	Key Red CCC is worse - Amber CCC is the same - Green CCC is better									
	Adult Social Care Outcomes Framework results 2021/22	Data Type	Polarity	camorugesme 2021-22 (DRAFT)	Cambridgeshire 2020-21	Cambridgeshire 2019-20	Eastern Region 2021/22	CIPFA Comparator group CCC 2021/22	England 2021/22	21/22 CCC rank
1A	Social care-related quality of life score (Score out of 24)	%	Good to be high	19.0		19.4	18.9	19	18.9	57
1B	The proportion of people who use services who have control over their daily life	%	Good to be high	80.3		80.6	77.3	77.8	76.9	33
1C(1A)	The proportion of people who use services who receive self-directed support	%	Good to be high	100.0	100.0	100.0	93.3	88.5	94.5	1
1C(1B)	The proportion of carers who receive self-directed support	%	Good to be high	100.0	100.0	100.0	94.7	88.8	89.3	1
1C(2A)	The proportion of people who use services who receive direct payments	%	Good to be high	21.3	21.1	23.0	25.5	25.6	26.7	106
1C(2B)	The proportion of carers who receive direct payments	%	Good to be high	97.1	100.0	100.0	71.2	85.7	77.6	86
1D	Carer-reported quality of life score (Score out of 12)	%	Good to be high	7.2			7.3	na	7.3	62
1E	The proportion of adults with a learning disability in paid employment	%	Good to be high	3.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	4.9	4.8	106
1F	The proportion of adults in contact with secondary mental health services in paid employment	%	Good to be high	7.0	9.0	12.0	11	9.5	6	49
1G	The proportion of adults with a learning disability who live in their own home or with their family	%	Good to be high	88.4	87.1	85.4	73.3	72.9	78.8	28
1H	The proportion of adults in contact with secondary mental health services living independently, with or without support	%	Good to be high	21.0	63.0	75.0	39	30.6	26	88
11(1)	The proportion of people who use services who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like	%	Good to be high	41.7		46.9	39.6	41.2	40.6	55
11(2)	The proportion of carers who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like	%	Good to be high	27.6			27.3	na	28	66
2A(1)	Long-term support needs of younger adults (aged 18-64) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Rate per 100k	Good to be low	8.2	5.6	6.4	11.9	11.4	13.9	31
2A(2)	Long-term support needs of older adults (aged 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes, per 100,000 population	Rate per 100k	Good to be low	602.4	307.1	494.1	467.9	497.8	538.5	98
2B(1)	The proportion of older people (aged 65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services	%	Good to be high	72.5	64.5	77.5	82.9	82.2	81.8	129
2B(2)	The proportion of older people (aged 65 and over) who received reablement/rehabilitation services after discharge from hospital	%	Good to be high	2.2	1.9	2.0	2.7	2.5	2.8	101
2D	The outcome of short-term services: sequel to service	%	Good to be high	87.7	84.5	78.7	73.6	81.5	77.6	38
3A	Overall satisfaction of people who use services with their care and support	%	Good to be high	65.8		66.1	65.4	65.1	63.9	51
3B	Overall satisfaction of carers with social services	%	Good to be high	34.4			35.4	na	36.3	91
3C	The proportion of carers who report that they have been included or consulted in discussion about the person they care for	%	Good to be high	72.7			67.3	na	64.7	6
3D(1)	The proportion of people who use services who find it easy to find information about support	%	Good to be high	60.3		66.8	63.2	63.6	64.6	125
3D(2)	The proportion of carers who find it easy to find information and advice	%	Good to be high	55.6			58.2	na	57.7	88
4A	The proportion of people who use services who feel safe	%	Good to be high	72.7		71.5	69.9	70.7	69.2	28
4B	The proportion of people who use services who say that those services have made them feel safe and secure	%	Good to be high	74.3		85.8	84.3	86.6	85.6	145