INTEGRATED RESOURCES AND PERFORMANCE REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31STAUGUST2015

To: General Purposes Committee

Date: 20th October 2015

From: Chief Finance Officer

Electoral All

division(s):

Forward Plan ref: Not applicable Key decision: No

Purpose: To present financial and performance information to assess progress

in delivering the Council's Business Plan.

Recommendations: That General Purposes Committee is recommended to:

 Analyse resources and performance information and note the remedial action currently being taken and consider if any further

remedial action is required.

Officer contact:

Name: Chris Malyon

Post: Chief Finance Officer

Email: Chris.Malyon@cambridgeshire.gov.uk

Tel: 01223 699796

1. PURPOSE

1.1 To present financial and performance information to assess progress in delivering the Council's Business Plan.

2. OVERVIEW

2.1 The following table provides a snapshot of the Authority's forecast performance at year end by value, RAG (Red, Amber, Green) status and direction of travel (DoT).

Area	Measure	Forecast Year End Position (Jul)	Forecast Year End Position (Aug)	Current Status	DoT (up is improving)
Revenue Budget	Variance (£m)	+£2.8m	-£0.0m	Amber	1
Basket Key Performance Indicators	Number at target (%)	47% (9 of 19)	53% (9 of 17) ¹	Amber	1
Capital Programme	Variance (£m)	-£19.3m	-£36.9m	Amber	↓
Balance Sheet Health	Net borrowing activity (£m)	£434m	£419m	Green	1

¹The number of performance indicators on target reflects the current position.

- 2.2 The key issues included in the summary analysis are:
 - The overall revenue budget position is showing a forecast year end underspend of £43k (-0.0%), which is animprovement of £2.9m since last month. The majority of this is as a result of incorporating the corrective actions into the reported figures this month, which were reviewed and approved by the General Purposes Committee on 15 September 2015. These savings have, however, been partially offset by an increase of c.£1m to Children, Families and Adults (CFA's) forecast pressure, as a result of Looked After Children (LAC) Placements. See section 3 for details.
 - Key Performance Indicators; the corporate performance indicator set has been refreshed for 2015/16. Some of the measures within this new set are still being developed and should be available in the coming months. There are 23 indicators in the Council's new basket, with data currently being available for 17 of these. Of these 17 indicators, 9 are on target. See section 5 for details.
 - The Capital Programme is showing a forecast year end underspend of £36.9m (-17.7%), which is an increase of £17.7m since last month. The majority of the increase is due to

further slippage within Economy, Transport and Environment's (£12.2m) and LGSS Managed's (£5.0m) capital programmes. Seesection 6 for details.

Balance Sheet Health; The original forecast net borrowing position for 31st March 2016, as set out in the Treasury Management Strategy Statement (TMSS) is £453m. This projection has now fallen to £419m, down by £15m from last month. This is largely as a result of changes in the net expenditure profile of the capital programme and changes in expected cash flows since the Business Plan was produced in February 2015. See section 7 for details.

3. REVENUE BUDGET

3.1 A more detailed analysis of financial performance is included below:

Key to abbreviations

ETE —Economy, Transport and Environment

CFA – Children, Families and Adults CS Financing – Corporate Services Financing

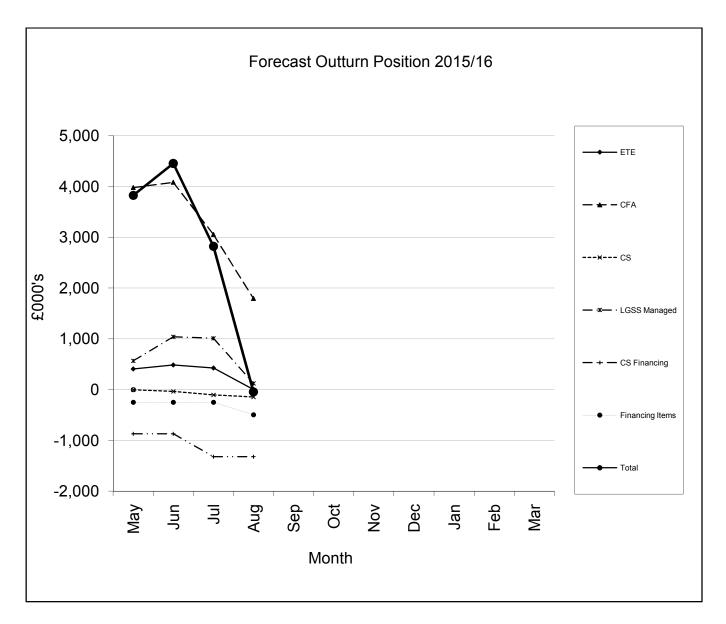
DoT — Direction of Travel (up arrow means the position has improved since last month)

Original Budget as per BP ¹ £000	Service	Current Budget for 2015/16 £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Jul) £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Aug) £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Aug) %	Current Status	D o T
63,308	ETE ²	62,691	427	0	0.0%	Green	1
244,270	CFA	244,050	3,056	1,795	0.7%	Amber	1
0	Public Health	0	0	0	0.0%	Green	\leftrightarrow
5,672	Corporate Services	6,166	-105	-145	-2.4%	Green	1
9,145	LGSS Managed	10,471	1,011	123	1.2%	Amber	1
35,460	CS Financing	35,460	-1,320	-1,320	-3.7%	Green	\leftrightarrow
357,855	Service Net Spending	358,838	3,068	453	0.1%	Amber	1
2,165	Financing Items	1,189	-248	-496	-41.7%	Green	1
360,020	Net Spending	360,027 ³	2,820	-43	-0.0%	Amber	1
	Memorandum Items:		-			-	-
9,864	LGSS Operational	9,856	-20	0	0.0%	Green	1
369,884	Total Net Spending 2015/16	369,884					'

¹ The budget figures in this table are net, with the 'Original Budget as per BP' representing the Net Budget column in Table 1 of the Business Plan for each respective Service.

²ETE includes Winter Maintenance and the Waste PFI Contract, where specific arrangements for under / overspends exist. Excluding these the underlying forecast outturn position for ETE is a £182k underspend.

³For budget virements between Services throughout the year, please see Appendix 1.



3.2 Key exceptions this month are identified below.

3.2.1 **Economy, Transport and Environment:** a balanced budget is forecast at year end.

£m

%

• There is a pressure of £270k within ETE, of which a significant proportion (£260k) is derived from the Park & Ride site income being less than anticipated. Officers will continue to seek to increase income in this area and also review all budgets to offset this pressure. Should the current underlying overspend of £270k not reduce as year end approaches, then expenditure on 'Local infrastructure and Streets' and 'Passenger transport other' will be reduced by £100k and £170k respectively. These assumptions have been built into the figures reported bringing the budget to break-even by year end, but tight management of other revenue budgets and potential slippage in some expenditure will also occur meaning that from experience, these planned reductions will not be required and the expenditure can be reinstated.

- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 2
- 3.2.2 Children, Families and Adults: £1.795m (0.7%) overspend is forecast at year end.

£m %

- Strategy & Commissioning Directorate this directorate is reporting a forecast overspend of £2.250m, which is an increase of £1.1m from last month. The increase is due to:
 - **Looked After Children (LAC) Placements** there is a £1.1m +1.100 (7%) forecast overspend resulting from a continued unprecedented growth in the LAC population, which has exacerbated the pressure carried forward from 2014/15.
 - Home to School Transport Special –the forecast overspend +0.625 (9%) has reduced by £525k this month, reflecting the separate reporting of LAC Transport (see below). The forecast overspend is due to a residual pressure from 2014/15.
 - LAC Transport LAC Transport has been separated out from +0.575 (86%)
 Home to School Transport Special this month (see above).
 The forecast overspend is due a pressure resulting from the policy of trying to keep young people in the same educational setting when they are taken into care or their care placement moves, providing stability.

The combined overspend for Home to School Transport - Special and LAC Transport remains unchanged this month.

 Additional savings totalling £2.246m have been identified, as per the table below, which were reviewed and approved by the General Purposes Committee on 15 September 2015:

Adult Social Care	£m
Reduction in Mental Capacity Act/Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards spending due to lack of available assessors	-0.100
Forecast underspend on carers support in first year of new responsibilities	-0.150
Older People	
Capitalisation of Assistive Technology revenue spend	-0.125
Provision for potential accommodation costs unlikely to be required	-0.115
Services to respond to new responsibilities for social care needs for prisoners are being established. Likely underspend this year	-0.240
Budget for Delayed Transfers of Care reimbursement not required post Care Act	-0.330
Release of provision for potential dispute on costs of nursing care	-0.300
Strategy and Commissioning	
Reduction in earmarked Building Schools of the Future reserve to	-0.227

reflect anticipated demand levels	
Underspend on IT systems development budget	-0.050
Saving on Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) delivery grant funding	-0.025
Enhanced and Preventative Services	
A one-off reduction to the Youth and Community commissioning budget, reducing the total budget allocation from £100k to £50k in 2015/16. This is possible because the Youth and Community Coordinator roles were not established until July 2015.	-0.050
Education Welfare Officers additional income	-0.060
Learning	
One-off reduction in Ed ICT Replacement Reserve	-0.159
Capitalisation of Infrastructure Service revenue costs	-0.265
Reduction in projects funding	-0.050
TOTAL	2.246

- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 2
- 3.2.3 **Public Health:**a balanced budget is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
 - Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 2
- 3.2.4 **Corporate Services:** £0.145m (-2.4%) underspend is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
- 3.2.5 **LGSS Managed:**£0.123m (1.2%) overspend is forecast at year end.
 - LGSS Managed is currently predicting a year end overspend of £123k, which is a decrease of £0.9m from last month, reflecting the corrective actions identified (as reported last month) to recover the overspend position.
 - IT Managed to contribute towards recovery of the overall LGSS Managed overspend, the balance on the IT Asset Replacement Fund (£475k) will be written back to revenue. This is facilitated by the move towards provision of mobile devices, which are funded from the IT for Smarter Business Working capital scheme. This is partially offset by £54k net pressures across the centrally held budgets.
 - Transformation Fund this covers the costs of Section 188
 redundancies. Assuming a straight-line spend profile based on
 costs to date, an underspend of £225k is now being reported.

- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in <u>appendix 2</u>
- 3.2.6 **CS Financing:**£1.320m (-3.7%) underspend is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
 - Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 2
- 3.2.7 Financing Items:£0.496m (-41.7%) underspend is forecast at year end.
 - Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS) on the 27 March 2015, the Minister for Care and Support announced an additional £25m would be made available to local authorities for the Deprivation of Liberty Safeguards (DoLS). This is a un-ringfenced grant that has not been budgeted for, with £247,899 being allocated to Cambridgeshire County Council in 2015/16.

The activities that this funding is to be deployed for were funded within CFA's 2015/16 base budget via the Business Planning process - at the time of preparing the Business Plan the Council did not know how much grant would be received in relation to DoLS.

-0.248 (-100%)

Last month it wasrecommended that the additional DoLS funding of £247,899 received in 2015/16 is transferred to the General Fund at year end, to replenish the County's resources used in the first instance to fund this activity, which the General Purposes Committee approved on 15 September 2015.

- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 2
- 3.2.8 **LGSS Operational:**a balanced budgetis forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.

Note: exceptions relate to Forecast Outturns that are considered to be in excess of +/- £250k.

4. KEY ACTIVITY DATA

4.1 The Actual Weekly Costs for all clients shown below are calculated based on all clients who have received a service, are receiving a service, or we plan will receive a service. Some clients will have ceased receiving a service in previous months, or during this month, or we will have assumed an end date in the future.

4.2 Looked After Children (LAC): August 2015

		BUD	GET			ACTUAL	(August)			VARIANCE	
Service Type	No of placements Budgeted	Annual Budget	No. of weeks funded	Average weekly cost	Snapshot of No. of placements Aug 15	Yearly Average	Projected Spend	Average weekly cost	Yearly Average to budgeted no. of placements	Net Variance to Budget	Average weekly cost
Residential - disability	2	£381k	52	3,663.30	3	2.52	£241k	2,152.13	0.52	-£140k	-1,511.17
Residential schools	8	£828k	52	1,990.93	11	9.96	£1,024k	1,970.34	1.96	£195k	-20.59
Residential homes	16	£2,342k	52	2,814.92	28	28.99	£4,078k	2,849.38	12.99	£1,736k	34.46
Independent Fostering	261	£9,813k	52	723.03	244	248.74	£9,744k	783.15	-12.26	-£69k	60.12
Supported Accommodation	15	£1,170k	52	1,500.00	26	20.68	£1,115k	1,059.59	5.68	-£55k	-440.41
16+	9	£203k	52	433.58	6	8.21	£161k	363.25	-0.79	-£42k	-70.33
Growth/Replacement	-	£k	-	-	-	-	£450k	-	-	£450k	-
Savings requirement	-	£k	-	-	-	-	-£976k	-	-	-£976k	-
TOTAL	311	£14,737k			318	319.1	£15,837k		8.1	£1,100K	
In-house fostering	140	£3,472k	55	185.55	122	137.45	£3,240k	177.66	-2.55	-£232k	-7.89
Kinship	26	£733k	55	185.55	31	25.78	£677k	194.37	-0.22	-£56k	8.82
In-house residential	16	£1,588k	52	1,908.52	11	10.5	£1,588k	2,776.03	-5.5	£k	867.51
Concurrent Adoption	3	£50k	52	350.00	9	7.73	£140k	350.00	4.73	£90k	0.00
Growth/Replacement	-	£k	-	-	-	-	£198k	-	-	£198k	-
TOTAL	185	£5,843k			173	181.46	£5,843k		-3.54	£0k	
Adoption	289	£2,442k	52	162.50	335	326.21	£2,967k	167.61	37.21	£525k	5.10
TOTAL	289	£2,442k			335	326.21	£2,967k		37.21	£525k	
OVERALL TOTAL	785	£23,022k			826	826.77	£24,647k		41.77	£1,625k	

Note: Adoption includes Special Guardianship and Residency Orders. Any unutilised growth/replacement in-house will be used to support growth externally.

In the following key activity data for Adults and Older People's Services, the information given in each column is as follows:

- Budgeted number of clients: this is the number of full-time equivalent (52 weeks) service users anticipated at budget setting, given budget available.
- Budgeted average unit cost: this is the planned unit cost per service user per week, given the budget available.
- Actual service users and cost: these figures are derived from a snapshot of the commitment record at the end of the month and reflect current numbers of service users and current average cost.

4.3 Adult Social Care (ASC): August2015

			BUDGET		A	CTUAL (Augus	st)	VARIANCE
Service Type		Budgeted No. of Clients 2015/16	Budgeted Average Unit Cost (per week)	Annual Budget	Snapshot of No. of Clients at End of Aug 15	Current Average Unit Cost (per week)	Projected Spend	Net Variance to Budget
	Residential	40	£969	£2,015k	43	£1,005	£2,259k	£244k
Physical Disability Services	Nursing	23	£926	£1,107k	25	£866	£1,132k	£25k
OCIVICOS	Community	835	£236	£10,251k	795	£243	£10,101k	-£150k
Physical Disability	y Services Total	898		£13,373K	863		£13,492k	£119
Income variance								-£392k
Further savings a	assumed within forecast							-£170k
	Residential	294	£1,253	£19,161k	300	£1,327	£20,210k	£1,049k
Learning Disability Services	Nursing	17	£1,437	£1,270k	18	£1,434	£1,345k	£75k
00111003	Community	1,272	£543	£35,907k	1,234	£601	£38,941k	£3,034k
Learning Disability	Learning Disability Service Total			£56,338k	1,552		£60,496k	£4,158k
Further savings a	assumed within forecast							-£400k

The Learning Disability Partnership is in the process of loading care packages for automatic payment and commitment recording through the Council's Adult Finance Module (AFM) system.

Until this has been fully completed, activity analysis is based on more restricted details about package volume (hours/nights) and length, than is available through AFM. In the table above, the assumption has been made that packages that are currently open last 365 days, as a proxy for full year activity, rather than full reflection of closed and part-year packages.

The forecasts presented in this report reflect the impact of savings measures to take effect later in the year. The further savings within forecast lines within these tables reflect the distance from this position based on current activity levels.

4.4 Adult Mental Health (OP): August 2015

			BUDGET		A	CTUAL (Augus	t)	VARIANCE
Service Type		Budgeted No. of Clients 2015/16	Budgeted Average Unit Cost (per week)	Annual Budget	Snapshot of No. of Clients at End of Aug 15	Current Average Unit Cost (per week)	Projected Spend	Variance
	Community based support	67	£76	£265k	90	£91	£520k	£256k
	Home & Community support	196	£87	£886k	182	£78	£757k	-£128k
Adult Mental Health	Nursing Placement	13	£682	£461k	16	£656	£518k	£56k
	Residential Placement	71	£732	£2,704k	68	£731	£2,471k	-£233k
	Supported Accomodation	137	£81	£579k	142	£95	£706k	£128k
Adult Mental Health Total		484		£4,894k	498		£4,973k	£79k
Further savings as	ssumed within forecast							-£240k

4.5 Older People (OP): August 2015

OP Total		BUDGET	`	Projected	d to the end o	f the year	Variance From Budget
Service Type	Expected No. of clients 2015/16	Budgeled Average Cost (per week)	Gross Annual Budget	Service Users	Current Average Cost (per week)	Gross Projected spend	Gross Projected spend
Residential	531	£466	£13,044k	553	£430	£13,307k	£263k
Residential Dementia	320	£533	£8,985k	324	£501	£9,084k	£99k
Nursing	319	£635	£10,570k	328	£579	£10,481k	-£89k
Respite	289	£497	£861k	326	£501	£885k	£24k
Community based							
Direct payments	356	£203	£3,862k	297	£262	£4,047k	£185k
Day Care	326	£144	£2,448k	432	£133	£2,987k	£539k
Other Care			£4,270k			£4,034k	-£236k
		per hour			per hour		
Homecare arranged	1,807	£16.12	£16,366k	1,856	£18.77	£16,302k	-£64k
Total	3,948		£60,406k	4,1 1 6		£61,127k	£721k
Further Savings Assumed	Within Fore	cast					-£680k

4.6 Older People Mental Health (OPMH): August 2015

OP Mental Health		BUDGET		Projected	d to the end o	f the year	Variance From Budget
Service Type	Budgeted No. of clients 2014/15	Budgeted Average Cost (per week)	Gross Annual Budget	Service Users	Current Average Cost (per week)	Gross Projected spend	Gross Projected spend
Residential	14	£466	2332k	31	£573	£554k	£221k
Residential Dementia	37	£533	£1,020k	23	£486	£876k	-£144k
Nursing	36	£635	£1,173k	30	£746	£869k	-£304k
Nursing Dementia	156	£680	£5,534k	150	£674	£5,941k	£407k
Respite	16	£400	£38k	8	£583	£28k	-£10k
Community based:							
Direct payments	16	£271	£226k	19	£247	£244k	£19k
Other Care			£53k			£56k	£3k
		per hour			per hour		
Homecare arranged	92	£16.08	£615k	97	£16.85	£595k	-£20k
Total	367		£8,991k	358		£9,162k	£172k
Further Savings Assumed	d Within Fore	cast					-£172k

For both Older People's (OP) Services and Older People Mental Health (OPMH):

- Respite, Day Care and Other Care have been added increasing the budget from previous reports.
- Respite care budget based on clients receiving 6 weeks care per year instead of 52.
- Residential, Residential Dementia, Nursing and Nursing Dementia budgets have been increased due to funding for Deferred Property Payments.
- Day Care OP Block places are used by OPMH clients, therefore there is no day care activity in OPMH.

We are continuing to develop this data to encompass an increasing proportion of the service's expenditure; this complicates comparisons with previous months.

Although this activity data shows current expected and actual payments made through direct payments, this in no way precludes increasing numbers of clients from converting arranged provisions into a direct payment.

5. PERFORMANCE TARGETS

Corporate Priority	Indicator	Service	What is good?	Date	Unit	Actual	Target	Status (Green, Amber, or Red)	Direction of Travel (up is good, down is bad)
	Percentage of Cambridgeshire residents aged 16 - 64 in employment	ETE	High	31/03/15	%	80.1	77.5 (2014/15 target)	Green	1
	Additional jobs created	ETE	High	30/09/13 *	Number	7,700	3,500 (2015/16 target)	N/A	1
	'Out of work' benefits claimants – narrowing the gap between the most deprived areas (top 10%) and others	ETE	Low	28/02/15	%	Top 10% = 12% Others = 5.3% **	Most deprived ≤12	Green	*
	The proportion of children in year 12 taking up a place in learning	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	92.6	96.0	Amber	↓
Developing our economy	Percentage of 16-19 year olds not in education, employment or training (NEET)	CFA	Low	31/07/15	%	3.6	3.6	Green	1
	The proportion pupils attending Cambridgeshire Primary schools judged good or outstanding by Ofsted	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	76.6	75	Green	+
	The proportion pupils attending Cambridgeshire Secondary schools judged good or outstanding by Ofsted	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	44	75	Red	+
	The proportion pupils attending Cambridgeshire Special schools judged good or outstanding by Ofsted	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	86.6	75	Green	*
Helping people live independent and healthy lives	Percentage of closed Family Worker cases demonstrating progression	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	74	80	Amber	+

Corporate Priority	Indicator	Service	What is good?	Date	Unit	Actual	Target	Status (Green, Amber, or Red)	Direction of Travel (up is good, down is bad)
	The proportion of older people (65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into re-ablement / rehabilitation services	CFA	High	2014/15	%	69.8	TBC – new definition for 15/16	TBC	TBC
	The proportion of Adult Social Care and Older People's Service users requiring no further service at end of re- ablement phase	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	55.2	57	Amber	1
	Reduced proportion of Delayed Transfers of care from hospital, per 100,000 of population (aged 18+)	CFA	Low	30/06/15	Number	507	406.3 per month (4,874.5 per year)	Red	+
	Number of ASC attributable bed-day delays per 100,000 population (aged 18+)	CFA	Low	30/06/15	Number	110	94	Red	1
	Healthy life expectancy at birth (males)	Public Health	High	2011-2013	Years	66.4	TBC (new indicator)	Green (compared with England – local value to be assessed at year end)	(compared with previous year)
	Healthy life expectancy at birth (females)	Public Health	High	2011-2013	Years	65.5	TBC (new indicator)	Amber (compared with England – local value to be assessed at year end)	(compared with previous year)

Corporate Priority	Indicator	Service	What is good?	Date	Unit	Actual	Target	Status (Green, Amber, or Red)	Direction of Travel (up is good, down is bad)
	Gap in life expectancy between the most deprived 20% of Cambridgeshire's population and the least deprived 80% (males)	Public Health	Low	2011-2013	Years	TBC	TBC (new indicator)	TBC	ТВС
	Gap in life expectancy between the most deprived 20% of Cambridgeshire's population and the least deprived 80% (females)	Public Health	Low	2011-2013	Years	TBC	TBC (new indicator)	TBC	ТВС
	Gap in life expectancy between the most deprived 20% of Cambridgeshire's population and the least deprived 80% (all persons)	Public Health	Low	2011-2013	Years	2.5	TBC (new indicator)	TBC	ТВС
	The number of looked after children per 10,000 children	CFA	Low	31/07/15	Rate per 10,000	42.8	32.8 to 38.5	Red	↓
Supporting and protecting vulnerable people	New indicator in development – strategic indicator for ASC/OP measuring whether fewer people are slipping into crisis	CFA	TBC	TBC	TBC	ТВС	TBC	TBC	ТВС
p-3-p-3	The proportion of support plans created through the common assessment framework (CAF) that were successful	CFA	High	31/07/15	%	81.7	80	Green	1
An efficient and	The percentage of all transformed transaction types to be completed online	CCC	High	01/04/15 to 30/06/15	%	76.8	75	Green	
effective organisation	The average number of days lost to sickness per full-time equivalent staff member	CCC	Low	31/08/15	Days (12 month rolling average)	6.58	7.8	Green	1

- * The data is reported annually and so the 2014 data will be available in September 2015.

 ** 'Out of work' benefits claimants narrowing the gap between the most deprived areas (top 10) and others at 6.7 percentage points the gap remains the same as last quarter, but is narrower than the baseline (in May 2014) of 7.2 percentage points.

5.2 Key exceptions are identified below.

The proportion pupils attending Cambridgeshire Secondary schools judged good or outstanding by Ofsted

The proportion of pupils attending Cambridgeshire Secondary schools judged good or outstanding by Ofsted has been adversely affected by a number of the county's largest secondary academies slipping from 'good' to 'requires improvement'. Only 14 out of 32 Secondary schools with Inspection results are judged as good or outstanding, covering 14,550 pupils. This is 44% of pupils against the target of 75%. (Source: Watchsted).

 Delayed transfers of Care: Better Care Fund (BCF) Average number of bed-day delays, per 100,000 of population per month (aged 18+)

The Cambridgeshire health and social care system is experiencing a monthly average of 2,605 bed-day delays, which is 25% above the current BCF target ceiling of 2,088. In June there were 2,600 bed-day delays, down 22 from the previous month, 512 above the monthly target.

Between July '14 and June '15 there were 35,241 bed day delays across the whole of the Cambridgeshire system - representing a 38% increase against the preceding 12 months. This situation is well documented in the media with several of our local hospital trusts having to close their A & E departments due to insufficient capacity. Many of the patients are elderly who on average have longer lengths of stay in hospital, which in turns impacts on the hospitals ability to ensure sufficient throughput. Daily conference calls are held between CCC and the hospitals to identify patients who can be discharged safely and quickly.

Across this period NHS bed-day delays have increased by 70% from 14,859 (July'13 - June'14) to 25,303 (July'14 - June'15), while bed-day delays attributed to Adult Social Care have decreased from 9,626 (July '13 - June'14) to 7,876 (July'14 - June'15), an improvement of 18%.

• Delayed transfers of Care: Average number of ASC attributable bed-day delays per 100,000 population per month (aged 18+)

Between April - June '15 there were 1,701 bed-day delays recorded attributable to Adult Social Care (ASC) in Cambridgeshire. This translates into a rate of 110.3 delays per 100,000 of 18+ population. For the same period the national rate was 97.2 delays per 100,000.

The numbers have increased due to a number of factors, one of which is the increased number ofadmissions within the Acute Trusts particularly for the over 85s who tend to require longer more complex care on discharge. In addition, there have been some challenges around the availability of domiciliary care provision particularly in hard to reach areas of the county. In addressing these issues, we are in regular contact with providers and are actively working with them to increase their staffing capacity.

Number of Looked After Children (LAC) per 10,000 population under 18

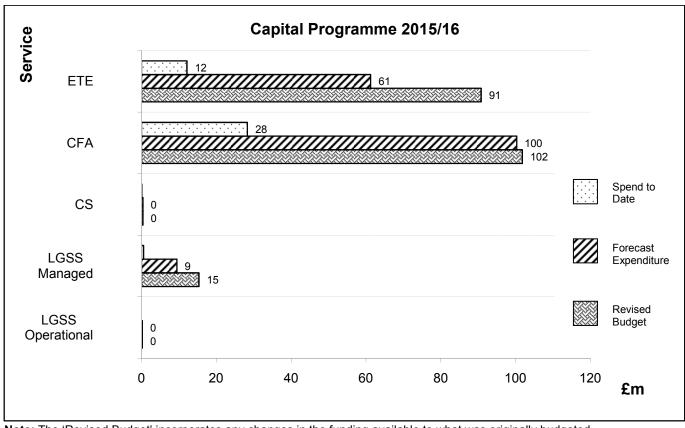
The number of LAC has increased to 563 during July. The current target has been set with an upper limit equating to 500 LAC by April 2016. The newly established Alternative to Care Service alongside robust care planning and delivery of good exit plans from care will be needed to meet this ambitious target by the end of this year. Over the next few months we expect to see an increase in the number of Adoption and Orders and Special Guardianship Orders, leading to an increase in children leaving care. There has been an increase in the number of Unaccompanied Asylum Seekers (UASC) coming to care recently contributing to the rise in numbers – 11 during July alone. Social Worker capacity is being increased to enable UASC age assessments to be completed more quickly so that those who are assessed as being over 18 will be out of care more quickly.

6. CAPITAL PROGRAMME

6.1 A summary of capital financial performance by service is shown below:

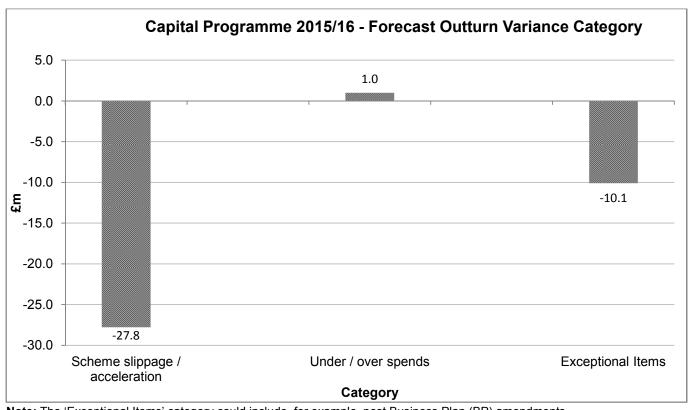
	2015/16							
Original 2015/16 Budget as per BP £000	Service	Revised Budget for 2015/16 £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Jul) £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Aug) £000	Forecast Variance - Outturn (Aug)			
102,192	ETE	90,781	-17,336	-29,549	-32.5%			
104,854	CFA	101,804	-1,099	-1,499	-1.5%			
300	Corporate Services	386	0	0	0.0%			
11,385	LGSS Managed	15,331	-830	-5,869	-38.3%			
-	LGSS Operational	209	0	0	0.0%			
218,731	Total Spending	208,511	-19,265	-36,917	-17.7%			

TOTAL S	CHEME
Total Scheme Revised Budget (Aug) £000	Total Scheme Forecast Variance (Aug) £000
521,253	0
568,938	-5,734
640	0
81,452	-6,752
600	0
1,172,883	-12,486



Note: The 'Revised Budget' incorporates any changes in the funding available to what was originally budgeted.

The following graph provides an indication of the cause for the 2015/16 capital forecast outturn variance:



Note: The 'Exceptional Items' category could include, for example, post Business Plan (BP) amendments.

- 6.2 A more detailed analysis of current year key exceptions this month by programme for individual schemes of £0.5m or greater are identified below.
- 6.2.1 **Economy, Transport and Environment:**£29.5m (-32.5%) underspend is forecast at year end.

		t III	70
•	Connecting Cambridgeshire – this scheme has now been		
	rephased and will continue into 2016/17 and 2017/18.The		
	Council has additional funding and investment from BT for a		
	further rollout phase, to be delivered between January 2016 and		
	late summer 2017, to deliver fibre broadband to more premises across Cambridgeshire and Peterborough.	-8.2	(-42%)

0/

The original project planned to complete by the end of December 2015 is on track and will deliver the planned coverage by the end of December 2015.

- King's Dyke the forecast underspend has increased by £2.3m since last month. Spend on this scheme has been delayed due to the preparation of the planning application taking longer than expected and, as such, costs will now be incurred in 2016/17.
- Archives Centre / Ely Hub this scheme is to be completed over 2 years with a larger amount of the expenditure now -1.2 (-39%) expected to take place next financial year.
- Wisbech Access Strategy this scheme is funded by Growth
 Deal funding over 2 years and expenditure will therefore match
 this funding profile.
- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 3
- 6.2.2 **Children, Families and Adults:**£1.5m (-1.5%) underspend is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
 - Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in <u>appendix 3</u>
- 6.2.3 **Corporate Services:** a balanced budget is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
- 6.2.4 **LGSS Managed:**£5.9m (-38.3%) underspend is forecast at year end.

		£m	%
•	Effective Property Asset Management (EPAM)- East Barnwell		
	Community Hub – Members have undertaken a review of this		
	scheme and have decided that it should not progress in its	-1.8	(-95%)
	current form. Work is underway to assess alternative options and		
	a decision is due later in the year regarding how the scheme		

should progress. As a consequence, an in-year underspend of £1.8m is being reported.

•	EPAM - Sawston Community Hub – ongoing discussions with		
	the District Council and Sawston Village College regarding siting	-1.0	(-79%)
	of the compound are significantly delaying the start of		,
	construction, which is now expected to commence in early 2016.		

- Optimising IT for Smarter Business Working expenditure
 has been rephased to reflect the priorities set by the County
 Council for the provision of the IT infrastructure and devices to
 support mobile working, and a revised timescale for implementation.
- IT Infrastructure Investment expenditure has been rephased to better reflect timescales for the delivery of upgrades / refresh of the core IT software and hardware systems that underpin the use of IT across the Council.

 (-41%)
- EPAM MAC Market Towns Project this scheme has been reassessed as part of the 2016/17 Business Planning process, resulting in rephasing of activity from 2015/16 to 2016/17.
- Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 3
- 6.2.5 **LGSS Operational:** a balanced budget is forecast at year end.
 - There are no exceptions to report this month.
- 6.3 A more detailed analysis of total scheme key exceptions this month by programme for individual schemes of £0.5m or greater are identified below:

Economy, Transport and Environment (ETE):a total scheme balanced budget is forecast.

There are no exceptions to report this month.

Children, Families and Adults (CFA):£5.7m (-1%) total scheme underspend is forecast.

£m %

- Primary Schools Demographic Pressures the forecast overspend has increased by £11.1m this month. This is mainly due to:
 - Wyton Primary (£8.75m) the increase is due to a change in scope to provide 3 Forms of Entry (FE) (630 places) school build: and (14%)
 - Fordham Primary (£2.57m) the increase is due to a change in scope to provide an expansion to 2 FE (420 places, previously 315 places).

These updates have been addressed through the 2016/17 Business Planning process.

As previously reported:

The following scheme costs have changed in 2016/17 since the Business Plan was approved in response to changes to development timescales and school capacity:

- Wisbech additional places £4,791k increase.
- Little Paxton £2,600k increase.
- Orchard Park £200k increase.
- Burwell £14k increase.
- Fulbourn £896k decrease.

These have been addressed through the 2016/17 Business Planning process.

- Secondary Schools Demographic Pressures the following scheme costs have changed since the Business Plan was approved:
 - 8-10 Forms of Entry (FE) additional secondary capacity to serve March & Wisbech (-£24.6m) – the reduction in costs is due to a change in scope to provide 4-5 FE (600-750 places) additional capacity; and

-19.2 (-17%)

 Cambourne Secondary 1 FE Expansion (+£5.4m) – the increase in costs is due to a change in scope to provide 2 FE (300 places) expansion.

These have been addressed through the 2016/17 Business Planning process.

 Secondary Schools - New Communities – there has been a reduction to the Cambridge City Secondary additional capacity scheme due to a change in scope from 4 Forms of Entry (FE) to 3 FE (450 places) additional capacity.

-5.2 (-5%)

This change has been addressed through the 2016/17 Business Planning process.

Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 4

Corporate Services (CS): a total scheme balanced budget is forecast.

There are no exceptions to report this month.

LGSS Managed: £6.8m (-8.3%) total scheme underspend is forecast.

Previously reported exceptions that are still applicable can be found in appendix 4

LGSS Operational: a total scheme balanced budget is forecast.

- There are no exceptions to report this month.
- 6.4 A breakdown of the changes to funding has been identified in the table below:

Funding Source	B'ness Plan Budget £m	Rolled Forward Funding ¹ £m	Revised Phasing £m	Additional/ Reduction in Funding £m	Revised Budget £m	Outturn Funding £m	Funding Variance £m
Department for Transport (DfT) Grant	38.2	4.3	-17.5	1.5	26.5	25.6	-0.9
Basic Need Grant	4.9	1.5	0.0	0.0	6.4	6.4	0.0
Capital Maintenance Grant	6.3	0.0	0.0	-1.2	5.1	5.1	0.0
Devolved Formula Capital	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	2.2	2.2	0.0
Specific Grants	11.5	6.1	0.0	1.8	19.4	13.1	-6.3
Section 106 Contributions& Community Infrastructure Levy (CIL)	35.8	-0.4	-5.8	0.0	29.6	24.8	-4.8
Capital Receipts	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	3.8	-0.7
Other Contributions	29.6	0.7	0.0	-20.7	9.6	4.3	-5.3
Prudential Borrowing	86.8	19.5	-7.1	5.9	105.1	86.2	-18.9
Total	218.7	32.8	-30.4	-12.7	208.5	171.6	-36.9

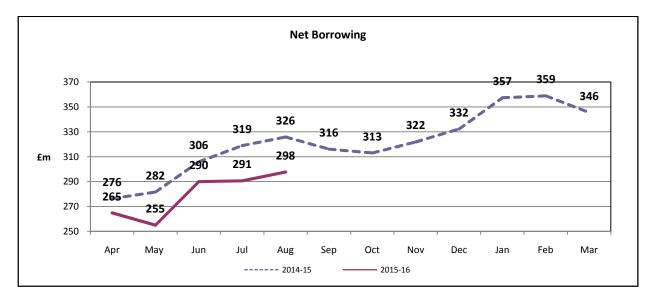
- ¹Reflects the difference between the anticipated 2014/15 year end position, as incorporated within the 2015/16 Business Plan, and the actual 2014/15 year end position.
- 6.5 Key funding changes this month (of greater than £0.5m) are identified below:
 - There are no new exceptions to report this month.
- 6.6 Previously reported key funding changes that are still applicable can be found in appendix 5.

7. BALANCE SHEET

7.1 A more detailed analysis of balance sheet health issues is included below:

Measure	Year End Target	Actual as at the end of August
Level of debt outstanding (owed to the council) – 4-6 months, £m	£0.4m	£0.6m
Level of debt outstanding (owed to the council) – >6 months, £m	£1.0m	£1.6m
Invoices paid by due date (or sooner)	97.5%	99.8%

7.2 The graph below shows net borrowing (borrowing less investments) on a month by month basis and compares the position with the previous financial year. The levels of investments at the end of August were £83.5mand gross borrowing was £381.1m, giving a net borrowing position of £297.6m.



7.3 The Treasury Management Strategy Statement (TMSS) sets out the plan for treasury management activities over the year. It identifies the expected levels of borrowing and investments based upon the Council's financial position and forecast capital programme. When the 2015/16 TMSS was set in February 2015, it was anticipated that net borrowing

would reach £453m at the end of this financial year. This has now fallen to £419m. Net borrowing at the beginning of this year was lower than expected and the position at the 31st March 2015 was £346m.

- 7.4 From a strategic perspective, the Council is currently reviewing options as to the timing of any potential borrowing and also the alternative approaches around further utilising cash balances and undertaking shorter term borrowing, which could potentially generate savings subject to an assessment of the interest rate risks involved.
- 7.5 Although there is link between the capital programme, net borrowing and the revenue budget, the Debt Charges budget is impacted by the timing of long term borrowing decisions. These decisions are made in the context of other factors including, interest rate forecasts, forecast levels of cash reserves and the borrowing requirement for the Council over the life of the Business Plan and beyond.
- 7.6 The Council's cash flow profile varies considerably during the year as payrolls and payment to suppliers are made, and grants and income are received. Cash flow at the beginning of the year is typically stronger than at the end of the year as many grants are received in advance.
- 7.7 Key exceptions are identified below:

Key exceptions	Impacts and actions
Less borrowing activity than planned –original net borrowing forecast was £453m. Actual net borrowing at 31 st August was £298m.	An underspend of £1.320m is forecast for Debt Charges. This is largely as a result of favourable variances for MRP (Minimum Revenue Provision) and Interest Payable. The initial estimate for MRP has been revised down following year end, however, there may be some additional small movement once the charge has been finalised. A favourable variance for interest payable has been included on the assumption that the Council will experience significant slippage in the capital programme, as it has done in past years so that borrowing is deferred until next year. There is also a small positive variance for interest that is recharged internally.
	The capital programme continues to be monitored closely alongside forecasts for cash balances and interest rates and pragmatic approach to borrowing is adopted.

7.8 A schedule of the Council's reserves and provisions can be found in appendix 6.

8. EXTERNAL AND CONTEXTUAL ISSUES

8.1 The 2016/17 Business Planning process is well underway, with Service Committees having reviewed the draft capital proposals at their meetings in September.

Services are currently working through their revenue position, developing proposals to achieve the required savings target, which are due to be reviewed by Service Committees in November.

9. FURTHER INFORMATION

9.1 Members requiring further information on issues raised in this report may wish to access the individual Services' Finance and Performance Reports by following the link below:

http://www.cambridgeshire.gov.uk/info/20043/finance_and_budget/147/finance_and_performance_reports

10. ALIGNMENT WITH CORPORATE PRIORITIES

10.1 Developing the local economy for the benefit of all

There are no significant implications for this priority.

10.2 Helping people live healthy and independent lives

There are no significant implications for this priority.

10.3 Supporting and protecting vulnerable people

There are no significant implications for this priority.

11. SIGNIFICANT IMPLICATIONS

11.1 Resource Implications

This report provides the latest resources and performance information for the Council and so has a direct impact.

11.2 Statutory, Risk and Legal Implications

There are no significant implications within this category.

11.3 Equality and Diversity Implications

There are no significant implications within this category.

11.4 Engagement and Consultation Implications

No public engagement or consultation is required for the purpose of this report.

11.5 Localism and Local Member Involvement

There are no significant implications within this category.

11.6 **Public Health Implications**

There are no significant implications within this category.

Source Documents	Location
ETE Finance & Performance Report (August 15)	
CFA Finance & Performance Report (August 15)	
PH Finance & Performance Report (August 15)	1 st Floor,
CS and LGSS Cambridge Office Finance & Performance Report (August 15)	Octagon,
Performance Management Report & Corporate Scorecard (August 15)	Shire Hall,
Capital Monitoring Report (August 15)	Cambridge
Report on Debt Outstanding (August 15)	
Payment Performance Report (August 15)	

APPENDIX 1 – transfers between Service		Public		CS	Corporate	LGSS	LGSS	Financing
	CFA	Health	ETE	Financing	Services	Managed	Operational	Items
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening Cash Limits as per Business Plan	244,270	0	63,308	35,460	5,672	9,145	9,864	2,165
Green Spaces budget from CS to ETE			11		-11			
Scrutiny Members Training budget to Members Allowances 15/16						15	-15	
City Deal budget from ETE to LGSS Managed			-717			717		
ETE Operational Savings – LEP subscription			50					-50
Green Spaces staff budget from CS to ETE			43		-43			
Travellers Support budget from CS to ETE			51		-51			
Allocation of Supporting Disadvantaged Children in Early Years Grant and SEND Preparation for Employment Grant to CFA	63							-63
Microsoft Support Extension - Windows 2003						33		-33
Reablement to LGSS Operational	-34						34	
Mobile Phone Centralisation	-286		-55		-3	372	-28	
Reversal of Mobile Phone Centralisation for pooled budgets in 2015/16	17					-17		
CS Operational Savings – various					602			-602
Property budget for 9 Fern Court from CFA to LGSS Mgd.	-7					7		
Allocation of Staying Put Implementation Grant to CFA (Qtr 1)	27							-27
City Deal funding 2015/16						200		-200
Current budget	244,050	0	62,691	35,460	6,166	10,471	9,856	1,189
Rounding	-	-	-	-	-	-1	1	-1

APPENDIX 2 – previously reported revenue exceptions that are still applicable

Park & Ride – a predicted shortfall in income in the region of £560k is expected for parking fees at the Park & Ride sites based on income levels achieved in the first four months of this year. This overspend will be partially covered by increased income from bus lane enforcement, which is expected to be in the region of £300k. Adult Social Care (ASC) Directorate – this directorate is reporting a forecast underspend of £18k, which is an increase of £10k from last month. - Strategic Management – Care Act funding reforms scheduled for April 2016 have been delayed until 2020. Assessment of people funding their owncare and the technical preparations for recording their carespending will now not need to take place this financial year. The Council had taken a cautious approach to making spending commitments in these areas pending further announcements and will be able to avoid expenditure totalling £873k. The assumption has been made that the additional funding already announced by government will continue to be received by the Council this financial year. There has been national recognition that the social care system is under significant strain as part of the announcement and the funding will instead be used to offset significant ternand pressures for existing social care services, particularly in the Learning Disability Partnership. However, there is now greater uncertainty about the extent to which this part of the Care Act funding will continue in future years. In addition there has been a delay in being able to secure appropriate staff to manage the increased demand for processing MCA/DOLS cases, as all local authorities seek to respond to changes in case law and recruit from a limited pool of best interest assessors and other suitable practitioners. This leads to a further anticipated underspend that will also help to offset the pressures.	Service	Description	Current Forecast Variance - Outturn £m	Current Forecast Variance - Outturn %
which is an increase of £10k from last month. - Strategic Management – Care Act funding reforms scheduled for April 2016 have been delayed until 2020. Assessment of people funding their owncare and the technical preparations for recording their carespending will now not need to take place this financial year. The Council had taken a cautious approach to making spending commitments in these areas pending further announcements and will be able to avoid expenditure totalling £873k. The assumption has been made that the additional funding already announced by government will continue to be received by the Council this financial year. There has been national recognition that the social care system is under significant strain as part of the announcement and the funding will instead be used to offset significant demand pressures for existing social care services, particularly in the Learning Disability Partnership. However, there is now greater uncertainty about the extent to which this part of the Care Act funding will continue in future years. In addition there has been a delay in being able to secure appropriate staff to manage the increased demand for processing MCA/DOLS cases, as all local authorities seek to respond to changes in case law and recruit from a limited pool of best interest assessors and other suitable practitioners. This leads to a further anticipated underspend that will also help to offset the	ETE	Park & Ride sites based on income levels achieved in the first four months of this year. This overspend will be partially covered by increased income from bus lane enforcement, which is	+0.260	(154%)
- Learning Disability Services – a £2.6m overspend is forecast, which is a decrease of £57k +2.564 (4%)	CFA	which is an increase of £10k from last month. - Strategic Management – Care Act funding reforms scheduled for April 2016 have been delayed until 2020. Assessment of people funding their owncare and the technical preparations for recording their carespending will now not need to take place this financial year. The Council had taken a cautious approach to making spending commitments in these areas pending further announcements and will be able to avoid expenditure totalling £873k. The assumption has been made that the additional funding already announced by government will continue to be received by the Council this financial year. There has been national recognition that the social care system is under significant strain as part of the announcement and the funding will instead be used to offset significant demand pressures for existing social care services, particularly in the Learning Disability Partnership. However, there is now greater uncertainty about the extent to which this part of the Care Act funding will continue in future years. In addition there has been a delay in being able to secure appropriate staff to manage the increased demand for processing MCA/DOLS cases, as all local authorities seek to respond to changes in case law and recruit from a limited pool of best interest assessors and other suitable practitioners. This leads to a further anticipated underspend that will also help to offset the pressures.		

	from last month. This movement is principally the result of reductions from reviewing packages of care. At the end of August there continued to be ongoing pressure from known commitments totalling £3.6m. These commitments include full year impact of people requiring new or increased services in 2015/16 and young people who will turn 18 during this financial year. Savings planned for the remainder of the year through increased use of assistive technology, reviewing expenditure on leisure activities, shared accommodation services and implementing the transport policy is expected to total £400k. This gives a forecast outturn of £3,200k. Of this, £2,560k relates to the County Council after the pooled budget risk share with the NHS is taken into account. - Physical Disability Services – a forecast underspend of £452k is being reported, which is a decrease of £84k from last month due to updated forecasts for income. In the main the underspend expectation is due to contract funding no longer required under the Head of Service budget and expected clawback on direct payments paid to people with a Physical Disability. Service demand across all Disability Services is being managed through increasing people's independence and use of community resources.	-0.452	(-3%)
of	Pider People & Adult Mental Health Directorate – this directorate is reporting a forecast underspend of £693k, which is an increase of £6k from last month. The main reason for the reported underspend is ue to: - Integrated Community Equipment Service – a forecast underspend of £473k is reported, which is a decrease of £3k from last month. The underspend largely arises from the intention to charge an additional £400k of equipment spend to the capital budget.	-0.473	(-59%)

Children's Social Care Directorate – this directorate is reporting a forecast overspend of £1.6m, which is unchanged from last month. The overspend is due to:		
 Strategic Management, Children's Social Care Access and Children in Need – a cumulative forecast overspend of £1.1m is being reported. The overspend is due to the continuing need to use agency staff, which is placing pressure on staffing budgets and making the vacancy saving target difficult to deliver. 	+1.100	(10%)
 Head of Social Work – a £525k overspend is forecast due to an increase in the number of adoption / special guardianship orders. The increase in Adoption/Special Guardianship/Child Arrangement orders are, however, a reflection of the good practice in making permanency plans for children outside of the looked after system. 	+0.525	(12%)
The overspend is mostly attributable to demographic pressures. Previously no demography has been allocated to reflect the rise in numbers. This pressure is now being taken forward as part of the 2016/17 Business Planning process.		
Learning Directorate — this directorate is reporting a forecast overspend of £1.0m, which is unchanged from last month. The overspend is mainly due to:		
- Home to School/College Transport - Mainstream – the forecast outturn position takes account of the following, all of which came into effect on 1 September 2015:	+0.930	(10%)
Changes to the post-16 transport policy including the introduction of a subsidised rate for new students living in low-income households who would previously have been entitled to free transport;		
 Implementation of a £10 per term increase in the cost of purchasing a spare seat on a contact service and for post-16 students who do not meet low income criteria; and Award of contracts following re-tendering. 		
In addition, new transport arrangements will need to be put in place during the course of the new academic year as a result of families moving into and within Cambridgeshire in cases where the local schools are full. This is the main reason for the current in-year pressure. Work is being undertaken to ensure more accurate forecasts of growth are incorporated into the demographic increase within the commitment with effect from 2016/17 onwards.		

Public Health	Public Health Grant – the consultation for the 2015/16 in year savings closed 28 August 2015. The Department of Health's preferred option is to reduce the allocation to all Local Authorities by a standard flat rate percentage. The effect of this option on Cambridgeshire County Council would be a reduction of £1,613k to be met through reserves and in-year savings.	-	-
CS	N/A	-	-
LGSS Managed	County Offices – County Offices is forecasting an overspend of £760k, which is adecrease of £207k from last month. Under the agreement to lease Castle Court, the 50% rental period is due to commence on 31stOctober 2015, subject to planning permission being granted. Should this be forthcoming, additional income of £281k will be generated in 2015/16, and this has now been reflected in the forecast outturn position. As previously reported, the pressure resulting from Children's Centre business rates received to date and an assessment of the potential liability for Children's Centres where bills have not yet been received is forecast to be in the region of £616k. Of this amount, £471k is the estimated liability for prior years billing and £145k relates to the estimated annual cost for 2015/16 onwards. The position will continue to be monitored and forecast outturn updated accordingly when / if further business rates bills are received. Full-year savings have now been realised in respect of the closure of Dryden House (£203k) and the cessation of Castle Court running costs (£347k). The prior-year savings target for a reduction of the property portfolio has therefore been fully achieved and progress is being made towards the new 2015/16 target (£400k), with a balance of £379k to be identified. In addition, there are a number of small budgetary pressures across the portfolio, amounting to £88k. These have been partially offset by a £42k reduction in the anticipated cost of Dryden House dilapidations.	+0.760	(14%)

CS Financing	Debt Charges – the underspend is largely as a result if favourable variances for MRP (Minimum Revenue Provision) and Interest Payable. The initial estimate for MRP has been revised down following year end, however, there may be some additional small movement once the charge has been finalised. A favourable variance for interest payable has been included on the assumption that the Council will experience significant slippage in the capital programme, as it has done in past years, so that borrowing is deferred until next year. There is also a small positive variance for interest that is recharged internally. The capital programme continues to be monitored closely alongside forecasts for cash balances and interest rates and a pragmatic approach to borrowing is adopted.	-1.320	(-3.7%)
Financing Items	Education Services Grant (ESG) – the ESG is an unringfenced grant, which is allocated to local authorities and academies on a per-pupil basis that takes account of school type (mainstream / high needs) and status (academy / maintained). Funding will therefore reduce for local authorities if a school converts to an academy. Based on the expected number of academy conversions during 2015/16 a figure of £4,735,117 was budgeted for the ESG during the Business Planning (BP) process. Recent conversions and projections for the rest of the year indicate academy conversions at a slower rate than originally expected, resulting in an increased total ESG funding of c.£5,000,000 for 2015/16, an additional amount of c.£265,000. It is proposed that his additional income will be transferred to corporate reserves at year end, subject to General Purposes Committee (GPC) approval. However, an update to the current reported position will be provided if this projection changes.	-0.265	(-6%)
LGSS Operational	N/A	-	-

APPENDIX 3 – previously reported capital exceptions that are still applicable

Service	Description	Total Forecast Variance - Outturn £m	Total Forecast Variance - Outturn %
	Ely Crossing – the scheme is forecast for delivery in Autumn 2017. The procurement process and land acquisition needs are underway. A small delay is reported within the procurement process because of changes within the procurement regulations and limited consultancy support with preparations for detail design and contract build. A clear procurement timeline is now established for an autumn substantial delivery.		(-70%)
	Cycling Schemes – the total budgeted grant for Cycle City Ambition schemes are shown within the report. Future updates will be provided on a forecast basis as spend in year 1: 2015/16 are for early stage feasibility and options. Major Schemes such as Abbey Chesterton Bridge are profiled for completion in 2018/19 with substantial spend on Trumpington Road, A10 Harston Rd along with Foxton Link and Quy to Lode in 2016/17. The forecast has now been revised to reflect the forecast delivery timescale and to take into account early stages of design, feasibility and consultation in year one of the programme.	-2.9	(-46%)
ETE	Huntingdon - West of Town Centre Link Road – spend is expected to be lower than budgeted this year due to outstanding land deals. Until these land deals are completed it is too early to know if the overall scheme will be underspent.	-2.1	(-63%)
	Delivering the Transport Strategy Aims – S106 developer contributions towards cycling schemes are in the early stages of feasibility and design reducing spend requirements in year 2015/16. Scheme forecasts are indicating completion in 2016/17. Options also exist to merge priorities with City Deal Projects to maximise resources and minimise delays in programme delivery. Land acquisition, feasibility studies are underway for Bar Hill to Longstanton, Yaxley to Farcet and the link to Babraham research campus and will result in scheme delivery moving into 2016/17. Integrated Transport cycling funded schemes including, St Neots route 4 and St Neots route 7 are nearing	-1.7	(-37%)

	Guided Busway – the forecast variance on this scheme relates to retention payments which are unlikely to be paid this year.	-0.7	(-20%
	Waste Infrastructure – this is mainly due to an amended approach to the delivery of a replacement householder recycling facility in the Cambridge area. This budget will now be spent over a number of years.	-0.5	(-79%
	Temporary Accommodation – it had been anticipated at Business Planning that the current stock of mobiles would prove sufficient to meet September 2015 demand. Unfortunately, it has proved necessary to purchase additional mobiles due to rising rolls at primary schools around the county.	+1.0	(200%
	Condition, Maintenance and Suitability – this is due to Castle and Highfields Special School projects continuing from 2014/15 due to delays on site, together with significantly higher than anticipated tender prices for kitchen ventilation works required to meet health and safety standards.	+0.7	(20%
	Children Support Services – significant slippage (£2,323k) has occurred on the Trinity School scheme due to delays in finalising the acquisition of the property from Huntingdonshire Regional College. As a result, the start on site date has now slipped to October 2015. Further slippage (£50k) this month is due to costs being reduced through value engineering.	-2.4	(-52%
CFA	 Primary School – Demographic Pressures – a number of schemes have experienced cost movements (slippage and acceleration) since the Business Plan was approved. Schemes which have been accelerated due to programme schedules being ahead of anticipated plans are: Little Paxton (£29k); and Grove Primary (£100k) Schemes that have encountered slippage in 2015/16 include: Fordham (£201k) where original phasing is not being achieved as a result of the decision to undertake a review of possible alternative options to meet in-catchment need; start on site now anticipated March 2016; Fulbourn (£102k) due to overall scheme revision which will see phase 2 works identified as a separate scheme in the 2016/17 Business Plan; 	-1.1	(-3%)
	 Orchard Park (£365k) due to anticipated timescales not being achieved. It is expected only design costs will be incurred in 2015/16; 		

	 Fourfields (£200k) where slippage from the original programme has occurred and the start on site is now anticipated in February 2016; and Burwell Primary (£350k) following slight revision to enabling works timetable, which has slipped by one month to February 2016. 		
LGSS Managed	Effective Property Asset Management (EPAM) - County Farms Viability – the level of funding required for this scheme has been reassessed for Business Planning and it has been determined that it can be reduced by £0.5m per year to better reflect actual activity with tenant farmers more cautious due to the unsettled global market. This will also result in a total scheme underspend (see appendix 4) and the scheme budget will be adjusted as part of the 2016/17 Business Planning process.	-0.5	(-42%)

APPENDIX 4 – previously reported total scheme capital exceptions that are still applicable

Service	Description	Total Forecast Variance - Outturn £m	Total Forecast Variance - Outturn %
CFA	Condition, Maintenance and Suitability – this is due to Castle and Highfields Special School projects continuing from 2014/15 due to delays on site, together with significantly higher than anticipated tender prices for kitchen ventilation works required to meet health and safety standards. This will be addressed as part of the 2016/17 Business Planning process.	+0.7	(1%)
LGSS	Effective Property Asset Management (EPAM) - County Farms Viability — the level of funding required for this scheme has been reassessed for Business Planning and it has been determined that it can be reduced by £0.5m per year to better reflect actual activity with tenant farmers more cautious due to the unsettled global market. This will result in a total scheme underspend of £2.4m and the scheme budget will be adjusted as part of the 2016/17 Business Planning process.	-2.4	(-48%)
Managed	EPAM - Fenland – as reported in 2014/15, a reduction in the estimated cost of final retention payments for the Awdry House site has increased the predicted total scheme underspend to £1.1m.	-1.1	(-17%)
	Carbon Reduction – the works planned under the Carbon Reduction scheme were reviewed in 2014/15 and a new schedule was agreed. As reported in 2014/15, the agreed work plan is expected to deliver a total scheme underspend of £0.7m.	-0.7	(-39%)

APPENDIX 5 – previously reported key capital funding changes that are still applicable

Funding	Service	Amount (£m)	Reason for Change
Rolled Forward Funding	All Services	+32.8	This reflects slippage or rephasing of the 2014/15 capital programme – as reported in May 15 (£31.9m) and approved by the General Purposes Committee (GPC) on 28th July 2015, with a further £1.0m reported last month and approved by the GPC on 15th September.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Other Contributions)	ETE	-20.0	Removal of Science Park Station – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Specific Grant)	ETE	+1.0	Growth Deal Funding relating to Wisbech Access Strategy – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (DfT Grant)	ETE	+1.5	Cycling City Ambition grant – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Revised Phasing (Section 106 & CIL)	ETE	-3.6	Guided Busway – as reported last month.
Revised Phasing (Prudential Borrowing)	ETE	+3.6	Guided Busway – as reported last month and approved by the GPC on 15th September 2015.
Revised Phasing (DfT Grant)	ETE	-17.5	City Deal – as reported last month and approved by the GPC on 15th September 2015.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Capital Maintenance)	CFA	-1.2	Condition, Suitability and Maintenance funding reduction – as reported in May 15.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Prudential Borrowing)	CFA	+1.2	Prudential Borrowing required to offset the shortfall in funding from the DfE RE: Condition, Suitability and Maintenance (note above) – as in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.

Revised Phasing (Section 106)	CFA	-5.8	Rephasing (mainly North West Cambridge (NIAB) Primary) – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Revised Phasing (Prudential Borrowing)	CFA	-7.1	Rephasing (various schemes) – as in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Prudential Borrowing)	CFA	+3.2	New Schemes (various) – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.
Additional / Reduction in Funding (Prudential Borrowing)	CFA	+1.5	Increase in costs (various schemes) – as reported in May 15 and approved by the GPC on 28th July 2015.

APPENDIX 6– Reserves and Provisions

	Balance at	201	5-16	Forecast	
Fund Description	04.54	Movements in 2015-16	Balance at 31Aug 15	Balance at 31 March 2016	Notes
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s	
General Reserves					
- County Fund Balance	16,001	25	16,026	17,537	
- Services					Includes Service Forecast Outturn
1 CFA	0	0	0	-1,795	Includes Service Forecast Outturn (FO) position.
2 PH	952	0	952	0	
3 ETE	3,369	-552	2,817	0	Includes Service FO position.
4 CS	1,020	-603	417	562	Includes Service FO position.
5 LGSS Operational	1,003		1,003		Includes Service FO position.
Subtotal	22,345	-1,130	21,215	16,604	
<u>Earmarked</u>					
- Specific Reserves				•	
6 Insurance	2,578	0	2,578	2,578	
Subtotal	2,578	0	2,578	2,578	
Equipment Reserves					
7 CFA	744	159	903	254	
8 ETE	893		893	650	
9 CS	50		50		
10 LGSS Managed	642		642		
Subtotal	2,329		2,488		
Other Earmarked Funds	2,029	100	2,700	1,121	
	7.500	500	7.007	0.444	
11 CFA	7,533		7,027	1	
12 PH	2,081	-61	2,020	1,300	
13 ETE	7,404	-46	7,358	4,251	Includes liquidated damages in respect of the Guided Busway.
14 CS	527	-55	472	368	
15 LGSS Managed	198	_	198	233	
16 LGSS Operational	130		130	0	
17 Corporate	63				
Subtotal	17,936	-731	17,205	8,566	
SUB TOTAL	45,187	-1,702	43,486	28,869	
Capital Reserves					
- Services					
18 CFA	6,272	7,233	13,505	1,903	
19 ETE	15,897	-	-		
20 LGSS Managed	481		-		
21 Corporate	33,547		43,054		Section 106 balances.
SUB TOTAL	56,197				
	23,.31			,. 1 -	
GRAND TOTAL	101,384	46,475	147,859	81,581	
				·	

In addition to the above reserves, specific provisions have been made that set aside sums to meet both current and long term liabilities that are likely or certain to be incurred, but where the amount or timing of the payments are not known. These are:

	Balance at	2015-16		Forecast Balance at		
Description	31 March 2015	Movements in 2015-16		31 March 2016	Notes	
	£000s	£000s	£000s	£000s		
Short Term Provisions						
ETE	669	0	669	0		
CS	1,043	-43	1,000	955		
LGSS Managed	3,316	0	3,316	2,335		
subtotal	5,028	-43	4,985	3,290		
Long Term Provisions						
LGSS Managed	4,718	0	4,718	4,718		
subtotal	4,718	0	4,718	4,718		
GRAND TOTAL	9,746	-43	9,703	8,008		