Produced on: 25 November 2019



Corporate Performance Report

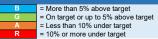
Quarter 2

2018/19 financial year

Economy and Environment Committee

Business Intelligence
Cambridgeshire County Council
business.intelligence@cambridgeshire.gov.uk





Directorate

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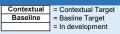
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RAG Rating

Contextual

Contextual

Contextual

Contextual

Contextual

Economy and Environment

Indicator 24:Percentage of premises in Cambridgeshire with access to at least superfast broadband
Indicator 25: Percentage of take-up in the intervention area as part of the superfast broadband rollout programme
Indicator 30: Local bus passenger journeys originating in the authority area
Indicator 31: The percentage of County Matter planning applications determined within 13 weeks or within a longer time period if agreed with the applicant
Indicator 32: Growth in cycling from a 2004/05 average baseline
Indicator 34: The average journey time per mile during the morning peak on the most congested routes
Indicator 144: Average journey time per mile during afternoon peak
Indicator 145: Traffic entering and leaving Cambridge - motor vehicle total counts at Cambridge Radial Cordon
Indicator 146: Changes in traffic flows within Cambridge – motor vehicle total counts at River Cam screenline
Indicator 147: Changes in traffic flows entering Market Towns – motor vehicle counts for market towns in Cambridgeshire
Indicator 180:Percentage of Freedom of Information requests answered within 20 days
Indicator 181: Percentage of complaints responded to within 10 days

Thriving places for people to live A good quality of life for everyone Thriving places for people to live Thriving places for people to live

Thriving places for people to live

Outcome Area



Percentage of addresses with Superfast broadband availability across Cambridgeshire and Peterborough - This metric shows the percentage of addresses which are within the coverage area of superfast (greater thatn 24mbps) broadband networks. It has been produced by Think Broadband which is a nationally recognised source of digital infrastructure statistics.

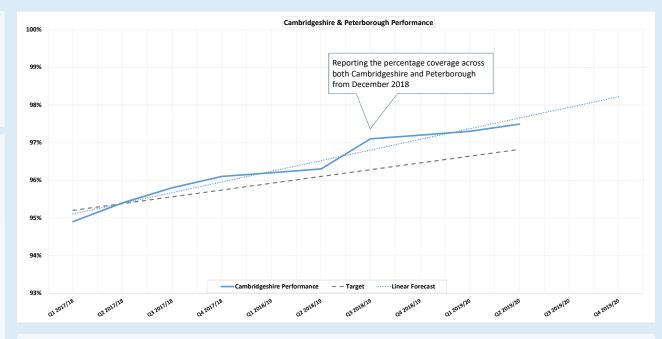
There is an interim target of 97% by end of 2019 and then 99% by 2020.

Source name: Think Broadband

Collection name: Local Broadband Information

Polarity: High is good

This is no statistical neighbour data.



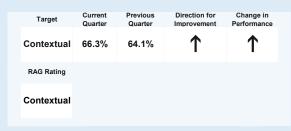
Commentary

The percentage of premises in Cambridgeshire with access to at least superfast broadband continues to increase.

97.49% premises had access at the end of quarter 2 2019/20 and continues to be above the target for this quarter (96.82%) and above the interim target of 97% by end of 2019.

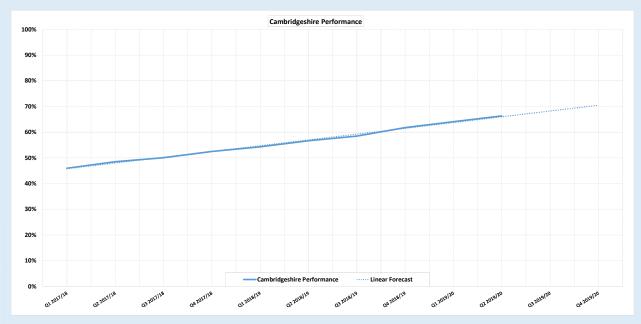
Please note the following changes in the indicator:

- The targets and quarterly figures are now for both Cambridgeshire and Peterborough.
- Quarterly targets have been calculated based on the interim target for end of 2019 and going forward will be based on the overall target to reach over 99% coverage countywide by the end of 2020.



Access to broadband is a key enabler of economic growth.

This is a local contextual indicator and therefore there are no statistical neighbour or England comparator data.



Commentary

The percentage of take-up as part of the superfast broadband rollout programme continues to increase.

The percentage of take-up has increased to 66.32% at the end of quarter 2 2019/20. This is a contextual indicator and as such there is no target.



Bus patronage is a key outcome of the partnerships between local authorities and bus operators, which together play an important role in delivering better local transport services and are supported by approximately £2.5bn of public funding per year.

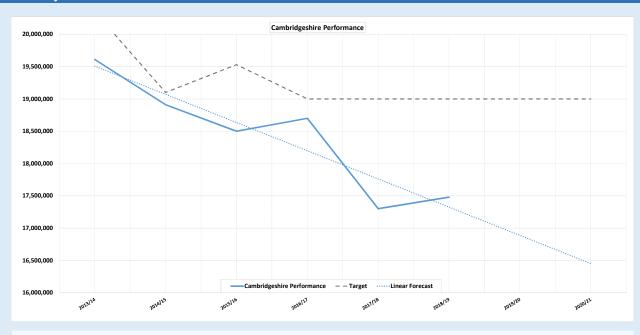
This indicator measures the total number of local bus passenger journeys originating in the authority area in a given year. Local bus services are defined for the purposes of this indicator as those using one or more public service vehicles for the carriage of passengers by road at separate fares where the stopping places, or journey length, are less than 15 miles (24 kilometres) apart.

We no longer report this information to DfT. It used to be national indicator NI 177, but this is no longer required.

Useful Links

LG Inform:

https://lginform.local.gov.uk/



Commentary

There were 17.48 million bus passenger journeys originating in Cambridgeshire in 2018-19. This represents an increase of 1.1 % from 2017-18, but a decrease of 6.6% from 2016-17; this general pattern of a fall in journeys can be attributed to a cut in bus services in the county and also a general pattern nationally of people using public transport less. The slight increase from 2017-18 may be due to the removal of parking charges for passengers using the park and ride services.

As this is an annual indicator there has been no change in the data since the last performance report presented to the committee.

Key measure of operational flow in determining planning application

The measure to be used is the percentage of decisions on applications made:

- a. within the statutory determination period; or
- b. within such extended period as has been agreed in writing between the applicant and the local planning authority;

We collect the data monthly and report quarterly.

The Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government collect data recorded for major development in Live Tables P151a and 151b. The assessment period for their measure is the two years up to and including the most recent quarter for which data on planning application decisions are available at the time of designation. For example, a two year assessment period between October 2016 and September 2018 will be used for designation decisions in Quarter 1 2019. The average percentage figure for the assessment period as a whole is used.

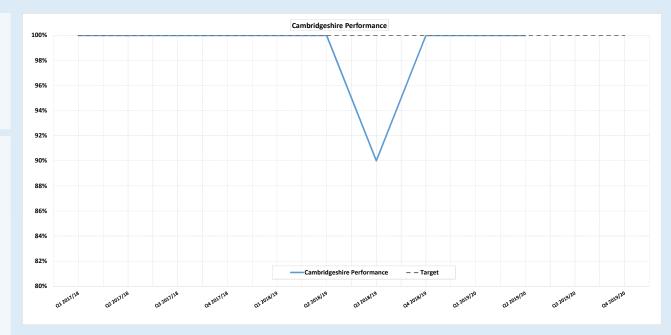
Useful Links

Improving planning performance

Criteria for designation (revised 2018)

Presented to Parliament pursuant to section 62B of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/760040/lmproving_planning_performance.pdf



Commentary

If a Local Planning Authority (LPA) consistently fails to determine planning applications within the statutory timescales, without agreeing to an extension of time, then the Secretary of State can designate the LPA as underperforming and as a result applicants have the option of submitting their applications to the Planning Inspectorate for determination.

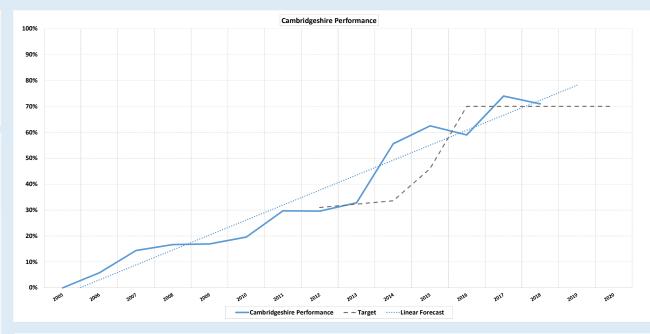
If the LPA is designated as under performing then they will be expected to prepare an action plan to address areas of weakness contributing to under performance and therefore the percentage of applications that are determined within the agreed timescales is a Key Performance Indicator for the County Planning, Minerals and Waste team.



Strategic level measure of cycling increase.

This measure changes from baseline rather than showing what proportion of the population cycle.

The source of this information is annual traffic surveys that are done at key points across the whole county. Further to the query from the Vice Chairman at the November 2018 meeting these will be recorded as actuals rather than percentages.



Commentary

Overall growth from the 2004-05 average baseline is 71%, which is better than the Council's target. There was a 2% decrease in cycle trips in 2018 compared with 2017.

Cycling growth is measured by the overall increase across a number of automatic and manual count points located throughout Cambridgeshire, giving a large, robust sample.

In 2004/05 there were approximately 40,000 cycle journeys measured in the sample. In 2018 there were approximately 69,000 cycle journeys measured in the sample, yielding a growth of 71% overall.

As this is an annual indicator there has been no change in the data since the last performance report presented to the committee.

Commentary

Useful Links

At 4.45 minutes per mile, the latest figure for the average morning peak journey time per mile on key routes into urban areas in Cambridgeshire is better than the previous year's figure of 4.52 minutes.

The figure for Cambridge city is 5.29 minutes compared to the previous year's figure of 5.44 minutes.

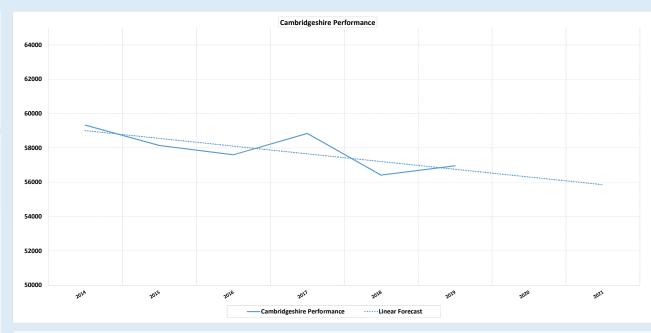
The target for 2017/18 is to reduce this to 4 minutes per mile.



Strategic level measure of key transport mode.

The River Cam screenline is based on 1 day for the motor vehicles and an avergae across 2 days for the cycles and pedestrians. Data is collected in May.





Commentary

The number of motor vehicles crossing the River Cam bridges within Cambridge per 12-hour day (7am to 7pm) was 56,415. This is a decrease of 4% compared with 2017 and a decrease of 11% compared with 10 years ago.

As this is an annual indicator there has been no change in the data since the last performance report presented to the committee.

Indicator 180: Percentage of Freedom of Information requests answered within 20 days

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November 2019

Target	Current Quarter	Previous Quarter	Direction for Improvement	Change in Performance
90%	89.7%	81.5%	↑	1
RAG Rating				
A				

Indicator Description

Proportions of FOI requests received each month that have been answered within 20 days.

Anyone has a right to request information from a public authority. The council has two separate duties when responding to these requests:

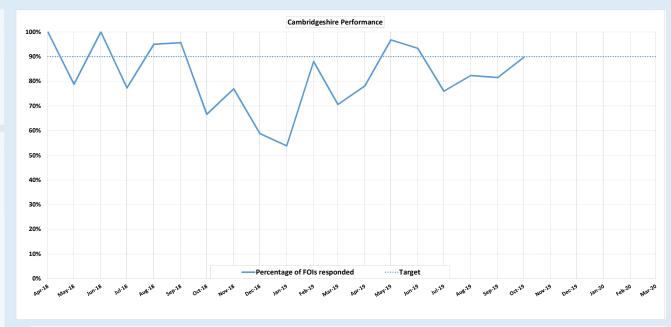
to tell the applicant whether the Council holds any information falling within the scope of their request;

and to provide that information

The Council normally has 20 working days to respond to a request.

For a request to be valid under the Freedom of Information Act it must be in writing, but requesters do not have to mention the Act or direct their request to a designated member of staff. Any letter or email to a public authority asking for information is a request for recorded information under the Act.





Commentary

A total of 27 Freedom of Information Requests were received during September 2019. 22 of these were responded to within the 20 working day deadline. In May and June 2019 the Service was above target, but during the second quarter months July, August and September the response rates to FOIs have been below the 90% target