

		Details of Risk				Re	sidua	al Ris	sk Actio	ns					Version Date: May 2017
Risk No.	Risk Description	Trigger	Result	Owner	Key Controls/Mitigation	Probability	Impact	Score *		Action Owner	Target Date	Revised Target Date	Action Status	Action Owner Acronyms explained	Comments
1a	Failure to produce a robust and secure Business Plan over	Failure to have clear political direction, vision, priorities, and outcomes in the Business Plan.     Failure to plan effectively to achieve necessary efficiency savings and service transformation.     Unfavourable result of negotiations with Government about settlement     Worsening Pension Fund deficit     Legislative changes add unforeseen pressures to Council savings targets	The Council lacks clear direction for resource use and either over-spends, requiring the need for reactive savings during the life of the plan, or spends limited resources unwisely, to the detriment of local communities.	CD CS&T	1. Robust political leadership, strong vision, clear priorities and policies, developed through councillor engagement  2. Robust engagement with members of CLT and Councillors through the Business Planning process timetable, to ensure greater crossorganisational challenge and development of options.  3. Full consultation with public, partners and businesses during planning process, including thorough use of data research and business intelligence to inform the planning process  4. Stronger links with service planning across the Council seeking to transform large areas of spend.  5. Business Planning process requires early identification of possible impacts of legislative changes, as details emerge  6. A working party is exploring alternatives to the existing business planning process  7. Capital Programme Board - robust management of the delivery of capital elements of the Business Plan  8. CFA savings tracker in place and reviewed by the CFA Performance Board monthly and weekly at the working group  9. An 'in-year savings tracker' in place to enable SMT to strengthen performance management of the delivery of the Business Plan  10. Business Case process in place as part of the development of savings proposals for the Business Plan	4	4	16	1. Review of process for production of 2018-19 Business Plan 2. Early engagement with new Council Members 3. Deliver transformation programme to transform Council services (annually reviewed as part of business planning)	CEX	May-17 Jul-17 Mar-18				
1b		Failure to deliver (with partners) the Business Plan and achieve required efficiency savings and service transformation.     Assumptions in existing Business Plan regarding the wider economic situation are inaccurate.     Organisation not sufficiently aligned to face challenges.	The Council is unable to achieve required savings and fails to meet statutory responsibilities or budget targets; need for reactive in-year savings; adverse effect on delivery of outcomes for communities	CE	1. Robust service planning; priorities cascaded through management teams and through appraisal process  2. Strategy in place to communicate vision and plan throughout the organisation  3. Performance Management  4. Governance framework to manage transformation agenda: a. Integrated portfolio of programmes and projects b. Routine portfolio review to identify and address dependencies, cross cutting opportunities and overlaps c. Directorates to review and recommend priorities d. Directorate Management Teams/Programme Gvnce Boards ratify decisions  5. Rigorous RM discipline embedded in all transformation programmes/projects, with escalation process to Directorate Managemen Teams / Programme Boards	4 t	4	16	6. Work is ongoing on resolving issues with CCG over jointly funded packages of support (CHC, section 41 and section 117). Further action will be taken if back payments cannot be secured.  The monthly Integrated Resources and Performance Report (IRPR) includes the recommendation for GPC to 'analyse resources and performance information and note any remedial action currently being taken and consider if any further remedial action is required.'  Information about remedial action to correct over or under-spends, or below-target performance, is contained in the IRPR itself, or in reports about the operational divisions which are accessible via hyperlinks in the IRPR.		Sep-16	Apr-17		Service Director Children's Social Care	This action has been removed as it is addressed by the CFA Risk Register and the wider commentary about managing the budget in the Integrated Resources and Performance Report  The IRPR is part of the papers for GPC available at http://tinyurl.com/lp2bquc



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					6. Integrated performance and resource reporting (monthly to GPC) a. Monthly progress against savings targets b. Corporate Scorecard monitors performance against priorities c. Budget holders monthly meetings with LGSS Finance Partner/External Grants Team, producing BCR d. Regular meetings with Director of Finance/s151 Officer, Committee Chairs and relevant Directors to track exceptions and identify remedial actions 7. Rigorous treasury management system in place plus ongoing tracking of national and international economic factors and Government policy 8. Limited reserves for minor deviations 9. Routine monitoring of savings delivery to identify any required interventions 10. Bi-annual Leaders and Chairs meeting and Cambridgeshire Public Service Board 11. Board Thematic Partnerships including the LEP and the Health and Well Being Board, commissioning task and finish groups 12. LGSS governance arrgts incl representation on SMT (Section 151 Officer) 13. LGSS Strategic Plan sets out approach of bringing in partners to ensure financial sustainability					DOCKY					
2		LGSS resources     available to support CCC     are reduced as LGSS     expands its customer base     Failure to manage LGSS     service delivery to CCC	Support services to CCC are not provided in a timely, accurate and professional manner	CFO	Joint Committee Structure incl CCC Cllr representation, LGSS     Overview and Scrutiny Cttee, Chief Executive sits on LGSS Management     Board     LGSS director representation on SMT to ensure LGSS meets current     and future Council needs     LGSS Strategic Plan, Strategy Map and Improvement Activities     identified     Programme Management arrangements in place to move forward     workstreams     CCC performance management arrangements     LGSS performance management team     LGSS SLA's in place and regularly reviewed in detail     Corporate Director CS&T responsible for managing LGSS / CCC     relationship	3	3	9	1. Reference to the SLA and KPI review per service line (new plan for 2017/18 being produced)  2. The appropriate signposting of the other LGSS audits and associated recommendations e.g. Payroll etc.  3. Cross referencing customer satisfaction with service delivery standards	DCEX DCEX		TBC TBC	G G		
3	The Council does	1. Ineffective recruitment outcomes 2. Ineffective planning processes 3. Unattractive terms and conditions of employment. 4. High staff turnover 5. Lack of succession planning to capture experience and knowledge 6. Increasing demand for services 7. Lack of trained staff 8. National pressures on the recruitment of key staff 9. Cost of housing	1. Failure to deliver effective services 2. Regulatory criticism/sanctions 3. Civil or criminal action 4. Reputational damage to the Council 5. Low morale, increased sickness levels	DoPTT	1. Annual business planning process identifies staffing resource requirements  2. Children and Adults Workforce Strategy and Development plans with focus on recruitment and retention  3. Robust performance management and development practices in place.  4. Flexible terms and conditions of employment  5. Appropriate employee support mechanisms in place through the health and well being and counselling service agenda.  7. Use of statistical data to shape activity relating to recruitment and retention  8. Workforce Strategy and Development Plan which is reviewed by LGSS Management Board on a quarterly basis.  9. Extensive range of qualifications and training available to social care staff to enhance capability and aid retention.  10. Increased use of statistical data to shape activity realting to social care recruitment and retention.	3	4	12	1. LGSS Management Board will review the workforce strategy as part of the Transformation Programme  2. Production of common training programme by OWD taken from service needs and compiled from PADP outcomes (annually)  3. Annual employee survey to feed into LGSS service improvement plans  8. Deliver the Recruitment and Retention Action Plan	LGSS MB LGSS SAC&S SD- OP&MH	Jan-16 Sep-16 Nov-16 Mar-17	Mar 16 Jul 16 Dec 16 June 17  Jun-17  Jun-17	G	LGSS Management Board  LGSS Service Assurance,  Customers and Strategy	Majority of actions are complete. Action Plan is currently being reviewed and refreshed.



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4		ineffective procurement processes     Lack of awareness of procurement processes across the Council     ineffective contract management processes     Untrained contract managers	Poor value for money     Legal challenge     Wasted time and effort in contractual disputes	DoLPG	11. ASYE programme ensures new social workers continue to develop their skills, knowledge and confidence.  12. Social care frontline managers support their own professional development through planning regular visits with frontline services.  13. Cross directorate Social Care Strategic Recruitment and Workforce Development Board and Social Work Recruitment and Retention Task and Finish Group proactively address the issue of social care recruitment and retention.  1. Contract Procedure Rules and Procurement Best Practice Guidance and templates kept updated with changes in best practice  3. Procurement Training provided on a regular basis with differing levels targeted at specific audiences  4. Central Contract register maintained and access available to relevant Officers  5. Use of checklist (Summary Procurement Proposal) on all new procurement activity undertaken via central Procurement team. This includes a review of options to achieve optimal value and where feasible captures existing costs and new costs after the procurement.	2	3	6	Audit reviews to provide assurance that individual managers have the appropriate skills and training     Audit reviews to provide assurance on the effectiveness of contract management in selected contracts		Mar-16	Mar 17 Mar 18 Mar 17 Mar 18	G	Head of Internal Audit	Included in the 2016/17 Audit Plan Included in the 2016/17 Audit Plan
9		planning contributions, to deliver required infrastructure . This is exacerbated by austerity		ED ETE ED CFA	<ol> <li>Nursing and residential care purchased through central brokerage unit</li> <li>Develop long term sustainable relationships with providers wherever appropriate (e.g. Home care contract)</li> <li>Maximisation of developer contributions through Section 106 negotiations.</li> <li>Prudential borrowing strategy is in place.</li> <li>Section 106 deferrals policy is in place.</li> <li>External funding for infrastructure and services is continually sought including grant funding.</li> <li>Maintain dialogue with Huntingdonshire District Council and East Cambridgeshire District Council where Community Infrastructure Levy is in place to secure CIL monies for County Projects.</li> <li>Strategic development sites dealt with through S106 rather than CIL and S106. In dealing with sites through S106 alone, the County Council has direct involvement in negotiation and securing of developer contributions to mitigate the impact of a specific development.</li> <li>County planning obligation strategy being developed for district's and CCC use in identifying community infrastructure needs.</li> <li>Lobby with LGA over infrastructure deficit</li> <li>On-going review, scrutiny and challenge of design and build costs to esnure maximum value for money.</li> <li>Coordination of requirements across Partner organisations to secure more viable shared infrastructure.</li> <li>Respond to District Council Local Plans and input to infrastructure policy at all stages of the Local Plan process.</li> <li>Annual school capacity return to the Department of Education seeks to secure maximum levels of funding for basic need.</li> <li>Maintain dialogue with Cambridge City Council and South Cambridgeshire District Council to input into Community Infrastructure Levy prior to adoption of the Local Plan (Adoption of CIL anticipated 2017)</li> </ol>	3	4	12	15. County Planning Obligation Strategy for District's and County Council use, to go to E&E Committee.	HoG&E	Jun-17		G	HoTIPF - Head of Transport Infrastructure Policy and Funding  HoGE - Head of Growth and Economy  HoS - Head of Strategy  SD S&C - Service Director, Strategy and Commissioning  ED CFA - Exec Director, Children, Familes and Adults	



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15	Failure of the Council's arrangements for safeguarding vulnerable children and adults	Children's Social Care:  1. Children's social care case loads reach unsustainable levels as indicated by the unit case load tool  2. More than 25% of children whose referral to social care occurred within 12 months of a previous referral  3. Serious case review is triggered  Adult Social Care (inc. OPMH):  1. Care homes, supported living or home care agency suspended due to a SOVA (safeguarding of vulnaerable adults) investigation  2. Serious case review is triggered  3. Outcomes of reported safeguarding concerns reveals negative practice	Harm to child or an adult receiving services from the Council     Reputational damage to the Council	ED CFA	1. Multi-agency Safeguarding Boards provides multi agency focus on safeguarding priorities and provides systematic review of safeguarding activity  2. Skilled and experienced safeguarding leads and their managers.  3. Comprehensive and robust safeguarding training, ongoing development policies and opportunities for staff, and regular supervisions monitor and instil safeguarding procedures and practice.  4. Continuous process of updating practice and procedures, linking to local and national trends, including learning from local and national reviews such as Serious Case Reviews.  5. Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) supports timely, effective and comprehensive communication and decisions on how best to approach specific safeguarding situation between partners.  6. Robust process of internal Quality Assurance (QA framework) including case auditing and monitoring of performance  7. Whistleblowing policy, robust Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) arrangements and complaints process inform practice  8. Regular monitoring of social care providers and information sharing meetings with other local organisations, including the Care Quality Commission  9. Joint protocols, practice standards and QA ensure appropriate joint management and case transfer between Children's Social Care and Enhanced and Preventative Services  10. Coordinated work between Police, County Council and other agencies to identify child sexual exploitation, including supporting children and young people transitions to adulthood, with the oversight of the LSCB  11. Audits, reviews and training provided to school staff, governors and settings. All schools must have child protection training every 3 years. Education CP Service supports schools and settings with safeguarding responsibilities	3	5		3. Investigating referral arrangements to ensure most effective arrangements are in place to the MASH - proposals to be reviewed and next steps decided by CFA management team  Output  Description:			May-17		Service Director Adult Social Care	Complete for investigating referrals arrangements with education and are now moving to the health system
20		Staff unaware of changes to legislative/regulatory requirements     Lack of staff training     Lack of management review     High turnover/use of agency staff	Adverse reports from regulators     Criminal or civil action against the Council     Reputational damage	CE	1. LGSS legal team robust and up to date with appropriate legislation.  2. LGSS legal team brief Corporate Leadership Team on legislative changes  3. Service managers kept abreast of changes in legislation by the Monitoring Officer, Gov departments and professional bodies  4. Monitoring Officer role  5. Code of Corporate Governance  6. Community impact assessments required for key decisions  7. Business Planning process used to identify and address changes to legislative/regulatory requirements  8. Constitutional delegation to Committees and SMT  9. H&S policy and processes  10. Testing of retained learning  11. Programme Boards for legislative change (e.g. Care Act Programme Board)  12. Training for frontline staff on new legislation  13. Involvement in regional and national networks in children's and adults services to ensure consistent practice where appropriate  14. Business Intelligence Service support services with inspection preparation'	2	4	8							

Cambridgeshire County Council

					1										version Date: May 2017
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		Loss of premises (including temporary denial of access)     Loss of IT, equipment or data     Loss of a supplier     Loss of utilities or fuel     Flu Pandemic	1. Inability to deliver consistent and continuous services to vulnerable people 2. School closures at critical times impacting students' ability to achieve 3. Inability to fully meet legislative and statutory requirements 4. Increase in service		<ol> <li>15. Preparation undertaken for inspections of services for children in need of help and protection'</li> <li>16. Whistleblowing policy</li> <li>17. Anti Fraud and Corruption Strategy incl Fraud Response Plan</li> <li>18. Developed information and advice provision (an inspection handbook)</li> <li>19. Developed an arrangement for disseminating legislative change to all directorates and services</li> <li>1. Corporate and service business continuity plans</li> <li>2. Relationships with the Unions including agreed exemptions</li> </ol>				3. Project to establish 2nd LGSS datacentre for resilience/backup of allsystems, in addition to Scott House facility.  14. Review of accommodation provision in business continuity plans	DoIT	Mar-13	Dec-15 Dec-16 June 17  Sep 16 Dec-16 April 17	G	DoIT - Director of Information Technology HoEP - Head of Emergency Planning	See paper for explanation of this action  Consideration of accommodation provision within the Business Continuity arrangements is still being worked
21	Business Disruption		demand 5. Inability to respond to citizens' request for services or information 6. Lasting reputational damage	CD CST	Corporate communication channels      Multi-agency collaboration through the Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Local Resilience Forum (CPLRF)	3	4	12				Jun 17	G		upon. A specific project to address requirements on the Shire Hall site is currently being scoped. Proposals will then be discussed with services on site before comencement of the overall project.
					5. First phase of IT resilience project including the increased alternative power/environment conditions in major machine rooms 6. Operational controls 7. Resilient Internet feed 8. Business continuity testing  9. CCC corporate BCP Group incl LGSS BC leads										
		of adverse opinion such that they prove impossible to sustain.  2. One or more individual serious incidents undermine confidence in the overall provision of the service.	transport budgets would then result in the same amount as now being spent on meeting statutory obligations using a standalone model, meaning that non-		1. A Total Transport Member Steering Group meets bi-monthly, offering a wide range of political insight and providing a steer for the project  2. A Total Transport Programme Board meets at least quarterly, bringing together Service Directors from CFA and ETE to provide strategic direction  3. A Total Transport Project Group meets monthly, bringing together Heads of Services from CFA and ETE, to consider the operational impacts and opportunities.										

Cambridgeshire County Council

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22	maintained	3. It proves impossible to secure savings for the transport budget without incurring additional costs elsewhere (e.g. the impact on domicilary care provision would outweigh the savings available by changing travel times).  4. The provider market proves unable or unwilling to meet the Council's requirements at an affordable rate.	exclusion, poor take up of employment and education opportunities,		5. A new procurement framework has been established, and work continues to engage with (potential operators). High level work is also being undertaken to explore the costs and benefits of in-house operation  6. The Council is actively engaged with other local authorities pursuing a Total Transport agenda, and attends quarterly DfT meetings to share experience and ideas  7. Active plans are being made to determine the best approach following the formal end of the pilot period in March 2017. This includes the roll-out proposal for phase one, which is being considered by GPC on 20 December, and the use of an underspend on the original grant to support the on-going implementation of phase two		3	6							
23		Non compliance with the internal control framework and lack of awareness of anti-fraud and corruption processes.     Increased personal financial pressures on individuals as a result of economic circumstances	Reputational damage     Financial loss	CE	1. Financial Procedure rules  2. Anti Fraud and Corruption Strategy incl Fraud Response Plan  3. Whistle blowing policy  4. Codes of conduct  5. Internal control framework  6. Fraud detection work undertaken by Internal Audit  7. Awareness campaigns  8. Anti Money Laundering policy  9. Monitoring Officer/Democratic Services role  10. Publication of spend data in accordance with Transparency Agenda  11. New Counter Fraud Team established in LGSS	2	3	6	3. Implement anti bribery policy	HIARM	Mar-14	Dec-15 Mar 16 Jun 17		HIARM - Head of Internal Audit and Risk Management	
		training, skills, systems and tools to enable them to meet the statutory standards for information management.  2. Failure to ensure that information and data held in systems (electronic and	service delivery, as unable to make informed decisions. 3. Financial penalties. 4. Increase in complaints and enquiries by the ICO. 5. Decisions made by managers are not		1. Governance; SIRO, CIO, Corporate Information Management Team encompassing Information Management, Information Governance, Records Management, policies confirming responsibilities (see below) Data protection registration requirements  2. Policies: Data Protection, Freedom of Information, Information Security Incidents, Mobile Devices, Code of conduct, Retention schedules, IT security related policies (computer use, email), Information Management Strategy  3. Procedures: FOI, Subject Access Request Handling, Records Management, service level operational procedures,  4. Tools: Encrypted laptops and USB sticks, secure email and file transfer solutions, asset registers (USB sticks, encrypted laptops) device control  5. Training and awareness: Data Protection, information security, information sharing, Freedom of Information and Environmental Information Requests  6. Advice: Information Management advice service (IM, IG, RM, security), Information Management addressed via the Gateway project  7. Information asset catalogue/register - to catalogue all information assets which are managed by CCC  8. Information sharing protocols embedded internally and with partners  9. Audit/QA of accountabilities process  10. e-safety policy				6. Roll out of EDRM to manage the information lifecycle (including information standards). Information Mgt Board agreed EDRM should be considered as part of all transformation projects.  7. Updated Information Asset Register  8. Mapping data flows  11. Implementation of CFA social care Business Systems on new rationalized platform  Delivery of Information Commissioner Audit Improvement Action Plan	HoS BI IM Dir CCS	Apr-17		G G G		Action complete  Action complete and included as control  Action plan update provided to Information Commissioner Office and feedback is expected

Cambridgeshire County Council

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24	A lack of Information Management and Data Accuracy and the risk of non compliance with the Data Protection Act			CDCST	11. Assurance monitoring - The SIRO and Information Management Board will receive a report as part of the Information Risk Management work package highlight any information risks across CCC. Details of any IG Security Incidents will be included in the IG Annual Update report to Senior Management team/ members.  12. Mapping Flows of Personal Confidential Data - To adequately protect personal information, organisations need to know how the information is transferred into and out of the organisation, risk assess the transfer methods and consider the sensitivity of the information being transferred.  13. Incident reporting - Damage resulting from potential and actual information security events should be minimised and lessons learnt from them. All information security incidents, suspected or observed, should be reported through the CCC incident Reporting system and managed in line with the Incident Reporting Procedures and Integrated Risk Management Policy.  14. Intrusion or Perimeter Security including use of next generation hardware firewalls in several tiers, network traffic minotoring by Virgin Media Business, hardware appliances to check in bound mail traffic, spam filters and web content filtering on internet traffic and anti-virus software on the servers). Microsoft tools to restrict users ability to modify or install software and all mobile devices are encrypted  16. Record all attempted attacks and have an established relationship with the local and regional cyber crime teams in the Police and have established links and information sharing with the national crime and intelligence agencies  17. Individual Services Business Continuity Plans.  18. LGSS IT Disaster Recovery Plan  19. LGSS IT service resilience measures (backup data centre, network rerouting).  20. Version upgrades to incorporate latest product functionality  21. Training for CFA Business systems prior to use  22. Information sharing agreement  23. Backup systems for CFA Business Systems	3		9							
26		Failures of Busway bearings or movement of foundations continue and increase	1.Significant and ongoing costs to maintain the Busway or restricted operation of the Busway to the extent that it will no longer be attractive to operators or passengers.		1. Monitoring and inspection regime in place  5. Independent Expert advice has been taken confirming that the defects are defects under the Contract and that a programme of preventative remedial action is required and will be cheaper overall and less disruptive in the long run than a reactive response.  6. Legal Advice has been taken confirming that the defects are defects under the contract and that the Council has a good case for recovering the cost of correction from the Contractor  7. Retention monies held under the contract have been withheld from the Contractor and used to meet defect correction and investigation costs.  8. Funds have been set aside from the Liquidated Damages witheld from the Contractor during construction, which are available to meet legal costs.	2	5	10	Bam Nuttall	SD S&D ETE SD S&D ETE			G G	Service Director, Strategy & development, ETE.	Council plans are subject to litigation privilege therefore we are not in a position to publish dates as this could have a detrimental impact on the Council's position within this process

Cambridgeshire County Council

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					9. General Purposes Committee have resolved to correct the defects and to commence legal action to recover the costs from the Contractor  10. Initially defects are being managed as a case by see a basic until the										
					Initially defects are being managed on a case by case basis until the contractual issues are resolved, minimising impact on the public.										
		Contribution levels do not	1 Cignificant increases in		Governance arrangements including CCC Constitutional requirements		_								
27	The pension fund has the potential to	maintain the level of the fund 3. The longevity of scheme members increases 4. Government changes to pensions regulations 5. Volatility of financial markets	revenue contributions to the Fund are necessary	CFO	and Pensions Committee including response to Hutton enquiry  2. Investment Panel work plan  3. Triennial valuation  4. Risk agreed across a number of fund managers  5. Fund managers performance reviewed on a regular basis by Pensions Committee	3	5	15							
	under-funded	Change to tax threshold causing exceedingly high contribution     Shrinking workforce			6. Opt in legislation 7. Review investment manager performance quarterly 8. Ongoing monitoring of skills and knowledge of officers and those										
		Impact of wider economic and social determinants, which may	Worsening inequalities between geographical areas and/or		charged with governance  1. Council's business plan				Implementation of health inequalities aspects of Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy	DoPH	<del>Dec-16</del>	<del>Mar 17</del> Mar 18	G	DoPH - Director of Public Health DoCFA - Director and	
		require mitigation through Council services.  2. Failure to target/promote services to disadvantaged or vulnerable populations,	disadvantaged or vulnerable populations, including health,		Committee monitoring of indicators for outcomes in areas of deprivation (following full Council motion)	l			Strategy					Children, Families and Adults SD L - Service Director Learning	
		or in areas of deprivation, appropriately for local need.			Joint Strategic Needs Assessment, Annual Public Health Report, and Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy (Health inequalities)										
					Implementation of Health Committee Priority 'Health Inequalities' actions and targetting of Public Health programmes (health inequalities)	5									
29	Failure to address inequalities in the county continues			CE	6. Child Poverty Strategy (income)	3	4	12							
					7. Targetted services e.g: Travellers Liaison, Traveller Health Team, Chronically excluded adults team etc.  9. Buy with confidence approved trader scheme.										
					10. Cambridgeshire Inequalties Charter										
					<ul><li>11. Wisbech 20:20 programme</li><li>12. Cambridgeshire 0-19 Education Organisation Plan</li></ul>										
					13. Cambridgeshire Older People Strategy										
		Failure to realise Waste PFI contract opportunities (eg. Reduce cost of CLO and increase income from TPI) and manage operational risk of unforeseen contractual	Savings not delivered and potential increased costs leading to significant budget pressures.		Strong contract management and close working with legal and procurement to reduce unforeseen costs where possible e.g. managemen of amount of waste going to landfill. Regular communication, exchange of information and decision-making at the Waste PFI Delivery Board. The Board provides focused management of issues, ensuring contract delivers as required.				Resolve legacy issues in the round with discussions on savings and opportunities	НоН&С	Sep-17		G		



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30		events (eg. Wet IVC waste) leading to significant budget pressures			<ol> <li>The Waste PFI is in service delivery phase - the protection that is provided by the contract terms and conditions is in place.</li> <li>Officers working closely with DEFRA, WIDP, Local Partnerships, WOSP and other local authorities</li> <li>The contract documentation apportions some risks to the contractor, some to the authority and others are shared.</li> <li>Clear control of the risk of services not being delivered to cost and quality by levying contractual deductions and controls if the contract fails or issues arise.</li> <li>During the procurement process, the authority appointed a lead to negotiate risk apportionment. The results of the negotiation relating to financial risk are captured in the Payment Mechanism (schedule 26) and Project Agreement that form part of the legally binding contract documentation.</li> <li>Waste PFI contractor has an ongoing requirement to continue seeking outlets for Refuse Derived Fuel (RDF), Solid Recovered Fuel (SRF) and Compost Like Output (CLO) to increase diversion from landfill.</li> </ol>	3	5		Identify options for 2018/19 savings and beyond in collaboration with Amey	HoH&C	Sep-17		G		
31	Insufficient availability of affordable Looked After Children (LAC)	1. The number of children who are looked after is above the number identified in the LAC strategy action plan 2015-17 2. % LAC placed out of county and more than 20 miles from home as identified in CFA performance dashboard 3. The unit cost of placements for children in care is above targets identified in the LAC strategy action plan 2015 to 2017	1. Client dissatisfaction and increased risk of harm. 2. Reputational damage to the council. 3. Failure to meet statutory requirements. 4. Regulatory criticism. 5. Civil or criminal action against the Council	ED CFA	1. Regular monitoring of numbers, placements and length of time in placement by CFA management team and services to inform service priorities and planning  2. Maintain an effective range of preventative services across all age groups and service user groups  3. Looked After Children Strategy provides agreed outcomes and describes how CCC will support families to stay together and provide cost effective care when children cannot live safely with their families.  4. Community resilience strategy details CCC vision for resilient communities  5. CFA management team assess impacts and risks associated with managing down costs  6. Edge of care services work with families in crisis to enable children and young people to remain in their family unit	3	4	12	7. Deliver the actions in the LAC action- plan to manage demand and costs	SD CSC	Mar-17			Service Director Children's Social Care	This action referred to the work in 2016/17 to manage demand and costs. That wrk is now complete, and a full report on the outturn psitin will be provided in the Council's end of year outturn report (July 2017). Actions to manage demand and costs are included as specific lines in the BUsiness Plan 2017/18.
20		identified by CFA performance dashboard 2. Delayed transfers of care from hospital attributable to adult social care as identified by CFA performance dashboard 3. Home care pending list	and increased risk of harm and hospital admission 2. Increase in delayed discharges from hospital 3. Reputational damage	FD 0FA	1. Data regularly updated and monitored to inform service priorities and planning 2. Maintain an effective range of preventative services across all age groups and service user groups 3. Community resilience strategy details CCC vision for resilient communities 4. Directorate and CFA Performance Board monitors performance of service provision 5. Coordinate procurement with the CCG to better control costs and ensure sufficient capacity in market 6. Use of the benchmark rate to control costs of care homes	_			4. Retender the main home care contract  5. To support home based services, reablement and its relationship with the intermediate tier is being reviewed and refined to increase efficiency	HoS Procure ment HoS- DOP	Jul-16 Apr-17	Oct-17	G	Service Director Older People HoS Service Development Older People	Reablement provision has been reviewed and teams have been structured into North and South in order to increase efficiency

Version Date: May 2017

		Details of Risk				Res	idual	l Risk	Actio	ons					
Risk No.	Risk Description	Trigger	Result	Owner	Key Controls/Mitigation	Probability	Impact	Score *	Description	Action Owner	Target Date	Revised Target Date	Action Status	Action Owner Acronyms explained	Comments
32	services at affordable rates			ED CFA	Market shaping activity, including building and maintaining good relationships with providers, so we can support them if necessary		3	15							
	anordable rates				rotationings that provides, so the earl support atom is necessary										
					8. Capacity Overview Dashboard in place to capture market position										
					Residential and Nursing Care Project has been established as part of the wider Older People's Accommodation Programme looking to increase										
					the number of affordable care homes beds at scale and pace.										
					10. Business Case for Council owned Care Home										
					11. Delivered first phase of Early Help Offer for Adults and OP										
					12. Retendered the block purchase of care										

SCORING MATRIX (see Risk Scoring worksheet for descriptors)

VERY HIGH (V)	5	10	15	20	25
HIGH (H)	4	8	12	16	20
MEDIUM (M)	3	6	9	12	15
LOW (L)	2	4	6	8	10
NEGLIGIBLE	1	2	3	4	5
IMPACT	VERY RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	VERY LIKELY

#### Risk Owners

CD CS&T - Sue Grace
CE - Gillian Beasley
DoP - Martin Cox
DoLPG - Quentin Baker
ED ETE - Graham Hughes
ED CFA - Wendi Ogle-Welbourn
DoSD - Bob Menzies
CFO - Chris Malyon

## **RISK SCORING MATRIX**

VERY HIGH (V)	5	10	15	20	25
HIGH (H)	4	8	12	16	20
MEDIUM (M)	3	6	9	12	15
LOW (L)	2	4	6	8	10
NEGLIGIBLE	1	2	3	4	5
LIKELIHOOD	VERY RARE	UNLIKELY	POSSIBLE	LIKELY	VERY LIKELY

Red scores - excess of Council's risk appetite - action needed to redress, quarterly monitoring Amber scores - likely to cause the Council some difficulties - quarterly monitoring Green scores - monitor as necessary

Descriptors to assist in the scoring of risk impact are detailed below

Likelihood scoring is left to the discretion of managers as it is very subjective

#### **IMPACT DESCRIPTORS**

The following descriptors are designed to assist the scoring of the impact of a risk:

	Negligible (1)	Low (2)	Medium (3)	High (4)	Very High (5)
Legal and Regulatory	Minor civil litigation or regulatory criticism	Minor regulatory enforcement	Major civil litigation and/or local public enquiry	Major civil litigation setting precedent and/or national public enquiry	Section 151 or government intervention or criminal charges
Financial	<£0.5m	<£1.0m	<£5m	<£10m	>£10m
Service provision	(a) Insignificant disruption to service delivery	(a)Minor disruption to service delivery	(a) Moderate direct effect on service delivery	(a) Major disruption to service delivery	(a) Critical long term disruption to service delivery
People and Safeguarding	No injuries	Low level of minor injuries	Significant level of minor injuries and/or instances of mistreatment or abuse of an individual for whom the Council has a responsibility	Serious injury and/or serious mistreatment or abuse of an individual for whom the Council has a responsibility	Death of an employee or individual for whom the Council has a responsibility or serious mistreatment or abuse resulting in criminal charges
Reputation	No reputational impact	Minimal negative local media reporting	Significant negative front page reports/editorial	Sustained negative coverage in local media or	Significant and sustained local opposition to the Council's

1	i	COMMENT IN THE	megauve	μυιιοισο	1
		local media	reporting in the		
			national media		