fastest growing county in the country.
- 1.2 The Council has now experienced a number of years of seeking to protect frontline services in response to reducing Government funding. Looking back, we have saved £68m in the last two years and are on course to save a further £41m this year (2016/17). As a result, we have had to make tough decisions over service levels during this time. Over the coming five years those decisions become even more challenging. That is why this year the Council has adopted a new approach to meeting these financial challenges, which builds upon the outcome-led approach that was developed last year.
- 1.3 The Council last year established the strategic outcomes it will be guided by throughout the Business Planning process, which are outlined on the right. Early in the process this year, a number of Transformation Programmes have been established to identify the specific proposals that will meet these outcomes within the resources available to the Council.
- 1.4 These Transformation Programmes are the lens through which this year's



Business Planning Process has been approached, and will feature in the material considered by Members in workshops and Committees. There are 11 Programmes, made up of "vertical" service-based Programmes, and "horizontal" cross-cutting Programmes:

1. Adult Services	2. Children's 3. Economy, Services Transport and Environment		4. Corporate and LGSS	5. Public Health		
	6. Finance and Budget Review					
	7. Cust	comers and Commu	unities			
	8. Assets, Esta	ates and Facilities I	Management			
	9. Commissioning					
	10. Contracts, Commercial and Procurement					
	11. Workforce Planning and Development					

1.5 In July 2016 General Purposes Committee considered and endorsed a report which summarised the role that the new approach to transformation has played so far this year. In particular, this table captured precisely how transformation – in line with the Council's strategic outcomes – will contribute towards balancing the budget:

Base Budget		Year 0
Review of Outturn		
Corporately agreed changes to	Inflation	Х
	Demography	Х
	Capital Financing	Х
	Service Pressures	Х
		Year 1
Base budget (new business plan)		
Projected Resource Envelope		А
Savings Challenge		Y1 - A = B
Transformation Programme		
"Horizontal" Cross-cutting programmes	Х	
"Vertical" Service-based programmes	Х	
Total Transformation Proposals		С
Revised Savings Challenge		B - C = D
Savings Challenge applied to Budgets		E

- 1.6 Within this new framework, the Council continues to undertake financial planning of its revenue budget over a five year timescale which creates links with its longer term financial modelling and planning for growth. This paper presents an overview of the proposals being put forward as part of the Council's draft revenue budget, which are relevant to this Committee.
- 1.7 Funding projections have been updated based on the latest available information to provide a current picture of the total resource available to the Council. At this stage in the year, however, projections remain fluid and will be reviewed as more accurate data becomes available.
- 1.8 The Committee is asked to endorse these initial proposals for consideration as part of the Council's development of the Business Plan for the next five years. Draft proposals across all Committees will continue to be developed over the next few months to ensure a robust plan and to allow as much mitigation as possible against the impact of these savings. Therefore these proposals may change as they are developed or alternatives found.

### 2. BUILDING THE REVENUE BUDGET

2.1 Changes to the previous year's budget are put forward as individual proposals for consideration by committees, General Purposes Committee and ultimately Full Council. Proposals are classified according to their type, as outlined in Appendix B, accounting for the forecasts of inflation, demography, and service pressures, such as new legislative requirements that have resource implications, as well as savings.

- 2.2 The process of building the budget begins by identifying the cost of providing a similar level of service to the previous year. The previous year's budget is adjusted for the Council's best forecasts of the cost of inflation, the cost of changes in the number and level of need of service users (demography) and proposed investments. Should services have pressures, these are expected to be managed within that service where possible, if necessary being met through the achievement of additional savings or income. If it is not possible, particularly if the pressure is caused by legislative change, pressures are funded corporately, as agreed at General Purposes Committee (GPC) in July. It should be noted, however, that there are no additional resources and therefore this results in an increase in the level of savings that are required to be found across all Council Services. The total expenditure level is compared to the available funding and where there is insufficient to cover expenditure, the difference is the savings requirement to be met through transformation projects in order to balance the budget.
- 2.3 The budget proposals being put forward include revised forecasts of the expected cost of inflation following a detailed review of inflation across all services at an individual budget line level. Inflation indices have been updated using the latest available forecasts and applied to the appropriate budget lines. Inflation can be broadly split into pay, which accounts for inflationary costs applied to employee salary budgets, and non-pay, which covers a range of budgets, such as energy, waste, etc. as well as a standard level of inflation based on government Consumer Price Index (CPI) forecasts. All inflationary uplifts require robust justification and as such general inflation was assumed to be 0%. Key inflation indices applied to budgets are outlined in the following table:

Inflation Range	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Standard non-pay inflation	1.7%	2.2%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Other non-pay inflation (average of multiple rates)	2.8%	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.0%
Pay (admin band)	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Pay (management band)	0.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%
Employer pension contribution (average of admin and management band)	3.2%	2.8%	1.9%	2.7%	2.7%

2.4 Forecast inflation, based on the above indices, is as follows:

Service Block	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Children, Families and Adults (CFA)	2,251	2,915	2,619	2,747	2,770
Economy, Transport and Environment (ETE)	795	875	840	867	832
ETE (Waste Private Finance Initiative)	856	811	881	888	903
Public Health	14	24	22	22	21
Corporate and Managed Services (CS)	398	353	383	446	482
LGSS Operational	93	282	240	274	267
Total	4,407	5,260	4,985	5,244	5,275

2.5 A review of demographic pressures facing the Council has been undertaken. The term demography is used to describe all anticipated demand changes arising from increased numbers (e.g. as a result of an ageing population, or due to increased road kilometres) and increased complexity (e.g. more intensive packages of care as clients age). All services are required to absorb the financial pressure of the general increase in population, estimated to be 1.4% in 2017-18. The remaining demographic pressures calculated are:

Service Block	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000	2021-22 £'000
Children, Families and Adults	6,741	6,937	6,812	7,299	7,347
Economy, Transport and Environment (ETE)	195	200	206	211	217
Public Health	0	0	0	0	0
Corporate and Managed Services	23	24	25	25	25
Total	6,959	7,161	7,043	7,535	7,589

2.6 The Council is facing some cost pressures that cannot be absorbed within the base funding of services. Some of the pressures relate to costs that are associated with the introduction of new legislation and others as a direct result of contractual commitments. These costs are included within the revenue tables considered by service committees alongside other savings proposals and priorities:

Service Block / Description	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000	2021-22 £'000
CFA: Fair Cost of Care and Placement Costs	0	0	1,500	2,500	0
CFA: Impact of National Living Wage on Contracts	3,269	3,509	3,500	3,277	0
CFA: Local Housing Allowance limits - impact on supported accommodation	0	0	412	595	199
CFA: Children's Social Care Establishment	355	0	0	0	0
CFA: Independent Review Officers and Child Protection Chairs	261	0	0	0	0
CFA: Children Innovation and Development Service	289	50	0	0	0
CFA: Multi Systemic Therapy (MST)	368	63	0	0	0
ETE: Libraries to serve new developments	0	0	0	49	0
ETE: Reinstatement of funding for non-statutory concessionary fares	125	0	0	0	0
Corporate Services (CS): Apprenticeship Levy	500	0	0	0	0
CS: Demography	3,405	3,389	3,469	3,535	3,589
CS: Contract mitigation	0	1,500	500	0	0
CS: Renewable energy - Soham	183	4	5	4	5

CS: Increased Revenue Costs for WAN upgrades	63	0	0	0	0
CS: Increased Revenue Costs for WAN upgrades in Libraries	123	0	0	0	0
CS: Corporate Office IT Assets	300	0	0	0	0
Professional and Management Pay Structure - combined	441	0	0	0	0
Impact of National Living Wage on CCC employee costs (combined)	4	18	74	174	174
Total	9,686	8,533	9,460	10,134	3,967

2.7 The Council recognises that effective transformation often requires up-front investment and has considered both existing and new investment proposals that we fund through additional savings during the development of this Business Plan. To this end a Transformation Fund has been created, through a revision to the calculation of the Council's minimum revenue provision (MRP). The table below outlines investments by service. Note that these figures are absolute.

Transformation Workstream	2016-17 £'000	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000	2021-22 £'000
Adults Services	146	541	245	0	0	0
Finance & budget review	0	87	0	0	0	0
Customer & communities	100	0	0	0	0	0
Assets, estates & facilities management	46	51	22	0	0	0
Commissioning	363	929	366	27	0	0
Workforce planning & development	0	536	0	0	0	0
Total	655	2,144	633	27	0	0
Cumulative	655	2,799	3,432	3,459	3,459	3,459

## 3. SUMMARY OF THE DRAFT REVENUE BUDGET

3.1 In order to balance the budget in light of the cost increases set out in the previous section and reduced Government funding, savings or additional income of £29.0m are required for 2017-18, and a total of £99m across the full five years of the Business Plan. The following table shows the total amount necessary for each of the next five years, separating Public Health in 2017-18 as it is ring-fenced:

Service Block	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000	2021-22 £'000
Council	-28,374	-21,159	-17,242	-19,075	-11,997
Public Health	-606	-	-	-	-
Total	-28,980	-21,159	-17,242	-19,075	-11,997

3.2 There are also a number of risks which are not included in the numbers above, or accompanying tables. These will be incorporated (as required) as the Business Plan is developed. Estimates are given below where possible.

	2017-18 £'000	Risk
Vacancy Savings	1,000	Services are required to meet a target each year for staffing savings resulting through turnover of staff, for example through holding vacancies. As organisational changes are implemented, the ability/capacity to deliver this saving on an on-going basis will be reduced.
Dedicated Schools Grant funding	4,300	This potential pressure is the result of a consultation on national funding reforms.
Business rates revaluation	-	The Business Rates re-valuation is due to take effect from 1st April 2017, which could see significant rises in business rate liabilities in some areas and for some types of property.
Pension triennial review	-	The pension fund is being re-valued in 2016- 17, with consultation documents due in November. Updates to assumptions following this will be incorporated during the development of the Business Plan.
Housing	-	A comprehensive 10-year pipeline of development projects has now been identified and a capital funding request has therefore been included in the Draft Business Plan. The figures are still being refined however, with the initial projections expected to be confirmed during Autumn 2016. Due to the nature of the schemes the revenue impact could be significant.
Total	5,300	

- 3.3 In some cases services have planned to increase locally generated income instead of cutting expenditure. For the purpose of balancing the budget these two approaches have the same effect and are treated in the same way.
- 3.4 This report forms part of the process set out in the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) whereby the Council updates, alters and refines its revenue proposals in line with new savings targets. New proposals are developed by services to meet any additional savings requirement and all existing schemes are reviewed and updated before being presented to service committees for further review during November and December.
- 3.5 Delivering the level of savings required to balance the budget becomes increasingly difficult each year. Work is still underway to explore any alternative savings that could mitigate the impact of our reducing budgets on our front line services, and Business Planning proposals are still being developed to deliver the following:

Service Block	2017-18 £'000	2018-19 £'000	2019-20 £'000	2020-21 £'000	2021-22 £'000
Council	-6,104	-3,749	-8,919	-11,785	-11,268
Public Health	-103	0	0	0	0
Total	-6,207	-3,749	-8,919	-11,785	-11,268

- 3.6 The level of savings required is based on a 2% increase in Council Tax, through levying the Adults Social Care precept in all years it is available (up to and including 2019-20), but a 0% general Council Tax increase. This assumption is built into the MTFS which was discussed by GPC in July. For each 1% more or less that Council Tax is changed, the level of savings required will change by approximately +/-£2.5m.
- 3.7 There is currently a limit on the increase of Council Tax of 2% and above, above which approval must be sought in a local referendum. It is estimated that the cost of holding such a referendum would be around £100k, rising to as much as £350k should the public reject the proposed tax increase (as new bills would need to be issued). The MTFS assumes that the 2% and above limit on increases will remain in place for all five years.
- 3.8 Following October and November service committees, GPC will review the overall programme in December, before recommending the programme in January as part of the overarching Business Plan for Full Council to consider in February.

### 4. OVERVIEW OF ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT DRAFT REVENUE PROGRAMME

- 4.1 ETE, as the focus for the Council's place based services, provides a very wide and diverse range of services to the people and businesses of Cambridgeshire. Much of what is provided by the Directorate is experienced by residents on a daily basis.
- 4.2 A broad overview of the services provided by the Directorate includes highway maintenance and improvement, the delivery of all major transport infrastructure schemes, the management of a series of major contracts such as highways, waste and street lighting, tackling rogue and other illegal trading and providing business advice, delivery of non-commercial superfast broadband services, waste disposal, libraries and cultural services, planning, s106 negotiation, economic development, floods and water management, adult learning and skills, development of transport policy, funding bids, cycling, commissioning of community transport, operation of the Busway and the park and ride sites, and management of home to school, special needs and adults transport.
- 4.3 Over the past few years the actual amount of work within the Directorate has increased due to the particular nature of the services we provide. For example, programmes such as the Cycle City Ambition Grant have added to workload, as has the additional activity through the Council's £90m investment in highway maintenance. So essentially, although revenue budgets have decreased, more work is being undertaken with reduced capacity. This has been a necessary change and further opportunities for rationalisation are always being considered.

- 4.4 As noted above, transformation of the way we do things has been the main focus in developing new savings proposals for the new financial year. There are also a series of savings proposals that are already identified in the business plan and are due to be made in 2017/18
- 4.5 The full table of proposals can be found at appendix 1 and the associated Community Impact Assessments are contained in appendix 2 in draft form and these will be updated as the savings proposals develop. Appendix 1 takes account of a series of deleted, amended and new proposals which for ease, are also summarised in appendix 3. The main elements contained in appendix 3 are:
  - the majority of the impacts of demography on services will in future need to be absorbed by those services as agreed by Members;
  - a small number of the proposals that had been identified and agreed by Members last year are now considered to be unachievable and these are listed;
  - a small number of proposals that had been identified last year are also now not expected to yield the level of savings expected and these are listed;
  - finally, with the emphasis this year on transformation of the way we do things as a Council, the table also contains the items that have been identified within ETE. This is the current list of proposals, but transformation is a continuous process and so it is expected that others will be identified going forward.
- 4.6 Given the level of savings required by the Council as a whole for 2017/18, appendix 1 contains all current and new proposals that are considered achievable. From the Community Impact Assessments in appendix 2 and discussions with Members, it is recognised that a number of the proposals in appendix 1, although technically achievable, are likely to have very significant impacts and thus may well be considered undesirable. Through consideration of this paper, Members are asked to consider the full list of savings proposals in appendix 1 and identify any savings that should be removed. Although the Council is not developing its Business Plan through the application of strict cash limits for each service, rather looking at the budget as a whole, Members should bear in mind that any savings removed will increase the pressure on the Council as a whole. Therefore, thought should also be given to what could replace removed savings.

## 5. NEXT STEPS

- 5.1 The proposals contained in this paper are only the first formal stage in developing the Council's Business Plan.
- 5.2 Subject to the views of Members at this Committee and the Highways and Community Infrastructure Committee, further development of the proposals contained here will be undertaken as part of the development of the Council's Business Plan as per the timetable below;

November	Service Committees will review draft proposals again, for recommendation to General Purposes Committee
December	General Purposes Committee will consider the whole draft Business Plan for the first time
January	General Purposes Committee will review the whole draft Business Plan for recommendation to Full Council
February	Full Council will consider the draft Business Plan

# 6. ALIGNMENT WITH CORPORATE PRIORITIES

Report authors should evaluate the proposal(s) in light of their alignment with the following three Corporate Priorities.

### 6.1 Developing the local economy for the benefit of all

Many of the services delivered by ETE are used by our residents on a daily basis and are vital in maintaining and developing the local economy. Well maintained roads and local public transport services where commercial companies can't provide buses are but two of the key elements of the work of ETE. If these current or transformed versions of these services are not available there will be a significant impact on our communities.

## 6.2 Helping people live healthy and independent lives

See wording under 6.1 above.

### 6.3 Supporting and protecting vulnerable people

See wording under 6.1 above.

### 7. SIGNIFICANT IMPLICATIONS

- 7.1 The following bullet points set out details of significant implications identified by officers:
  - Resource Implications All implications are detailed in the Community Impact assessments (CIAs) at appendix 2
  - Statutory, Legal and Risk All implications are detailed in the CIAs at appendix 2
  - Equality and Diversity All implications are detailed in the CIAs at appendix 2
  - Engagement and Communications All implications are detailed in the CIAs at appendix 2
  - Localism and Local Member Involvement –Members have been involved in the business planning process and attended a members workshop in August

• Public Health – All implications are detailed in the CIAs at appendix 2. Public Health colleagues are involved in discussions regarding the implications.

Implications	Officer Clearance		
Have the resource implications been	Yes		
cleared by Finance?	Name of Financial Officer: Sarah		
	Hayward		
Has the impact on Statutory, Legal	Yes		
and Risk implications been cleared	Name of Legal Officer: Fiona		
by LGSS Law?	McMillan		
Are there any Equality and Diversity	Yes		
implications?	Name of Officer: Tamar Oviatt-Ham		
Have any engagement and	Yes		
communication implications been	Name of Officer: Mark Miller		
cleared by Communications?			
Are there any Localism and Local	Yes		
Member involvement issues?	Name of Officer: Paul Tadd		
Have any Public Health implications	Yes		
been cleared by Public Health	Name of Officer: Tess Campbell		

Source Documents	Location
Transformation Programme	<u>https://cmis.cambridg</u> <u>eshire.gov.uk/ccc_live</u> / <u>Meetings/tabid/70/ctl/</u> <u>ViewMeetingPublic/mi</u> <u>d/397/Meeting/182/Co</u> <u>mmittee/2/Default.asp</u> <u>X</u>
Demography Update	https://cmis.cambridg eshire.gov.uk/ccc_live /Meetings/tabid/70/ctl/ ViewMeetingPublic/mi d/397/Meeting/183/Co mmittee/2/Default.asp X