

GREATER CAMBRIDGE PARTNERSHIP JOINT ASSEMBLY

2:00 pm

Thursday 12th September 2019 Council Chamber The Guildhall CAMBRIDGE

PLEASE NOTE CHANGE OF VENUE

AGENDA

		PAGE NUMBER
1.	Apologies for Absence	(-)
2.	Declaration of Interests	(-)
3.	Minutes	(3-13)
4.	Public Questions	(14)
5.	Petitions	(-)
6.	Quarterly Progress Report	(15-36)
7.	Histon Road Bus, Cycling and Walking Improvements: Final Design	(37-155)
8.	Madingley Road Cycle and Walking Project	(156-183)
9.	Date of Next Meeting	(-)
	2:00 pm Thursday 21st November 2019 at South Cambridgeshire Hall	

MEMBERSHIP

The Joint Assembly comprises the following members:

Councillor Tim Wotherspoon (Chairperson) - Cambridgeshire County Council

Councillor Tim Bick (Vice-Chairperson) - Cambridge City Council

Councillor Mike Davey - Cambridge City Council

Councillor Nicky Massey - Cambridge City Council

Councillor Noel Kavanagh - Cambridgeshire County Council

Councillor John Williams - Cambridgeshire County Council

Councillor lan Sollom - South Cambridgeshire District Council

Councillor Peter Topping - South Cambridgeshire District Council

Councillor Eileen Wilson - South Cambridgeshire District Council

Heather Richards - Business Representative

Dr Andy Williams - Business Representative

Christopher Walkinshaw - Business Representative

Jo Sainsbury - University Representative Helen Valentine - University Representative

Dr John Wells - University Representative

The Greater Cambridge Partnership is committed to open government and members of the public are welcome to attend Joint Assembly meetings. Meetings are live streamed and can be accessed from the GCP Facebook page: www.facebook.com/GreaterCam. We support the principle of transparency and encourage filming, recording and taking photographs at meetings that are open to the public. We also welcome the use of social networking and micro-blogging websites (such as Twitter and Facebook) to communicate with people about what's happening, as it happens.

For more information about this meeting, please contact Nicholas Mills (Cambridgeshire County Council Democratic Services) on 01223 699763 or via e-mail at Nicholas.Mills@cambridgeshire.gov.uk.



GREATER CAMBRIDGE PARTNERSHIP JOINT ASSEMBLY

Minutes of the Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly
Thursday 6th June 2019
2:00pm – 4:55pm

PRESENT:

Members of the Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly

Councillor Tim Wotherspoon Cambridgeshire County Council

(Chairperson)

Councillor Tim Bick (Vice-Chairperson) Cambridge City Council
Councillor Mike Davey Cambridge City Council

Councillor John Williams Cambridgeshire County Council
Councillor Ian Sollom South Cambridgeshire District Council

Councillor Ian Sollom South Cambridgeshire District Council
Councillor Eileen Wilson South Cambridgeshire District Council

Heather Richards Transversal Jo Sainsbury IMET

Helen Valentine Anglia Ruskin University
Christopher Walkinshaw Cambridge Ahead

Dr John Wells Cancer Research UK Cambridge Institute

Dr Andy Williams AstraZeneca

Members of the Greater Cambridge Partnership Executive Board in attendance

Claire Ruskin Cambridge Network

Officers

Tom Bennett Head of Communications (GCP)
Peter Blake Director of Transport (GCP)

Niamh Matthews Head of Strategy and Programme (GCP)

Nick Mills Democratic Services
Rachel Stopard Chief Executive (GCP)

Isobel Wade Head of Transport Strategy (GCP)

Wilma Wilkie Governance and Relationship Manager (GCP)

1. ELECTION OF CHAIRPERSON

It was proposed by Councillor Williams, seconded by Councillor Sollom and resolved unanimously that Councillor Wotherspoon be elected Chairperson of the Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly for the coming year.

The Chairperson expressed his gratitude to the Joint Assembly for his re-election before thanking former Joint Assembly member Councillor Dave Baigent and welcoming Councillor Mike Davey as a new member of the Joint Assembly, representing Cambridge City Council.

2. ELECTION OF VICE-CHAIRPERSON

It was proposed by Councillor Wilson, seconded by Councillor Sollom and resolved unanimously that Councillor Bick be elected Vice-Chairperson of the Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly for the municipal year 2019/20.

The Chairperson thanked Councillor Bick for his support over the preceding twelve months and looked forward to working closely with him again in the coming year.

3. APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies for absence were received from Councillor Kavanagh (Cambridgeshire County Council), Councillor Massey (Cambridge City Council) and Councillor Topping (South Cambridgeshire District Council).

Apologies were also received from Councillor Bates, who usually attended the meeting as the Greater Cambridge Partnership Executive Board Transport Portfolio Holder.

4. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Councillor Davey declared a non-statutory disclosable interest as a member of the Cambridge Cycling Campaign. Christopher Walkinshaw declared a non-statutory disclosable interest as an employee of Marshalls located on the east side of Cambridge.

Dr Andy Williams and Christopher Walkinshaw both declared a non-statutory disclosable interest in relation to Project Spring (item 12 refers) as the companies they worked for were participating in this initiative.

5. MINUTES OF PREVIOUS MEETING

The minutes of the previous meeting held on 27th February 2019 were agreed as a correct record, subject to the following correction:

• Minute 7: GCP Future Investment Strategy – The last word on the 7th line of the 9th paragraph should be changed from 'on' to 'one'.

Referring to the final paragraph of Minute 6, the Chief Executive reported that discussions on the feasibility of reflecting GCP's strategic thinking in guidance to planning authorities were ongoing. Details would be presented to the next meeting, on 12th September 2019.

6. QUESTIONS FROM MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC

The Chairperson informed the Joint Assembly that five public questions had been submitted and accepted. One of these questions had been subsequently withdrawn, while another question that related to item 8 on the agenda would receive a written response, as the questioner was unable to attend the meeting. It was agreed that the questioners for the remaining three questions would be called to address the Joint Assembly at the start of the relevant agenda item.

7. PETITIONS

The Chairperson notified the Joint Assembly that no petitions had been received.

8. CITY ACCESS AND PUBLIC TRANSPORT IMPROVEMENTS

David Stoughton was invited to ask his public question, the details of which are set out in **Appendix A** to the minutes, along with a summary of the response.

The Head of Transport Strategy presented the report, which contained the findings from Choices for Better Journeys, a public engagement exercise established to determine people's views on the City Access project's aims to secure a step-change in public transport, reduce congestion and improve air quality in and around Cambridge. Attention was drawn to the four overarching principles and fourteen implementation principles that were listed in section 4.4 of the report, which were being proposed as a result of feedback from the public engagement exercise.

While discussing the report and the proposed principles, the Joint Assembly:

- Welcomed the paper and the findings from the public engagement exercise, praising the
 contributions from participants and noting that it was now important for the Greater
 Cambridge Partnership to respond accordingly. Particular appreciation was extended to
 the usefulness of the charts and tables within the Choices for Better Journeys Summary
 Report. It was argued that the results demonstrated a significant alignment in thinking
 between public and private transport users, although caution was urged on how to
 interpret and act on the results.
- Expressed concern over the practice of bus companies transferring older vehicles in their fleet to Cambridge from other cities with stricter emission controls, noting that the chart in section 3.8 of the report demonstrated that local buses contributed 34% of road traffic nitrogen oxide pollution. It was suggested that the lack of a clean air zone encouraged bus companies to deploy older vehicles. Some members argued that the introduction of a clean air zone would bring Cambridge in line with many other cities across the country and would force bus companies to make improvements, while others

- suggested that the principles should include specific mention of a need for an improvement in the standards and emission levels of public transport vehicles.
- Recognised the discordance between encouraging people to take more buses while the number of services was constantly decreasing.
- Suggested that when considering how to ensure it was cheaper to use public transport than private transport, particular attention should be given to families rather than just individuals.
- Agreed with the principle of improving public transport before any demand management scheme became operational, given the lack of viable alternatives for many people, but questioned whether that could be achieved or how it could be measured.
- Expressed support for a Citizens' Assembly but asked that members were involved in shaping its scope. The Chief Executive also expressed her support for the Citizens' Assembly and acknowledged that it would have been desirable for either the Assembly or Board to scrutinise the scope, but noted that it needed to be ready for September and that unfortunately this did not tie in with the meeting schedules. She would however look at ways of engaging members in the process.
- Reiterated the importance of considering transport in and out of Cambridge from towns and villages across the country, rather than just focusing on transport within in the city.
 The Joint Assembly was keen to ensure that such communities from outside the city were well represented on the Citizens' Assembly.
- Encouraged a greater level of transparency, given that substantial sums of money would be taken from people and they would want to be assured that the money was being well spent. It was noted that Transport for London adopted a high level of transparency when introducing congestion charges and bus changes, which had led to wider acceptance of the schemes.
- Sought clarification over whether there would be specific feedback from the focus
 groups with young people and those on a low income that were mentioned in section
 2.1.1 of the report, noting the concern expressed by young people and their parents
 about transport to schools and colleges. The Head of Transport Strategy confirmed that
 the results would be forthcoming.
- Drew attention to the particular support from participants in the public consultation for more circular routes and suggested that this should be reflected in the list of principles.
- Expressed frustration that after four years of struggling to overcome congestion, the City
 Deal continued to be faced by the same problems and that major decisions were not
 being made. It was suggested that the first Gateway Review in December 2019 would
 need to demonstrate achievable solutions whose impacts were not jeopardised by
 political differences and conflict. The Chairperson noted the concerns but praised the
 work carried out so far and the momentum that it had built.

9. CAMBRIDGE SOUTH WEST TRAVEL HUB

Councillor Sollom was invited to ask a public question on behalf of Hauxton Parish Council, as neither the Clerk nor Chairperson of the Council had been able to attend the meeting. The details of this and a summary of the response are attached as **Appendix A** to the minutes.

The Chairperson drew attention to a representation that had been submitted by Trumpington Residents' Association and circulated to all Joint Assembly members. The Director of Transport presented the report which provided an update on the progress of the West of Cambridge Package. It included the results of the public consultation and conclusion of the Outline Business Case undertaken on the Travel Hub Capacity options at J11 of the M11 and associated public transport / vehicular priority measures. The Joint Assembly was informed that the results favoured a park and ride site to the west of the M11, although there was opposition based on congestion issues and environmental impacts.

While considering the report, the Joint Assembly:

- Reiterated concerns over the negative impact that the project would have on towns and villages along the A10 and the importance of engaging with these communities throughout the design process, as indicated in section 4.8 of the report. Clarification was sought over how it would be ensured that such concerns were addressed.
- Suggested that traffic being forced to cross over the A10 from the M11 slip road in order
 to reach the travel hub would have a heavy impact on the flow of traffic as far away as
 Foxton, which had previously been considered a problem point by the Joint Assembly.
 Members sought clarity over how the current bridges were intended to be used and
 whether further bridges would be required. The Director of Transport noted that there
 were many factors to consider throughout the detailed design process and that all the
 proposals would be considered by the planning authority.
- Expressed concerns over the financial implications of a tunnel in the design scheme and requested a cost-benefit analysis of its inclusion. The Director of Transport recognised the concerns and noted that it would be hard to justify the cost if the park and ride site was only intended as a temporary project.
- Identified the amount of Trumpington Meadows Country Park that would be infringed upon as a cause of concern, noting the danger of the route extending its loop even further. It was recalled that the Country Park had been an essential piece of mitigation for the development of Trumpington Meadows and had contributed to residents being reasonably supportive of that development. The Joint Assembly was keen for the Executive Board to remain open to alternative options that would have less impact on the Country Park and cycle path.
- Acknowledged the request from the Trumpington Residents' Association for the travel
 hub to be equipped with the Travel Hub to be equipped with the same facilities and
 services as existing park and ride sites. This would be an important factor in encouraging
 people to use the Travel Hub. It was suggested that there could be merit in
 incorporating targeted facilities, such as for tourist buses and heavy goods vehicles at a
 single site.

- Observed that little attention was given to cyclists or pedestrians in the report and it was suggested that consulting with these users would be beneficial.
- Suggested that the diagram in Figure 2 should include the possible Foxton Travel Hub scheme.
- Acknowledged that long-term transport schemes, such as that of the proposed
 Cambridgeshire Autonomous Metro (CAM), assumed that development of the travel hub
 would go ahead. It was noted that incorporating the CAM proposal into the scheme, as
 mentioned in section 3.12 of the report, would have implications on the road layout and
 long-term planning of the travel hub. The Director of Transport emphasised that the
 project was not designed to create a carriageway for the CAM system, which would
 come forward with its own business proposals over the next few years.
- Proposed short introductory videos as a helpful way of presenting such projects, suggesting that they would also help overcome the difficulties of interpreting diagrams and charts that were designed in colour but printed in black and white.

10. CAMBRIDGE SOUTH EAST TRANSPORT SCHEME

Tony Orgee, Chairperson of the Cambridge and South East Transport Study Local Liaison Forum (LLF) attended the meeting to report on the outcome of the LLF workshop held on 7th May 2019 and the public LLF meeting held on 4th June 2019.

Councillor Colin McGerty was then invited to ask his public question the details of which are set out in **Appendix A** to the minutes, along with a summary of the response.

The Director of Transport presented the report which provided the Joint Assembly with an update on progress of Phase 1 of the Cambridge South East Transport Scheme and the results of further work on Phase 2. It was noted that discussions were being held with the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Combined Authority regarding any future combining of the scheme with the CAM.

In discussing the report and the route options detailed within it, the Joint Assembly:

- Observed the fact that Granta Park and Babraham Research Institute, the two main employment hubs of the area, were not shown as linking to the proposed sites. The Director of Transport recalled that the Joint Assembly had previously been critical of those two communities being over-compensated for and he reasoned that it was not possible to serve everywhere.
- Suggested that the choice of the site could affect whether the Greater Cambridge
 Partnership or the Combined Authority were responsible for the more complex section
 of the engineering works.
- Noted plans for public consultation on potential route alignments and suggested that it was essential to base this on a succinct assessment of the potential options.
- Noted that park and ride sites encouraged car use, which was a matter of concern given recent climate emergency declarations. It was however noted that the travel hub concept involved promoting the use of other modes of transport, not just cars. It was

suggested that the site should be designed for people travelling from further afield, with consideration being given to finding a way of discouraging use by people from local villages.

11. CAMBRIDGESHIRE RAIL CORRIDOR STUDY

The Director of Transport presented the report on the Cambridgeshire Rail Corridor Study, an assessment by Network Rail that forecast growth across the local rail network over the next 15 and 25 years. The Joint Assembly was informed that Network Rail had used national levels of growth in its calculations, which were significantly lower than for local levels of growth and this demonstrated the importance for the Greater Cambridgeshire Partnership to pursue the improvement and expansion of the local rail network. Attention was drawn to the fact that the study assumed that Cambridge South station would be built, but this was not guaranteed and represented a further reason to keep applying pressure.

While discussing the report, the Joint Assembly:

- Contended that the current local transport plan was the one published by
 Cambridgeshire County Council and would continue to be so until the Combined
 Authority approved a new one. Therefore, the study should have referred to the County
 Council local transport plan, which included two stations (Cherry Hinton and Fulbourn)
 that did not appear in the Network Rail study. The Director of Transport informed the
 Joint Assembly that the rail network was nationally managed and did not recognise local
 transport plans.
- Expressed concern that the study concluded it was not necessary to improve the Cambridge to Ipswich train line until 2043. The route, which was single-track in parts, ran on an hourly basis and often consisted of one carriage trains. It was argued that there was a desperate need for an improvement to the current infrastructure and an expansion to the timetable immediately and that the level of growth around Newmarket served to exasperate this need. A comparison was made with the Ely to Cambridge link, which ran over a similar distance and represented a similar demographic but which carried ten times as many passengers due to a better infrastructure
- Suggested that the report failed to consider how commuting trends would change in the future, along with the residential preferences of those working in Cambridge.
- Expressed concern over the logistical implications on the area surrounding Cambridge train station with the proposed increase in number of trains.

12. QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

The Head of Strategy and Programme presented a report which provided the Joint Assembly with an update on progress across the Greater Cambridge Partnership programme, including specific reference to preparation for the Mill Road bridge closure, a request for a financial contributions towards the cost of the Cambridgeshire Autonomous Metro outline business case and potential investment into Project Spring.

While discussing the report, the Joint Assembly:

- Sought further details regarding the 48 companies mentioned in section 5.4 of the
 report and clarification on when progress data would be forthcoming. It was suggested
 that given the contract only began in March 2019, figures on the number of apprentices
 would not be available until March 2020.
- Acknowledged the reasoning behind making a contribution towards the CAM but
 expressed concern about doing so without gaining any influence in the project. It was
 suggested that providing between 25% and 50% of the total funding was a substantial
 contribution for what would be a partner only in name. Members emphasised that they
 were not objecting to the Combined Authority controlling the project, but they could not
 be expected to provide financial support without the opportunity to provide scrutiny or
 opinions.
- Noted discussions on the creation of an advisory board on the CAM that would include
 the Leaders of Cambridge City Council and South Cambridgeshire District Council. The
 Chief Executive informed the Joint Assembly that advice was being sought regarding the
 appropriateness of the requirement to provide funding in order to sit on the board.
- Reiterated the belief that the two Fulbourn schemes that were given a green rating should be changed to amber due to the lack of progress.
- Suggested that the "Cambridge Story" feature of Project Spring should be referred to as
 the "Greater Cambridge Story". The Head of Strategy and Programme agreed with the
 sentiment and informed the Joint Assembly that such an observation had already been
 made to the consortium and was a good example of why the Greater Cambridge
 Partnership should accept the plea for support.
- Clarified that the first phase of Project Spring would cost £75k-£100k and that the
 requested £25k, although not a particularly large contribution for the Greater Cambridge
 Partnership, represented a significant portion of the project's budget.
- Expressed concern that there was no item on the forward plan to consider and provide input on the Combined Authority's local transport plan that was under preparation. The Chief Executive informed the Joint Assembly that constituent partners would go through statutory consultations and that a report would be presented at the next Assembly meeting.
- Observed that the Executive Board meeting on 12th December 2019 had a packed agenda and as a result the Greenways item would not be able to give sufficient attention to each of the individual communities and that considering them as a group would be unfair. The Chief Executive acknowledged the concern and pledged to consider the matter.

13. DATE OF NEXT MEETING

The Joint Assembly noted that the next meeting would be held at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday 12th September 2019 at Shire Hall. Cambridge.

Chairperson 20th September 2019

Appendix A: Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly – Public Questions and Answers

No	Questioner	Question	Answer
		Agenda Item No. 8: City Access and Public Transport Improvements	
1.	David Stoughton	In respect of the proposed clean air zone I would like to ask what area it is expected cover? My current understanding is that it is only intended for the inner ring and will not extend to the station area. Yet the station area is predicted to continue to see some of the highest rates of traffic growth. In addition, since so many buses and taxis both licensed and private hire are concentrated on these roads, it also suffers one of the highest concentrations of pollutants from diesel vehicles. The BID area extends up Regents Street and covers the CB1 development around the station and it would seems sensible for the clean air zone to follow this precedent.	Introducing pollution management measures were one of the options that the GCP sought feedback on through the Choices for Better Journeys engagement. The paper being considered today sets out key principles for taking forward the work following this, rather than making proposals to implement a particular scheme. Aspects of proposals, such as the area covered, would then need to be considered. The Clean Air Zone Feasibility Study, which looked at the impact of including particular roads, would inform this work.
2.	John Hammond Clerk to Hauxton Parish Council	Agenda Item No. 9: Cambridge South West Travel Hub Hauxton Parish Council is very disappointed that the proposed option of a tunnel under the A10 providing free-flowing access to the Park & Ride has been dropped. As the proposed Park & Ride is located in our parish against the expressed wishes of the Parish Council and the community, can the GCP please explain what effect the planned four sets of traffic lights between London Road, Harston and the M11 roundabout is forecast to have on the existing traffic congestion and resultant pollution, particularly during peak periods, in	The report and Outline Business Case (OBC) does not include a tunnel in the overall best performing option as the cost of providing a tunnel under the A10 outweigh the potential benefits it may provide to the scheme. The traffic modelling shows that the impact of traffic on both the A10 and M11 are caused by the Junction 11 gyratory and not the A10 traffic lights. The proposed traffic management arrangements are predicted to reduce total delay at the M11 Junction 11

		Hauxton and Harston, and what arrangements, financial or otherwise, have been made to ameliorate the impact on residents of Hauxton?	gyratory in the peak As the design of a preferred option is developed further it will be refined to maximise the benefit to the local and travelling community. Officers will continue the dialogue with the Parish council on the final options for the traffic management arrangements. There is an air quality diffusion tube at 47 High Street in Harston which has been used to measure roadside annual mean NO2 concentrations (the measure air pollution caused be motor vehicles) since 2006. Monitoring will continue on air quality as part of the scheme development. The report makes clear that continuing the dialogue with the local community is essential as the detailed designs of the scheme is developed. This will include options for local mitigation and improvement.
		Agenda Item No. 10: Cambridge South East Transport Study	
3.	Cllr Colin McGerty	Section 5.17 on page 169 of the agenda make quite clear that site 5 (also referred to as site C) is the GCP's preferred site. It is an easy to access, easy to develop arable field sited outside the Green Belt. Section 5.27 on page 170 then claims that the LLF attendees strongly supported this site. This not accurate. There was a great deal of discussion around the Park and Ride site location and concern for the environmental impact of the scheme. In particular, the suggestion of regeneration of the Fourwentways brown field site was put forward and this seems to have been completely ignored.	The report does not indicate that GCP has any preference between the shortlisted park and ride site locations. The shortlisted public transport route alignment and park and ride site options will be subject to further appraisal and public consultation prior to the recommendation of a preferred option to the GCP Executive Board in early 2020. The position of the LLF in the report was that indicated by the responses given to questions over preference. The sites previously considered at the longlisting stage included two sites off Newmarket Road, east of the A11 and south of the Fourwentways service station: • A green field site on set-aside farmland between the A11 and Newmarket Road (Site 10)

So my question is why has regeneration of Fourwentways as a Park and Ride site not even been put forward for consideration?

Fourwentways is the only brown field site in the area and would offer the opportunity of significantly lower environmental impact and offer potential benefits to the scheme such as willing business that might be willing to run a fuel station, food outlet etc. and yet it is not even included in the long list of options in section 5.14.

• The brown field site comprising the former Comfort Café and adjacent car park (Site 11).

These sites were discounted, as they failed to provide sufficient parking capacity.

A suggestion was put forward at the LLF workshop that these sites be considered in combination and together with the adjacent sites currently occupied by the Fourwentways service station and Travelodge.

All the options identified for a site at Fourwentways would thus require the acquisition of land that has development land value and would additionally require the relocation of the Fourwentways Travelodge and service station.

The delivery of any of these options would therefore involve the cost of acquiring land at commercial land value and also the cost and complexity of relocating existing businesses and infrastructure. Such costs are prohibitive to the business case.



Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly Public Questions Protocol

At the discretion of the Chairperson, members of the public may ask questions at meetings of the Joint Assembly. This standard protocol is to be observed by public speakers:

- Notice of the question should be sent to the Greater Cambridge Partnership Public Questions inbox [public.questions@greatercambridge.org.uk] no later than 10 a.m. three working days before the meeting.
- Questions should be limited to a maximum of 300 words.
- Questioners will not be permitted to raise the competence or performance of a member, officer or representative of any partner on the Joint Assembly, nor any matter involving exempt information (normally considered as 'confidential').
- Questioners cannot make any abusive or defamatory comments.
- If any clarification of what the questioner has said is required, the Chairperson will have the discretion to allow other Joint Assembly members to ask questions.
- The questioner will not be permitted to participate in any subsequent discussion and will not be entitled to vote.
- The Chairperson will decide when and what time will be set aside for questions depending on the amount of business on the agenda for the meeting.
- Individual questioners will be permitted to speak for a maximum of three minutes.
- In the event of questions considered by the Chairperson as duplicating one another, it may be necessary for a spokesperson to be nominated to put forward the question on behalf of other questioners. If a spokesperson cannot be nominated or agreed, the questioner of the first such question received will be entitled to put forward their question.
- Questions should relate to items that are on the agenda for discussion at the meeting in question. The Chairperson will have the discretion to allow questions to be asked on other issues.

PLEASE NOTE FROM 1st MAY 2019 THE NEW E-MAIL ADDRESS FOR SUBMISSION OF PUBLIC QUESTIONS IS 'public.questions@greatercambridge.org.uk'



QUARTERLY PROGRESS REPORT

Report To: Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly 12th September 2019

Lead Officer: Niamh Matthews – Head of Strategy and Programme

1 Purpose

1.1 To update the Joint Assembly on progress across the Greater Cambridge Partnership (GCP) programme, including updates on:

- A proposal to support RAND Europe, in conjunction with the Combined Authority and Cambridge Ahead, to carry out local careers advice research (section 6)
- s106 contributions to the GCP (section 15)
- GCP response to consultations for the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Local Transport Plan and the England's Economic Heartland Outline Transport Strategy (section 16)
- The findings of a Cambridge University Science and Policy Exchange (CUSPE) study on reducing air pollution and congestion across Cambridgeshire (section 17)

2 Programme Finance Overview

2.1 The table below gives an overview of the 2019/20 budget, as agreed at the March 2019 Executive Board, and spend as of 31st July 2019.

						Status	*
Funding Type	**2019/20 Budget (£000)	Expenditure to Date (Jul 19) (£000)	Forecast Outturn (Jul 19)(£000)	***Forecast Variance (Jul 19) (£000)	Previous ¹	Current	Change
Infrastructure Programme Operations Budget	34,759	6,717	33,619	-1,140			↔

^{*} Please note: RAG explanations are at the end of this report.

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^{** 2019/20} Budget includes unspent budget allocations from the 2018/19 financial year, in addition to the allocations agreed at the March 2019 Executive Board

^{***} Forecast variance against the 2019/20 budget.

¹ Throughout this report references to "previous status" relates to the progress report last considered by the Joint Assembly and Executive Board

Housing and Strategic Planning

"Accelerating housing delivery and homes for all"

				Status
Indicator	Target	Timing	Progress/ Forecast	Previous Current Change
Housing Development Agency (HDA) – new homes completed	250	2016 - 2018	301	Scheme Complete
Delivering 1,000 additional affordable homes**	1,000	2011- 2031	853	←→

^{**} Based on housing commitments as at 31 July 2019 on rural exception sites, on sites not allocated for development in the Local Plans and outside of a defined settlement boundary.

3 Housing Development Agency (HDA) Completions

- 3.1 The indicator for "Housing Development Agency (HDA) new homes completed" has now been marked as complete. This reflects that the new homes directly funded by the Greater Cambridge Partnership have all been completed. 301 homes were completed across 14 schemes throughout Greater Cambridge.
- 3.2 Both Cambridge City Council and South Cambridgeshire District Council are continuing to deliver more new homes in Greater Cambridge over the next five years. This delivery is funded by various sources, including £70m funding via the Cambridgeshire & Peterborough Devolution Deal for the City Council programme. The GCP will continue to work with partners to explore additional opportunities to unlock further affordable housing.

4 Delivering 1,000 Additional Affordable Homes

- 4.1 The methodology, agreed by the Executive Board for monitoring the 1,000 additional homes, means that only once housing delivery exceeds the level needed to meet the Cambridge and South Cambridgeshire Local Plan requirements (33,500 homes between 2011 and 2031) can any affordable homes on eligible sites be counted towards the 1,000 additional new homes.
- 4.2 The Greater Cambridge housing trajectory published in December 2017 (in both the South Cambridgeshire and Cambridge Annual Monitoring Reports 2016-2017) shows that it is not anticipated that there will be a surplus, in terms of delivery over and above that required to meet the housing requirements in the Local Plans, until 2020/2021. Until 2020/2021, affordable homes that are being completed on eligible sites are contributing towards delivering the Greater Cambridge housing requirement of 33,500 dwellings. The date at which a surplus against the annualised housing requirement is anticipated will be reviewed and updated when the new Greater Cambridge housing trajectory is published later in 2019.
- 4.3 The table in the Housing and Strategic Planning section above shows that on the basis of known sites of 10 or more dwellings with planning permission or planning applications with a resolution to grant planning permission by South Cambridgeshire District Council's Planning Committee, 853 affordable homes on eligible sites are anticipated to be delivered between 2020 and 2031 towards the target of 1,000 by 2031. In practice this

- means that we already expect to be able to deliver 85% of the target on the basis of currently known sites.
- 4.4 In May 2018, South Cambridgeshire District Council published an update on its five year housing land supply that demonstrated that for the first time since June 2014 it could deliver a five year housing land supply. In September and October 2018, South Cambridgeshire District Council and Cambridge City Council adopted their Local Plans, and the Councils can now demonstrate a five year housing land supply. As a result 'five year supply' sites are no longer being permitted by South Cambridgeshire District Council and a number of planning appeals on 'five year supply' sites have been dismissed by the Planning Inspectorate or withdrawn by the applicant. This change in circumstances in South Cambridgeshire in relation to five year housing land supply means that future contributions towards delivering the target will be solely from affordable housing on rural exception sites or planning permissions granted as a departure from the adopted development plan.
- 4.5 The latest housing trajectory (published in December 2017) shows that 38,080 dwellings are anticipated in Greater Cambridge between 2011 and 2031, which is 4,580 dwellings more than the housing requirement of 33,500 dwellings. There are still a further 12 years until 2031 during which affordable homes on other eligible sites will continue to come forward as part of the additional supply, providing additional affordable homes that will count towards this target. With the adoption of the Local Plans and confirmation that the Councils have established a five year housing land supply, it is anticipated that rural exception sites will start to come forward again. However, due to the nature of rural exception sites and windfall sites, these cannot be robustly forecast up to 2031. Historically there is good evidence of rural exception sites being delivered (around 50 dwellings per year), and therefore we can be confident that the target will be achieved.

Skills

"Inspiring and developing our future workforce, so that businesses can grow"

	Target			Status	
Indicator	Target (to March 2021)	Progress (12/08/2019)	Previous	Current	Change
Number of people starting an apprenticeship as a result of an Apprenticeship Service intervention.	420	13			1
Number of new employers agreeing to support an apprenticeship scheme.	320	11			↑
Number of schools supporting new, enhanced apprenticeship activity.	18	12			←→
Number of students connected with employers.	7,500	3,118			←→

Progress data from the start of the contract in March 2019, up to 12th August 2019.

5 Update on the GCP Apprenticeship Service

- 5.1 Progress figures can now be provided for all four KPIs, as the GCP Apprenticeship Service is now mobilised and delivering clear progress against each KPI since the contract was awarded in March 2019.
- 5.2 Form the Future previously indicated that they do not expect to see significant apprenticeship starts until the end of the second and beginning of the third quarter of the 2019/20 financial year, due to the time it takes to mobilise a new service. However, the service has reported 13 apprenticeship starts in the period from May 2019 to August 2019 and has outlined a comprehensive range of activities to engage employers and candidates, into the upcoming peak recruitment period.
- As noted above, we have recorded apprenticeship starts in 11 new companies to date. During the period, the service held 136 meetings with potential new apprenticeship employers, in addition to attracting more than 40 employers to the service launch event in July. There are 24 employer meetings currently booked in August, with a potential 16 new apprenticeship starts.
- After meeting with an additional 4 schools in this period, the total number of schools with an apprenticeship delivery plan is now 12. Form the Future have reported that they will be running a workshop on September 12th for all schools and colleges in the area to explain the GCP offer. They will also exhibit at all secondary school post-16 options evenings in the next period.
- 5.5 It is noted that 1,658 students have taken part in apprenticeship activities involving 17 employers at 7 different events in this period, bringing the total number of students connected with employers to 3,118. Further, of those 1,658, 78 have registered with the service for ongoing support to secure an apprenticeship in this period.

- As noted above, a launch event was held for the service on July 3rd which was wellattended by employers and Headteachers and generated coverage in local media. The website for the service also went live at the end of June, with over 940 views to date.
- 5.7 As part of Form the Futures engagement with employers, nine companies have signed a pledge to recruit additional apprentices within the coming year. This is a real achievement for the service and signals the impact it is having and the buy in it has secured. The companies include:
 - 1. Marshall of Cambridge
 - 2. Arthur Rank Hospice Charity
 - 3. Consort Medical/Bespak
 - 4. AVEVA
 - 5. Astra Zeneca
 - 6. Thurlow Nunn Standen
 - 7. Cambridge Wireless
 - 8. WSP (Cambridge based consultants)
 - 9. Ernst and Young

6 RAND Europe - Careers Advice Research Proposal

- 6.1 We know anecdotally that the careers advice offered in state funded schools is not providing the standard of advice and guidance that school students need to steer them in to the right careers. Head teachers have told us this and Form the Future have shared their concerns with us about this issue. The contract we have with Form the Future to deliver the GCP's skills service will go some way to addressing this issue. However, part of the issue is that we don't have a full picture of what careers advice is available and therefore it's difficult for providers to know exactly the scale of the issue and therefore how to address it.
- 6.2 RAND Europe have approached Cambridge Ahead with a research proposal to try and address this gap across Cambridgeshire and Peterborough. Through surveys and interviews with relevant stakeholders the purpose of the research is to:
 - Map out and quantify career advice provision in schools.
 - Map out and describe providers of career advice services.
 - Map out provision in schools against types of providers.
 - Establish Criteria for assessing quality of provision.
- 6.3 The cost of the research is c£36k. Cambridge Ahead have secured £15k from their membership and are looking to the Combined Authority and the GCP to share the rest of the costs, at c£10k each. Combined Authority officers have confirmed that they support the proposal and are likely to be able to secure funding (c£10k).
- 6.4 GCP officers believe that supporting this proposal will give us a clearer sense of where provision is lacking and therefore enable the GCP to better understand where it could focus its efforts on skills in the future.
- 6.5 Officers would welcome views from the Joint Assembly on this proposal.

Smart Places

"Harnessing and developing smart technology, to support transport, housing and skills"

				Status	5
Project	Target Completion Date	Forecast Completion Date	Previous	Current	Change
T-CABS (CCAV3 Autonomous Vehicle Project)	Dec 2020	Dec 2020			\
Smart Panels – Phase 3 Extension	Mar 2020	Mar 2020			\leftarrow
Smart Panels – Phase 2 Extension		Complete			
MotionMap – Phase 2 (Enhancements)		Complete			
Digital WayFinding – Phase 2 (Development)	Dec 2019	Dec 2019			\longleftrightarrow
ICP Development – Phase 2	Sep 2019	Sep 2019			\leftarrow
Mill Road Bridge Closure: Deploy and Start Baseline		Complete			
Mill Road Bridge Closure: Data Collection and Early Analysis	Dec 2019	Dec 2019			←→
Update report on integrated ticketing opportunities		Complete			
Data Visualisation	Mar 2020	Mar 2020			$ \longleftarrow $

7 T-CABS (C-CAV3 Autonomous Vehicle Project)

- 7.1 The prototype vehicle continues to be developed in Coventry. There have been several iterations on the design of the chassis which have led to vehicle trials being delayed. Engineering trials were initially expected in September 2019 and are now expected to take place between October and December 2019 both in Coventry and Cambridge. Passenger trials remain on track to start in Summer 2020.
- 7.2 Development has continued using a non-powered prototype and the exterior design, bodywork and glazing of the vehicle are expected to be completed in September 2019. A Risk Management group, focusing on the health and safety aspects of running autonomous vehicles on the busway, has been established with representatives from both County and GCP teams involved. Work has been initiated on safety cases for the trials, and this group will contribute to their development.

8 Smart Panels – Phase 2 Extension

- 8.1 A new "Pocket Smart Panel" has been developed in an extension of the existing Smart Panel travel information product. It is a web based version of the smart panel that can be downloaded via a QR code and customised by the user to show real time information about the bus stop nearest to them). It is currently being trialled for bus stops at the West Cambridge Site and Shire Hall.
- 8.2 3 further Smart Panels have been deployed at Guildhall, Mandela House and Vantage House. A Phase 3 extension of the successful Smart Panel work will run through the remainder of the year and deliver the Pocket Smart Panel and Smart Panels in additional locations across the region.

9 Digital Wayfinding – Phase 2 (Development)

9.1 The Smart Cambridge team are engaging with partners around the city, including CBC, to understand the requirement for various wayfinding solutions at specific locations. An evaluation of potential alternative options such as VR/AR (Virtual Reality/Augmented Reality) is being carried out, alongside reviews of successful wayfinding implementations carried out in other UK cities.

10 ICP Development – Phase 2

10.1 Work continues on the platform, with the inclusion of additional data sources such as car park usage figures. Bluetooth traffic monitoring information has already been added to the platform. The ICP team are also reviewing data from the Mill Road closure, flagging anomalies which can then be investigated.

11 Mill Road Bridge Closure – Traffic Flow and Air Quality Monitoring

- 11.1 Traffic and Air Quality sensors have been successfully installed on and around Mill Road to monitor the impact of the bridge closure. Data from both sets of sensors is being collected. Traffic sensor data is being made available on the Cambridgeshire Insight website and Air Quality data will also be made available in the same location by the end of September.
- 11.2 Reports of traffic lights not working correctly on Cherry Hinton Road were received by the signals team. Using the sensor data collected, Smart were able to provide information on the number of vehicles using the road as a result of the bridge closure. This information allowed the signals team to make an evidence based decision on changes to the traffic light phasing, reducing the build-up of congestion on the road. More details can be found on the Smart Cambridge website².
- 11.3 The next phase of work will cover continued data collection, early analysis of the data collected to date, engagement with the local community and an interim report on the sensors used for the trial.

12 Update report on integrated ticketing opportunities

12.1 The final report has been completed and is available to view on the Smart Cambridge website³. The report offers revised insight into the current state of the market as well as advice on potential roadmaps for implementation of integrated ticketing solutions in our region. As mentioned in the previous quarter's report, extracts from this report have also been used as input to the Future Mobility Zone funding bid.

13 Data Visualisation

13.1 Geospock (a local analytics company) are making developments to their platform enabling us to gain further insight from the Automatic Number Plate Recognition (ANPR) data that has already been processed. The work completed so far has provided detailed analysis of traffic movements around and through the City which has been shared with the GCP

² https://www.connectingcambridgeshire.co.uk/smart-places/smart-cambridge/case-studies/

³ https://www.connectingcambridgeshire.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2019/08/Greater-Cambridge-Integrated-Ticketing-Final-20190529.pdf

transport team through several demonstration sessions. This has highlighted the benefit of such analysis and the Smart team are looking into options that will provide data to support GCP projects.

Transport

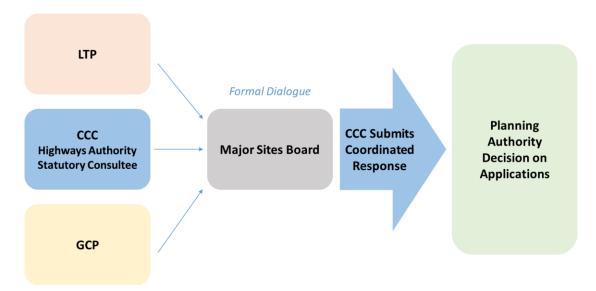
"Creating better and greener transport networks, connecting people to homes, jobs, study and opportunity"

14 Transport Delivery Overview

							State	us
Project		Delivery Stage	Target Completion Date	Forecast Completion Date	Previous	Current	Change	
Ely to Cambridg	e Transport St	cudy		Comple	eted			
A10 cycle route	(Shepreth to	Melbourn)		Comple	eted			
Cambridge Sout (formerly A1307		ort Scheme	Design	2025	2024			←→
Cambourne to C	Cambridge / A	428 Corridor	Design	2024	2024			←→
Milton Road			Design	2021	2020			←→
City Centre Acce	ess Project		Design	2020	2020			←→
Chiahalaa Taail C			Construction	2020	2020			←→
Chisholm Trail Cycle Links		Phase 2	Design	2022	2022			←→
	Fulbourn / 0 Eastern Acc	Cherry Hinton ess	Construction	2019	2019			←→
Cross-City	Hills Road / corridor	Addenbrooke's	Completed					
Cycle Improvements	Links to Eas NCN11/ Fer	t Cambridge & Ditton	Construction	2018	2019			←→
	Arbury Road	d corridor	Construction	2018	2019			↔
	Links to Can Station & So	nbridge North iience Park	Construction	2018	2019			←→
Histon Road Bus	Priority		Design	2022	2020			←→
West of Cambrid	dge Package		Design	2021	2021			←→
Greenways Quic	k Wins		Construction	2020	2020			←→
Cambridge South Station Baseline Study			Comple	eted				
Residents Parking Implementation		Project Initiation	2021	2021			←→	
Greenways Development		Design	2019	2019			←→	
Rural Travel Hub	Rural Travel Hubs		Project Initiation	2021	2021			←→
Travel Audit – So campus	outh Station a	nd biomedical		Comple	eted			

15 Allocation Process for Section 106 Contributions

- Following a question raised at the GCP Joint Assembly in March 2019, officers were asked to ensure that the guidance given to planning authorities appropriately reflected the GCP's strategic plan for transport.
- As a result, GCP officers have been working closely with constituent council officers to review the process for securing and allocating S106 contributions to GCP transport projects. (This process is one part of a wider approach to securing s106 contributions, for projects and services (e.g. Education) for our local communities, which is outside of the scope of this review.)
- 15.3 The review concluded that the process would benefit from more effective governance and coordination with the aim of better reflecting the transport priorities of Greater Cambridge, maximising contributions from development, and speeding up the process in order to reduce time delay in the planning process.
- 15.4 As a result, officers have jointly agreed a more coordinated process, as set out below:



- 15.5 The main improvement is the establishment of a group of lead officers. This group would be accountable for coordinating and signing off responses to feed into the formal decision-making process. The mechanism for this role is likely to build on an existing group the Major Sites Board subject to amending the terms of reference for this group.
- 15.6 Members of the Major Sites Board will include senior officers from the County Council, the City Council, South Cambridgeshire District Council and the GCP.
- 15.7 Protocol for the discussion and agreement process will accord with the standard LPA planning consultation timescales.
- 15.8 It is proposed that the County Council would submit a coordinated response to applications, taking on board issues raised by the Major Sites Board. Only in exceptional circumstances, would any separate comments be submitted. It is intended therefore, that this process enables more alignment of the transport strategy and priorities for Greater Cambridge to be reflected in the planning process.

- 16 Update on local and regional transport consultations
- 16.1 Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Local Transport Plan the Cambridgeshire and Peterborough Combined Authority are undertaking consultation on a new Local Transport Plan (LTP). GCP is not a statutory consultee for the LTP, but has been working with our partner councils as part of their responses.
- 16.2 The LTP reflects the GCP's current programme and its ambitions are supported. Partner responses are being finalised but are likely to include reference to:
 - Reflecting on the importance of climate change and carbon emission reductions in the vision and objectives for the LTP, following the declarations by partner councils concerning the Climate Emergency.
 - Developing the detail of the LTP to ensure the schemes identified meet the objectives, and that further schemes are identified where needed, particularly to meet the LTP's sustainable travel ambitions.
 - Placing a stronger emphasis on the role cycling and walking play in commuter movements, particularly in the Greater Cambridge region.
 - Seeking clarity around the status of the 'child' documents to the LTP and the process for updating these.
- England's Economic Heartland Outline Transport Strategy England's Economic Heartland, the sub-national transport body for the area, has published its Outline Transport Strategy and is now undertaking a period of engagement, running until 31 October. The Outline Strategy is intended to start a conversation with stakeholders across the region about how the transport system should develop over the next 30 years, identifying a series of opportunities and challenges. GCP officers will work with partners to respond to the Outline Strategy, in particular to emphasise the importance of delivering Cambridge South Station to the area, and to clarify the other priorities particularly regarding road transportation.
- The GCP is committed to contributing proactively to local and regional transport consultations on behalf of Greater Cambridge wherever possible. The LTP and England's Economic Heartland's Outline Transport Strategy are vital elements of the strategic transport context, which will also be informed by other factors, including transport initiatives across the Oxford-Cambridge Arc and within the UK Innovation Corridor (championed by the London Stansted Cambridge Consortium).
- 17 Findings of Cambridge University Science and Policy Exchange (CUSPE) Study on Reducing Air Pollution and Congestion Across Cambridgeshire
- 17.1 CUSPE is an organisation aiming to build stronger links between early career researchers and government policy makers. GCP officers and colleagues from the County Council have been engaging with CUSPE researchers, who have been exploring policies with the highest capacity to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from transport, improve air quality and reduce congestion across **Cambridgeshire**. The full report is hosted online at www.greatercambridge.org.uk/reducingairpollutionreport/ the findings of the research are summarised below.
- 17.2 The researchers modelled the effect of various policies, derived from case studies from cities around the world, on these factors in Cambridgeshire. Particularly, their modelling shows:
 - In their baseline scenario, emissions remain at unsustainable levels by 2050.

- Acting quickly results in larger emissions savings.
- Policies that shift travel away from cars to walking, cycling and public transport yield emissions savings more quickly than vehicle electrification.
- Buses have a larger benefit when they are 'green' and busy.
- Air quality improves as diesel vehicles become less popular. This can be accelerated by promoting hybrid and electric vehicles.
- 17.3 In conclusion, the researchers recommend two targets:
 - A minimum goal that 60% of travel in Cambridgeshire in 2030 ought to be on buses, cycling and walking up from 40% in 2019.
 - A target for 60% of new car sales in Cambridgeshire in 2030 to be electric to be stimulated at a local policy level by providing incentives for electric vehicle owners.
- 17.4 The research finds that if both of these targets were met, annual CO2 emissions in 2050 would be 65% less than 2019 levels and that in order to meet these targets, policies need to prioritise sustainable modes of travel over private cars.
- 17.5 The findings of the report will be considered in further detail by the Joint Assembly and Executive Board in November and December, as part of the forthcoming item on City Access.
- 18 2019/20 Transport Finance Overview (to 31st July 2019)
- 18.1 The table overleaf contains a summary of the expenditure to July 2019 against the budget for the year.
- 18.2 Two lines have been added to the table for 2019/20. These are:
 - "Science Park to Waterbeach (formerly A10 North Study)"
 - "Eastern Access"
- 18.3 Two lines have been removed from the table for 2019/20. These are:
 - "Ely to Cambridge Transport Study" (A10 North Study) this is now the 'Science Park to Waterbeach' project
 - "Travel Audit South Station and biomedical campus" this project has been completed. An update on progress against the list of interventions identified by the Travel Audit will be included in the next Quarterly Progress Report.

	Original	Revised		2019-20	2019-20 Outturn	2019-20 Variance	20:	19-20 stat	budget us
Project	Approved Total Budget (£'000)	Total Budget (£'000)	Change (£'000)	Budget £'000	(forecast Jul 19) £'000	(forecast Jul 19) £'000	Previous	Current	Change
Cambridge Southeast Transport Scheme (formerly A1307)	141,082	140,735	-347	7,647	7,647	0			↑
Cambourne to Cambridge / A428 corridor	59,040	157,000	97,960	3,612	3,612	0			+
Science Park to Waterbeach (formerly A10 North Study)	-	2,600	2,600	2,067	260	-1,807			-
Eastern Access	-	500	500	500	225	-275			-
Milton Road bus priority	23,040	23,040	0	600	600	0			←→
City Centre Access Project	9,638	9,888	250	3,716	3,716	0			↑
Chisholm Trail	9,269	14,269	5,000	4,276	4,276	0			\uparrow
Cross-City Cycle Improvements	8,934	8,934	0	-132	1,000	+1,132			+
Histon Road Bus Priority	4,280	7,000	2,720	1,000	1,000	0			1
West of Cambridge package (formerly Western Orbital)	5,900	42,000	36,100	3,000	3,000	0			↑
Greenways Quick Wins	4,650	3,650	-1,000	1,571	1,571	0			*
Programme Management & Early Scheme Development	3,200	3,200	0	703	703	0			←
Cambridge South Station	1,750	1,750	0	1,750	1,750	0			←→
Residents Parking Implementation	1,191	1,191	0	350	230	-120			←→
Rural Travel Hubs	700	700	0	150	50	-100			←→
Greenways Development	500	536	36	30	60	+30			\
Total	273,174	416,993	143,819	30,840	29,700	-1,140			↑

18.4 The explanation for any variances is set out in the following paragraphs.

Cambridge Southeast Transport Scheme (formerly A1307)

18.5 No change in the end-of-year forecast is currently proposed, but construction costs are under pressure, and it is possible that an uplift may be required, or works are postponed. There is no forecast pressure on the overall budget which remains the same due to

possible savings on Phase 2. The situation will be reviewed when Phase 2 estimates are finalised.

Cambourne to Cambridge / A428 Corridor

18.6 It is anticipated the 2019/20 budget of £3.61m will be spent by the end of the year. Most of the detailed works will happen subject to the decisions made at the December Executive Board, which will lead to procuring more works in early 2020.

Science Park to Waterbeach (formerly A10 North Study)

18.7 It is likely that the bulk of the remaining budget will be allocated beyond the current financial year. This programme is in line with the expected development period and assumes development of the study to the end of the Options Assessment Report only. Public consultation on this element will follow after April 2020.

Eastern Access

18.8 It is currently forecast that there will be an underspend of £275k at the end of the year. This assumes development of the study to the end of the Options Assessment Report only. Public consultation on this element will follow after April 2020.

Milton Road Bus Priority

18.9 The budget forecast remains on target. It is currently forecast that the £600k budget will be spent by the end of the year.

City Centre Access Project

18.10 It is currently anticipated that a substantial proportion of the budget of £3.72m will be spent in 2019/20. However, there is a potential for underspend depending on the future scope for some individual work streams.

Chisholm Trail

18.11 This project is currently on track to spend the allocated budget of £4.28m by the end of the year. Construction work is underway on both Phase One and Phase Two.

Cross-City Cycle Improvements

- 18.12 There is likely to be an over spend of just over £1.1m by the end of the year, as the overall budget was spent in 2018/19. This overspend was due to issues around traffic management which heavily restricted the working hours and extensive public utility plant diversions. Work on the last two projects is now nearing completion.
- 18.13 Options to generate further income are currently being looked at. It is also anticipated that some money will be refunded from advance payments made to utility companies.

Histon Road Bus Priority

18.14 It is currently forecast that the £1m budget will be spent by the end of the year. Current spend reflects work done on the detailed design phase. In the last quarter there will be mobilisation and construction costs as the build commences.

West of Cambridge Package (formerly Western Orbital)

18.15 The Outline Business Case works have been completed and were presented to June's Executive Board. There is currently no forecast variance outturn.

Greenways Quick Wins

18.16 Delivery on the Quick Wins projects continues and the budget of £1.57m is on track to be spent by the end of the year.

Programme Management and Early Scheme Development

18.17 It is currently anticipated that the £703k budget will be spent by the end of the year.

Cambridge South Station

18.18 At this stage of the financial year it is anticipated that the £1.75m budget will be spent. GCP is currently working with the DfT to understand when the DfT wish to draw down the funding.

Residents Parking Implementation

18.19 As the programme of work depends on support from local residents there is the potential for some schemes not to progress which may result in an estimated underspend of £120k this year.

Rural Travel Hubs

18.20 The majority of this year's spend will focus on developing the Whittlesford Parkway Transport Masterplan, with an underspend of £100k currently anticipated.

Greenways Development

18.21 There is likely to be an overspend of £30k this financial year. This is due to the extra resource required to compete the consultations to an expedited timetable.

Economy and Environment

19 Local Grid Constraints

- 19.1 As has been previously reported, the Economy and Environment Working Group has been considering the constraints that the energy grid within Greater Cambridge may pose on sustainable economic growth in the future.
- 19.2 Given the GCP's role in facilitating further sustainable economic growth the Board agreed there may be a role that the GCP could play, potentially alongside other stakeholders, in alleviating these constraints on the Grid and unlocking business growth that may otherwise be stalled.
- 19.3 Officers commissioned a report which found that the Grid is approaching full capacity and requires significant investment to enable further connections. Initial findings suggest that this capacity constraint has the potential to slow the delivery of housing and economic development unless action is taken to speed up the delivery of new Grid capacity.
- 19.4 In March 2019, the Executive Board agreed to allocate £40k to undertake further work on this issue. On this basis, UK Power Networks (UKPN) have been commissioned to undertake an engineering study, which will provide the GCP with a number of options to increase capacity within the local network, as well as an outline construction programme and costings.
- 19.5 Officers have continued to engage with UKPN and will receive a draft of the report in mid-September, in line with previously reported timescales.
- 19.6 The results of the study will be presented to the Joint Assembly and Executive Board in November 2019 and December 2019 respectively, alongside a number of options and next steps.

20 Cambridge & (previously known as Project Spring)

- As agreed at the June 2019 Executive Board, the GCP made an initial £25k investment into the first phase of Cambridge & (previously known as Project Spring). In this phase, the project team are seeking to produce an evidence base for the "Cambridge Story", create an interactive web portal containing key information for investors in Greater Cambridge and develop a robust business case seeking further investment to fully develop an inward investment service for the area.
- 20.2 Working in partnership with the University of Cambridge and business community, GCP officers have been engaging proactively with the project team to review content and contribute to the project, including inputting on branding and the web portal.
- 20.3 The business case is currently being developed and should be available for officer consideration by the end of September. As a project sponsor, the GCP will continue to be heavily engaged in the sign-off of the business case ahead of the project team going out to seek further funding for Cambridge &.

20.4 Officers continue to engage in this work and will continue to review progress. The position remains that if the business case demonstrates clear value for money and the potential to deliver significant benefits in terms of inward investment into Greater Cambridge, the Joint Assembly and Executive Board may wish to consider further financial support towards the project.

Note to reader - RAG Explanations

Finance Tables

- **Green**: Projected to come in on or under budget
- **Amber**: Projected to come in over budget, but with measures proposed/in place to bring it in under budget
- Red: Projected to come in over budget, without clear measures currently proposed/in place

Indicator Tables

- **Green**: Forecasting or realising achieving/exceeding target
- Amber: Forecasting or realising a slight underachievement of target
- Red: Forecasting or realising a significant underachievement of target

Project Delivery Tables

- **Green**: Delivery projected on or before target date
- **Amber**: Delivery projected after target date, but with measures in place to meet the target date (this may include redefining the target date to respond to emerging issues/information
- **Red**: Delivery projected after target date, without clear measures proposed/in place to meet the target date

EXECUTIVE BOARD FORWARD PLAN OF KEY DECISIONS

Notice is hereby given of:

- Decisions that that will be taken by the GCP Executive Board, including key decisions as identified in the table below.
- Confidential or exempt executive decisions that will be taken in a meeting from which the public will be excluded (for whole or part).

A 'key decision' is one that is likely to:

- a) Result in the incurring of expenditure which is, or the making of savings which are, significant having regard to the budget for the service or function to which the decision relates; or
- b) Be significant in terms of its effects on communities living or working in the Greater Cambridge area.

Executive Board: 3 rd October 2019	Reports for each item to be published: 23 rd September 2019	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A
Madingley Road – approval to consult	To secure approval to consult on the scheme.	Peter Blake	Yes	CA LTP Passenger Transport Strategy
Histon Road: Bus, Cycling and Walking Improvements	To consider and award the construction contract.	Peter Blake	Yes	CA LTP Passenger Transport Strategy
Executive Board: 12 th December 2019	Reports for each item to be published: 2 nd December 2019	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
City Access and Public Transport Improvements	To receive an update on the project; feedback from the Citizens' Assembly and details of a proposed package of measures and seek approval to consult on these proposals.	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy

Greenways	To consider consultation results, preferred route options and prioritisation listing	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy
West of Cambridge Package – Cambridge South West Travel Hub	To consider detailed design proposals prior to seeking consent to obtain planning permission.	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport Strategy
Cambourne to Cambridge Better Public Transport Project	To consider the result of further work in response to the interim report and agree the final Outline Business Case.	Peter Blake	Yes	CA LTP Passenger Transport Strategy
A10 Waterbeach to Cambridge North Access Corridor	To receive an update on the project and, if necessary, provide a steer on next steps.	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy
Eastern Access Corridor	To receive an update on the project and, if necessary, provide a steer on next steps.	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A
Executive Board: 19 th March 2020	Reports for each item to be published 9 th March 2020	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A
Cambridge South East Transport Scheme	To receive details of the response to the public consultation on the shortlisted routes and sites; the proposed Outline Business Case; and final proposals for the scheme.	Peter Blake	Yes	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy

Milton Road	To consider and award the construction contract.	Peter Blake	Yes	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy
Executive Board: 25 th June 2020	Reports for each item to be published 15 th June 2020	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
City Access and Public Transport Improvements	To receive feedback from the consultation and agree next steps.	Peter Blake	No	CA LTP Passenger Transport / Interchange Strategy
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A
Executive Board: 1 st October 2020	Reports for each item to be published 21st September 2020	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A
Executive Board: 10 th December 2020	Reports for each item to be published 30 th November 2020	Report Author	Key Decision	Alignment with Combined Authority
GCP Quarterly Progress Report	To monitor progress across the GCP work streams, including financial monitoring information.	Niamh Matthews	No	N/A

Corresponding meeting dates

Executive Board meeting	Reports for each item published	Joint Assembly meeting	Reports for each item published
3 October 2019	23 September 2019	12 September 2019	2 September 2019
12 December 2019	2 December 2019	21 November 2019	11 November 2019
19 th March 2020	9 th March 2020	27 th February 2020	17 th February 2020
25 th June 2020	15 th June 2020	4 th June 2020	22 nd May 2020
1 st October 2020	21st September 2020	10 th September 2020	28 th August 2020
10 th December 2020	30 th November	19 th November 2020	9 th November 2020



HISTON ROAD: BUS, CYCLING AND WALKING IMPROVEMENTS FINAL DESIGN

Report to: Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly 12th September 2019

Lead Officer: Peter Blake - GCP Transport Director

1. Purpose

- 1.1. The Histon Road scheme supports the Greater Cambridge Partnership's (GCP's) transport vision of implementing improved public transport routes to encourage more people to use sustainable transport modes instead of the private car. This is a significant part of a wider public transport strategy which aims to support the feasibility of delivering proposed housing and employment growth at Cambridge Northern Fringe, Ely, Cambridge Science Park, Northstowe and Waterbeach (collectively around 27,000 new homes and 9,800 new jobs between 2011 and 2031).
- 1.2. The report sets out the final design for Histon Road. This includes the new Traffic Regulation Orders (TROs) that are required in order to implement the scheme.
- 1.3. It is proposed that the construction of the scheme is undertaken though Cambridgeshire County Council's Highways Services Contract with Skanska. On this basis, Skanska has prepared a construction budget based on the detailed design and are in the process of working with their supply chain to develop the final target cost for the construction. This will feed into the final scheme budget and will be approved by the Executive Board.
- 1.4. The Executive Board will be requested to:
 - Note the final design for Histon Road [approved by the Executive Board in December 2018] as a basis for moving to the construction stage;
 - Endorse minor amendments to the agreed Landscaping Designs and Maintenance Strategy;
 - Approve the Traffic Regulation Orders for Histon Road;
 - Agree the Construction and Traffic Management plans;
 - Approve the new budget estimates for Histon Road that follows the target cost proposal developed by Skanska; and
 - Agree the award of the construction contract to Skanska under the terms of Cambridgeshire County Council Highways Service Framework.

2. Key Issues and Considerations

- 2.1. The project has the following key objectives:
 - a) Comprehensive priority for buses in both directions wherever practicable;

- b) Safer and more convenient routes for cycling and walking, segregated where practical and possible;
- c) Enhance the environment, streetscape and air quality;
- d) Additional capacity for sustainable trips to employment/education sites;
- e) Increased bus patronage and new services; and
- f) Maintain or reduce general traffic levels.
- 2.2. **Figure 1** indicates the length of Histon Road under consideration and shows its setting within the wider strategic context. The report considered by the Executive Board on 3rd November 2015 sets out the strategic and planning background, and broader context for the scheme.

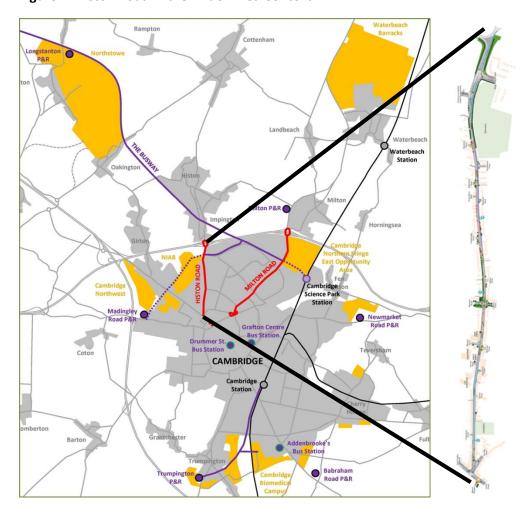


Figure 1: Histon Road in the Wider Area Context

2.3. In December 2018, the Executive Board approved the final design for Histon Road to be taken forward to the detailed design stage. The detailed design that has been undertaken by consultants WSP remains consistent with the previously approved design as demonstrated in the General Arrangement drawings that are set out in **Appendix A**.

[Note: several very minor amendments to the General Arrangement Drawings are still due to be completed prior to the Executive Board following comments from the Stage 2 Road Safety Audit. After further discussion with Local Residents, the amended designs will also include improved pedestrian crossing details at Windsor Road, and an improved continuous footway design at Canterbury Street.]

2.4. In developing the detailed design, the consultant's design team has addressed all issues raised by the stage 1 road safety audit and worked closely with the County Council in order

to develop the signals, signs, street lighting and drainage details. The County Council's Highways Services Contractor, Skanska, were also appointed to provide early contractor involvement throughout the design process in order to provide an expert view on any buildability issues, value engineering and to assist in developing the construction and traffic management plans. Skanska were also involved in the liaison with statutory undertakers in order to help develop the methodology and approach for dealing with service diversions with the view to minimising the cost and programme disruption for these activities.

- 2.5. A new Traffic Regulation Order for Histon Road is required to implement the new scheme. In following the statutory process the Order has been prepared by the Policy and Regulation team at Cambridgeshire County Council who has also completed the required public consultation in June/July 2018. Several objections were received from members of the public mainly in relation to the proposed removal of the parking bays on Histon Road but also in relation to introduction of the section of bus lane. The various objections, comments and officer responses are set out in **Appendix B** alongside the proposed TROs.
- 2.6. A construction budget estimate is being prepared by Skanska and will be tabled at the Joint Assembly meeting alongside information on the overall scheme budget.

3. Options and Emerging Recommendations

3.1. One of the most challenging aspect of the detailed design was in developing the drainage strategy. The topographical survey of Histon Road identified a number of areas with no longitudinal fall requiring combined kerb and drainage solutions to be adopted. Due to restrictions imposed by Anglian Water, the design also required new soakaway systems in order to deal with all run off generated by the increased impermeable surface area. These issues contribute to slightly higher construction costs for the affected areas but should also address existing drainage issues on Histon Road.

General Arrangement Design

Junctions

- 3.2. The designs for the 4 main junctions along Histon Road have been considered in detail and were previously approved by the Executive Board. This work is supported by detailed traffic modelling in order to assess the benefits and impacts that the proposed designs will have:
 - Victoria Road/Huntingdon Road The design improves the environment for cyclists, offering some separation from motorised vehicles in areas where there is a current conflict. These benefits seek to be achieved without adverse impact on the ability for traffic (including buses) to flow through what is a busy junction.
 - Gilbert Road/Warwick Road The design for this junction offers significant benefit to
 cyclists by providing off road facilities in all directions whilst maintaining segregation for
 pedestrians.
 - **Darwin Green** the Darwin Green junction will be delivered by the developers and has already gone through a significant planning process. Officers will continue the dialogue with the consultants/developers to ensure that the final design fits well with and follows the general principles of the proposed Histon Road scheme.
 - Kings Hedges Road officers do not propose to make any changes to it aside from
 improving the cycle lane approach from the A14 junction which can be achieved
 without affecting the performance of the junction itself with regard to vehicle flows.

- 3.3. A key aim of the project is to enhance bus priority on Histon Road. The design includes a length of inbound bus lane extending from Blackhall Road to Carisbrooke Road. The bus lane is estimated to improve future inbound bus journey times in the peak by up to 2.5 minutes enhancing reliability of service.
- 3.4. Implementation of the scheme will include connecting all of the signal controlled junctions to the Urban Traffic Control (UTC) system which will allow signal timings along the corridor to be optimised as well as facilitating priority for bus movements.
- 3.5. The Greater Cambridge Partnership (GCP) is currently preparing a specification for the procurement of new bus priority technology that will provide the link between buses on the road network and the UTC system to enable bus priority across the bus network as and when required. Testing of the new bus priority system is anticipated to start later in 2020.
- 3.6. Where width allows the scheme incorporates floating bus stops. This follows extensive work that has been undertaken by the County Council in developing the design alongside disability groups, cycle campaign groups, and other stakeholders, including an independent study to demonstrate their effectiveness and safety. Where floating bus stops are proposed the designs look to provide a minimum island width of 2.3m, and in most cases it has been possible to provide up to 2.5m, in order to allow adequate space for wheelchair users to manoeuvre.

Cycling and Walking

- 3.7. The provision of high quality cycling and pedestrian infrastructure is an important objective of this scheme. As well as improvements at junctions, the design includes improved cycle lanes along the length of Histon Road. Where the road is narrower, towards the southern end of the scheme, the aim is to provide an advisory 1.5m wide cycle lane on both inbound and outbound side of the road. The advisory cycle lanes progress into segregated lanes (Cambridge Kerb) as the road widens towards the Gilbert Road junction.
- 3.8. Between Gilbert Road and the Darwin Green junction the aim is to provide up to 2m wide segregated outbound cycle lane (1.5m minimum width in pinch points). On the inbound side of the road a 1.5m cycle path is protected by the bus lane for the majority of its length. The enhanced cycle infrastructure will improve safety and accessibility for cyclists but also address the current situation where vehicular flow is often disrupted due to the proximity of vehicles and cycles.
- 3.9. The aim has been to provide 1.8m wide footpaths along the length of the scheme, where current kerb lines allow, with a 1.4m wide minimum in pinch points. Pedestrian improvements also include provision of a new crossing in close proximity to the junction with Victoria Road (timed with the junction signals so as to not delay buses), as well as formalising a crossing at Carisbrooke Road.
- 3.10. The scheme includes raised tables across most of the minor residential side roads to improve accessibility for pedestrians. The design now also includes continuous footway designs across both Canterbury Street and Windsor Road in order to enhance priority for pedestrians in these areas where it was not possible to include raised tables. The area around the new pedestrian crossing near Carisbrooke Road has also been further developed, moving the outbound bus stop further from the crossing to address safety issues.

Removal of On-Street Parking

- 3.11. In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road, it is necessary to remove the current on street parking. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ) and 4 pay and display parking bays. Removal of the on street parking is dependent on the ability to mitigate the impact, therefore, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the LLF in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, created from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.
- 3.12. The TRO for Histon Road contains the provision for the relocation of the pay and display bays close by in Linden Close. These bays are required to support the nearby local businesses.
- 3.13. A number of points were raised by local residents and businesses including the requirement for loading, unloading, deliveries and accessibility for disabled people. As set out in the TRO, it is planned to introduce double yellow lines along the length of Histon Road in order to keep the new cycle lanes clear for the majority of the time. However, these restrictions will still allow for vehicles to stop for the purpose of loading, unloading, dropping off or picking up thus retaining necessary access to all properties.

Landscape and Environment

- 3.14. A detailed arboriculture survey has been undertaken along the length of Histon Road in order to set out the required construction techniques in the vicinity of both public and private trees.
- 3.15. Designs have been developed and completed for the four main landscaping opportunity areas that include Akeman Street junction, Gilbert Road/Warwick Road junction and the junctions with Brownlow Road and Blackhall Road. A landscaping mitigation measure has also been agreed with residents to provide a new 3m high "living" fence and associated tree planting between Brownlow Road and Blackhall Road, replacing the existing hedgerow that screens a number of gardens on the outbound side of the road. The landscape designs are set out in **Appendix C**.

Construction and Traffic Management Plan

- 3.16. The construction and traffic management plan for Histon Road has been developed by Skanska in discussion with the County Council's Streetworks team as set out in **Appendix D**. In developing the traffic management plan the project team engaged with Local Councillors, the Local Liaison Forum, Local businesses, and Stagecoach. This is a live document and will continue to be refined as part of the ongoing engagement with the local community.
- 3.17. The preferred traffic management option has received a positive response from stakeholders and involves an inbound closure of Histon Road for the duration of the carriageway works which could be up to one year. This would allow up to 4 work zones to operate along the length of the road in order to significantly reduce the construction programme duration. There are many other benefits of this option when compared to using two way signal control. These include:
 - Reduced construction programme time up to 50%
 - Reduced cost up to 30%
 - Reduced risk of delay due to hold ups when dealing with statutory undertakers.

- Lower environmental impact on local residents lower due to no queuing traffic, shorter programme, accessibility
- Reduced commuter rat running in minor roads as inbound access will be cut off
- No night time HGVs from the A14 on Histon Road during the construction period
- Health and Safety of workers improved, and longer working day possible
- Ability to promote other transport modes such as cycling and public transport during the construction period which may lead to a longer term modal shift.
- 3.18. The project team is working with Stagecoach on providing public transport options to the residents of Histon Road to allow access to Cambridge City Centre during the construction period.
- 3.19. Stagecoach is also looking to divert the Citi 8 (Cottenham/Histon/Cambridge) so that it uses the Busway and then Milton Road to access Cambridge City Centre during the construction period.
- 3.20. The project team has committed to providing both inbound and outbound access for walking and cycling throughout the duration of the works.
 - **Construction Contract Award**
- 3.21. It is proposed to award the construction contract for Histon Road to Skanska through the Cambridgeshire Highways Services Contract. This followed consideration of the various procurement options including using the Eastern Highways Alliance Framework.
- 3.22. The proposal is driven by a number of factors:
 - Skanska has recent history of successfully managing and carrying out similar works in and around Cambridge, e.g. Arbury Road.
 - Given that Skanska has provided Early Contractor Involvement during the detailed design stage, this should provide a more seamless transition to construction phase.
 - Skanska has committed to developing a major projects team to work on larger scale projects thus demonstrating that they are committed to providing the necessary resources
 - No lengthy procurement exercise was necessary thus keeping the project on track to commence in late 2019

Final Business Case and Cost Benefit Analysis.

- 3.23. The original cost benefit analysis of the scheme prepared by consultants WSP indicated a benefit to cost ration of 1.6 to 2.9 [as reported to the Executive Board in December 2018]. This will be revised in light of the revised construction budget estimate and details reported to the Joint Assembly meeting.
- 3.24. The estimated construction cost for the detailed design will also be provided alongside the completed construction budget estimate (paragraph 2.6 refers).

4. Next Steps and Milestones

4.1. Subject to the decision made by the Executive Board, officers plan to follow the broad programme as set out below:

October 2019 Executive Board
October 2019 Appoint Contractor

November 2019 Mobilisation and Site Clearance Works

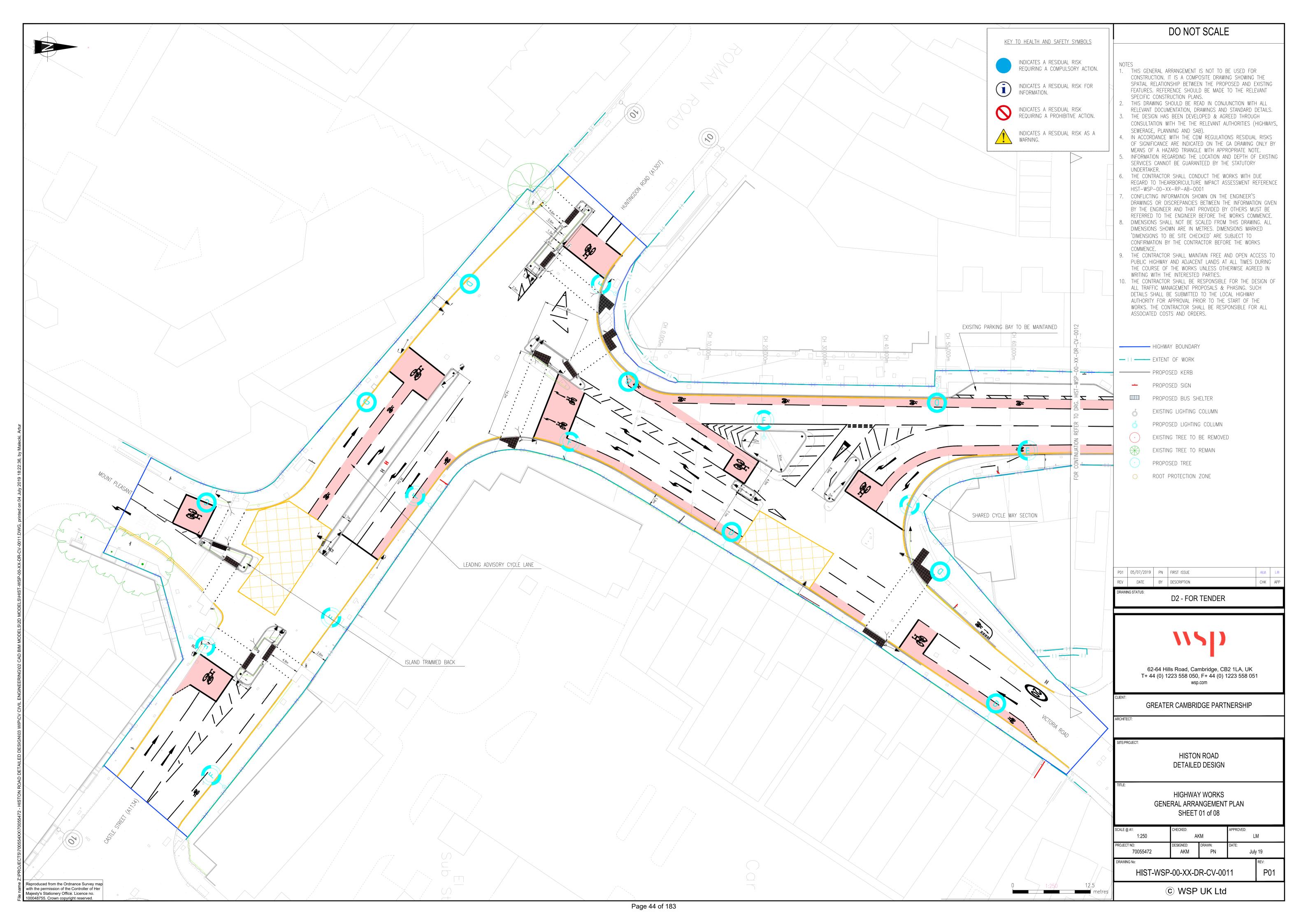
December 2019 Commence Construction
Mid 2021 Scheme Completion

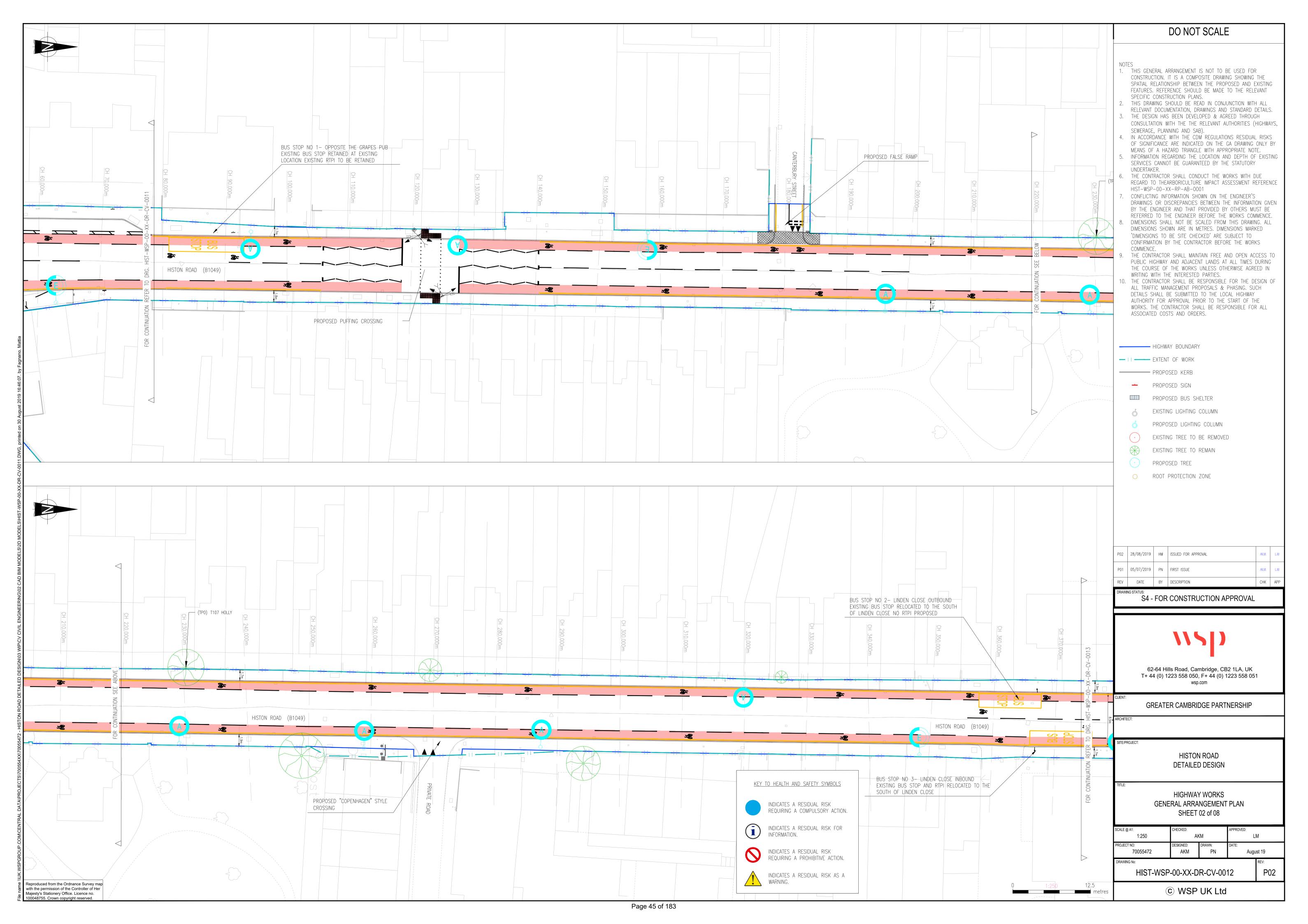
List of Appendices

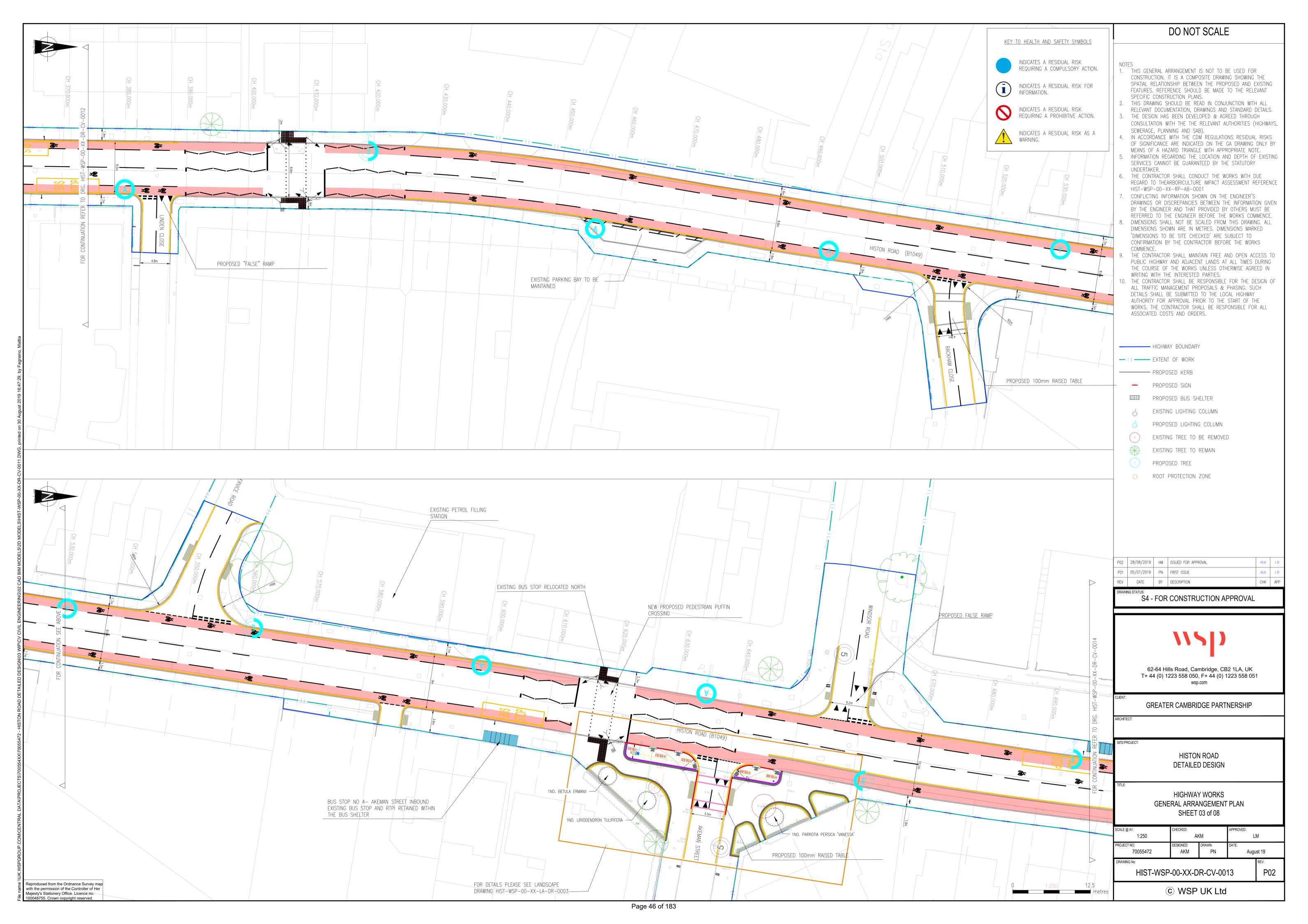
Appendix A	General Arrangement Plans
Appendix B	Traffic Regulation Orders
Appendix C	Landscape Designs
Appendix D	Construction Management Plan

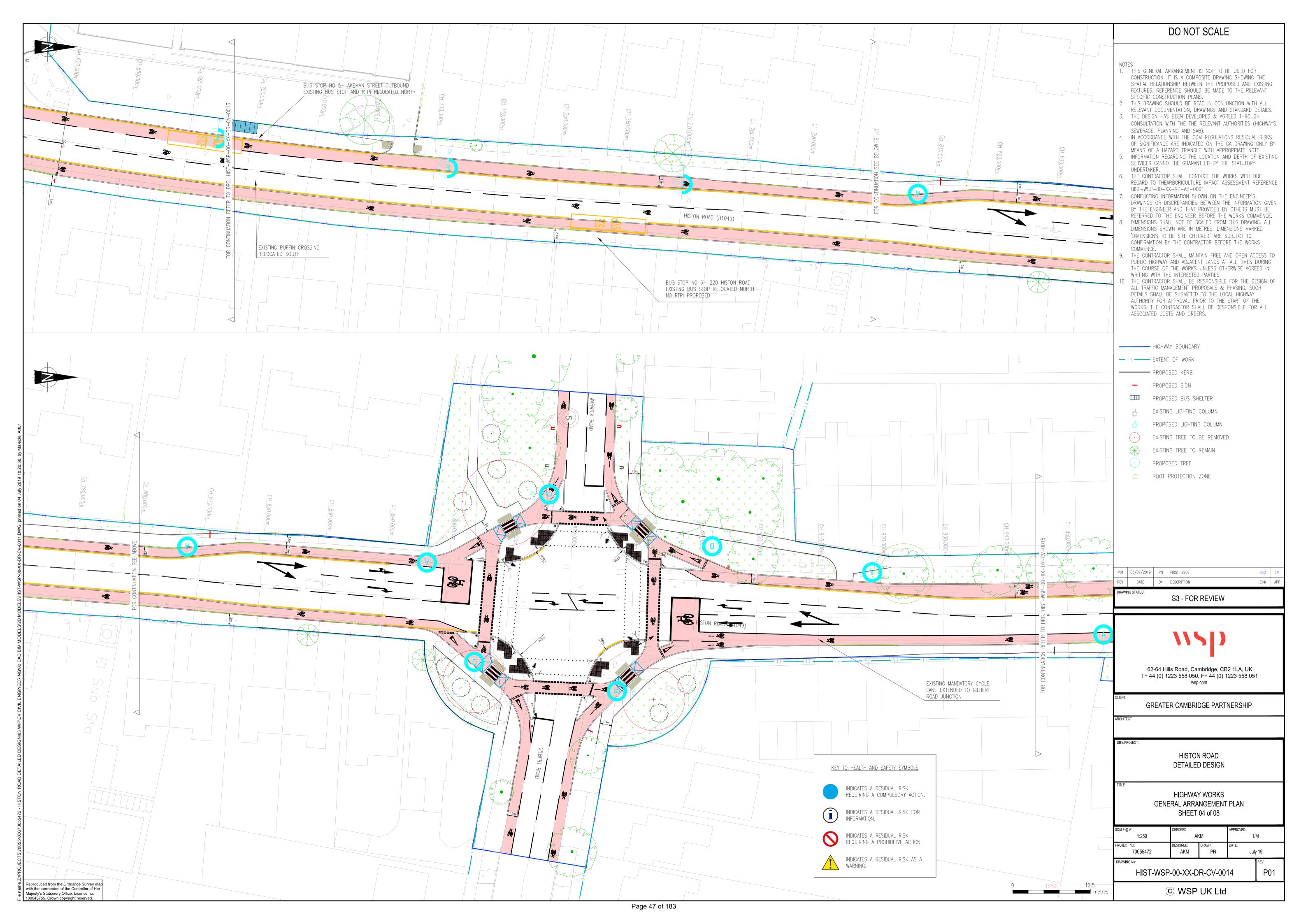
Background Papers

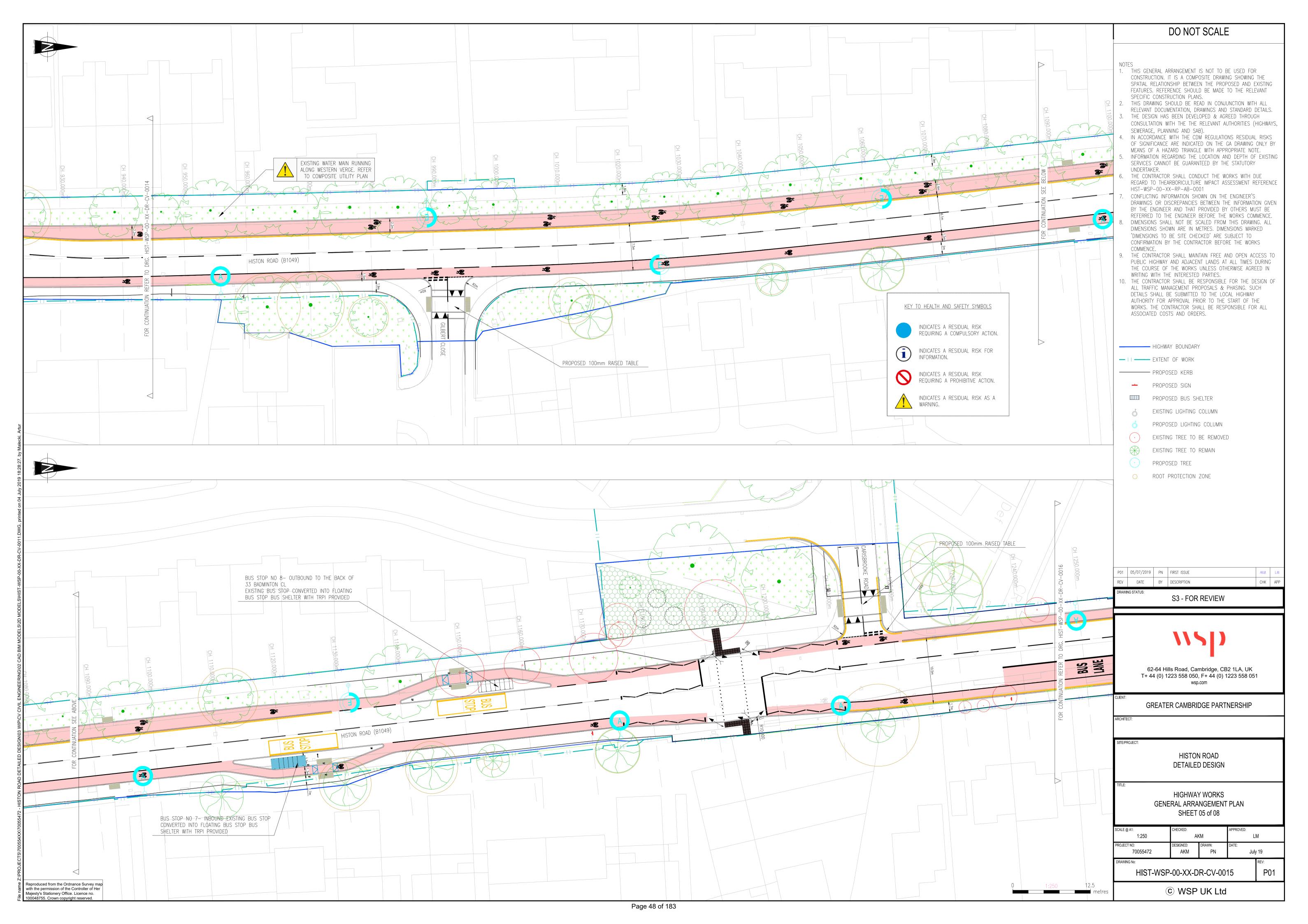
Title	Link
Executive Board agenda and minutes	http://scambs.moderngov.co.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld
Nov 2015	=1074&MId=6537&Ver=4
Executive Board agenda and minutes	http://scambs.moderngov.co.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld
Jun 2016	=1074&MId=6632&Ver=4
Executive Board agenda and minutes	http://scambs.moderngov.co.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld
Nov 2017	=1074&MId=6858&Ver=4
Executive Board agenda and minutes	http://scambs.moderngov.co.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld
Mar 2018	=1074&MId=7175&Ver=4
2018 Consultation Analysis Report	https://citydeal-
	live.storage.googleapis.com/upload/www.greatercambridg
	e.org.uk/transport/transport-
	projects/Histon%20Road%20report%20v2.pdf
Executive Board agenda and minutes	https://scambs.moderngov.co.uk/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cl
Dec 2018	<u>d=1074&MId=7196&Ver=4</u>

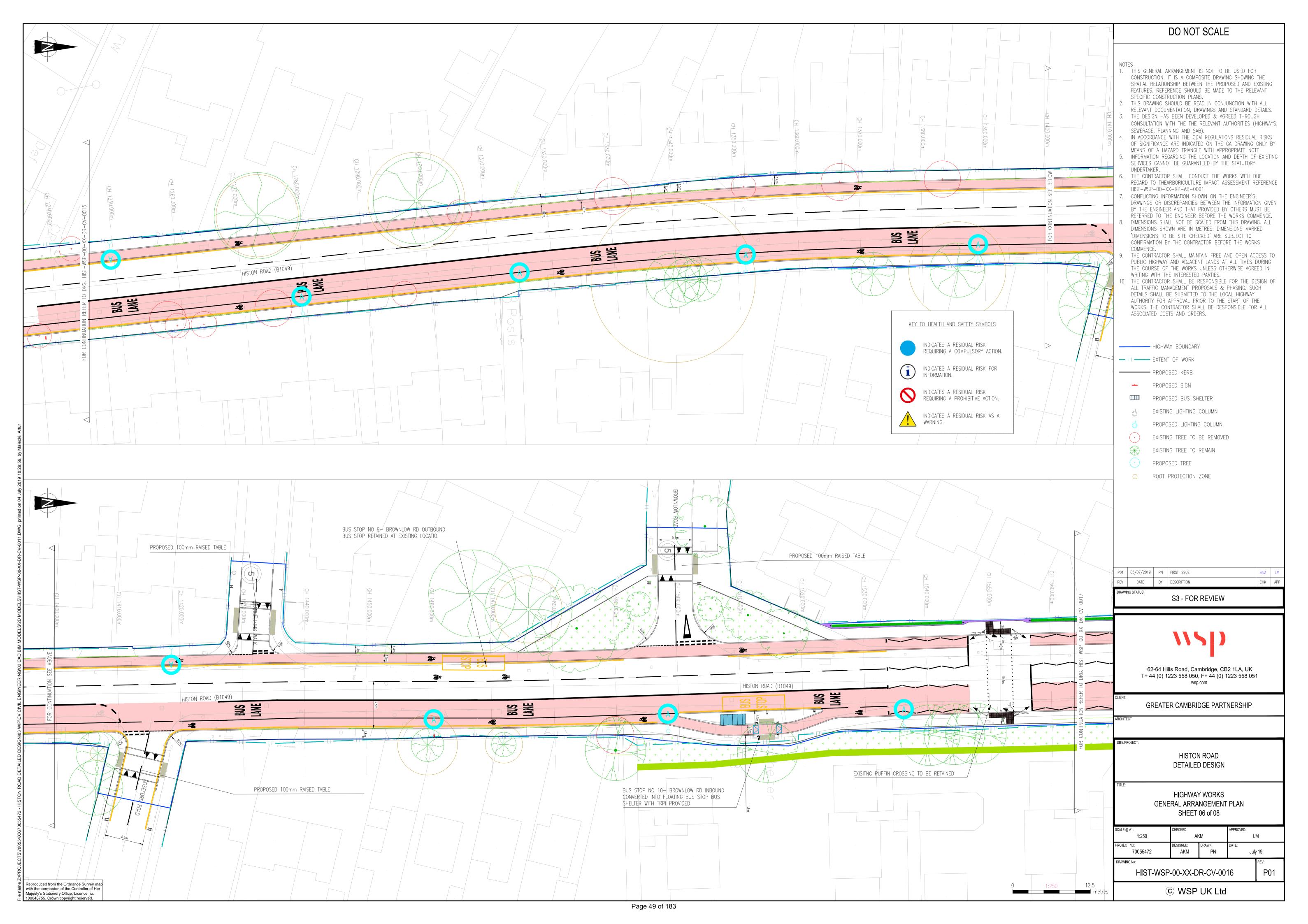


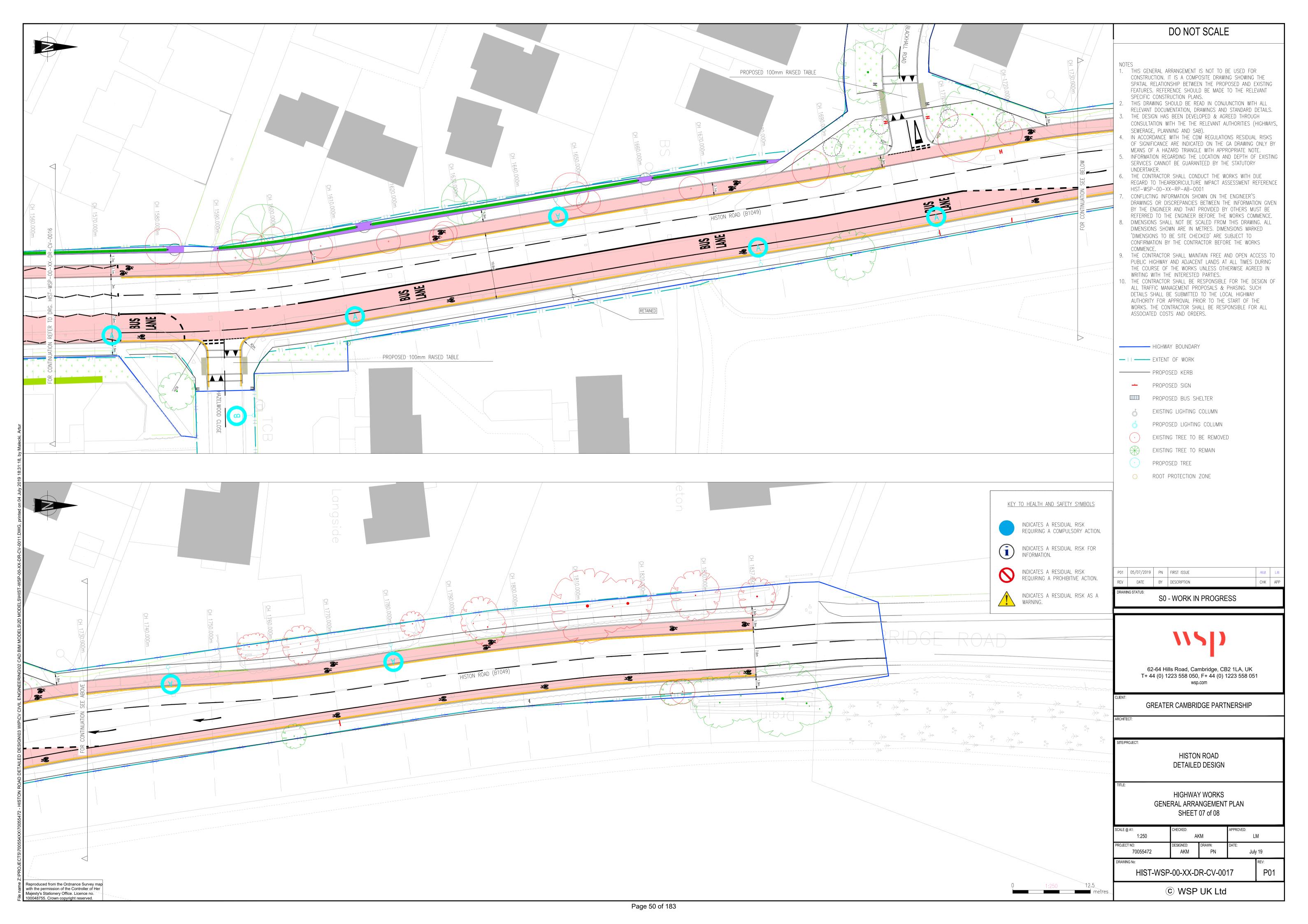


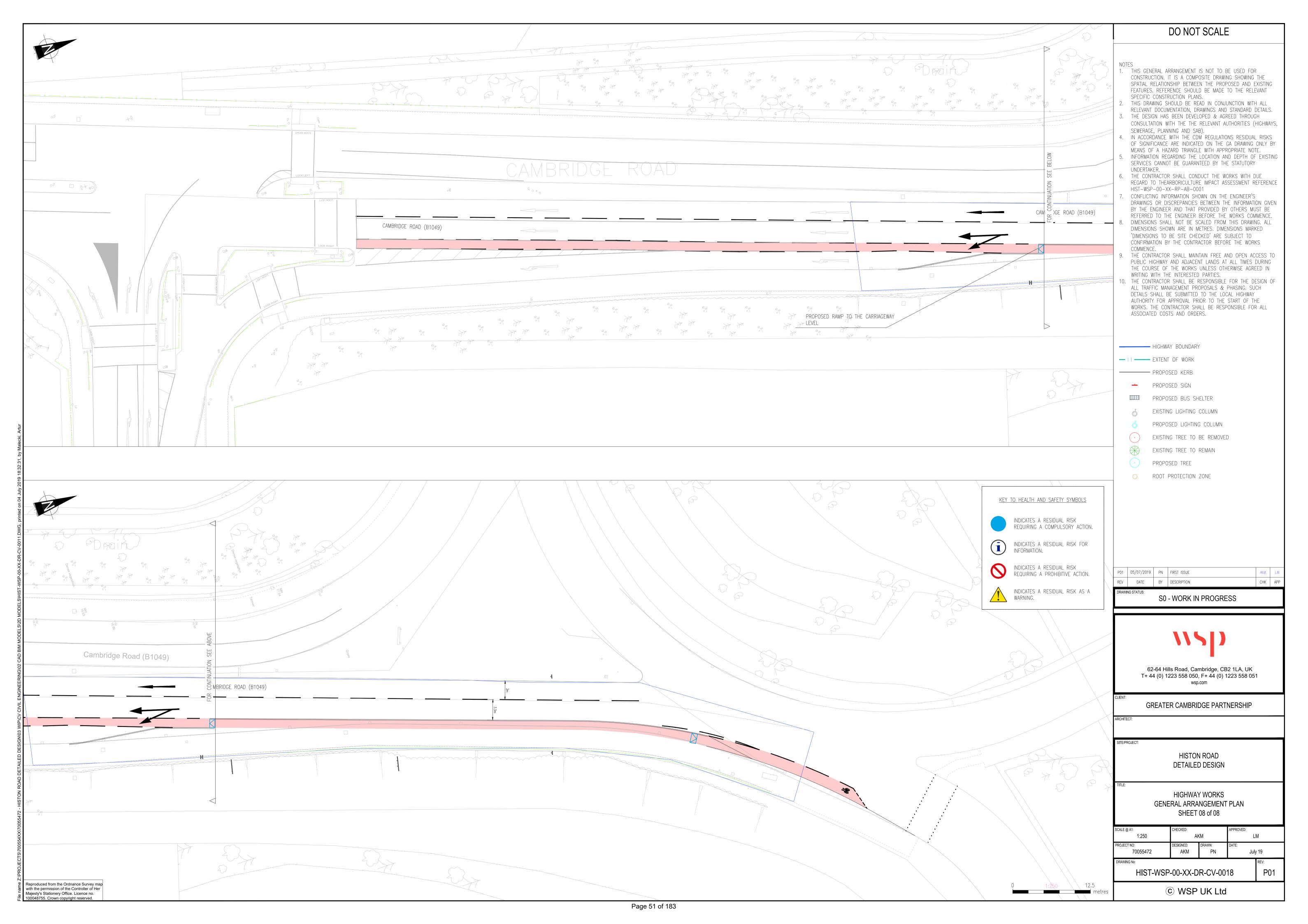












PR0564 Traffic Regulation orders for Histon Road

The Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) procedure is a statutory consultation process that requires the relevant authority to advertise in the local press and on-street, a public notice stating the proposal and the reasons for it. The public notice invites the public to formally support or object to the proposals in writing within a twenty one day notice period.

The notice for the proposed amended TROs for Histon Road were published on the Cambridgeshire County Council website and a press notice was published on the 10th July 2019, with the statutory consultation running from then until the 31st of July 2019. The orders as consulted on are included at the end of this appendix.

The statutory consultation resulted in 19 responses in total. The nature of the responses is summarised below:

- 12 objections 2 relating to the provision of a new bus lane, 9 relating to the proposed changes to parking arrangements or removal of resident parking bays and 1 relating to both the provision of a new bus lane and to the proposed changes to parking arrangements or removal of resident parking bays.
- 3 statements of support.
- 4 representations.

Detailed officer responses are provided only to the TRO objections are set out in the following table. Other comments are acknowledged and will be followed up outside of the statutory TRO process.

PR0564 Histon Road Comments and Objections

No.	Consultation Response	Officer Comments
1	Objection stating:	
	Re your letter (reference PRO564) regarding the Histon Road bus and cycle scheme. I strongly object to having a short stretch of bus lane from Blackhall Road to Carisbrooke Road - this small stretch of bus	A key aim of the project is to enhance bus priority on Histon Road. The final design for Histon Road, approved by the GCP Executive Board in December 2018 includes a length of inbound bus lane extending from Blackhall Road to a point 40m south of Carisbrooke Road. The bus lane is estimated to improve
	lane is un-justifiable given the buses will have to wait in traffic at both ends of it. This is one of the narrowest sections of Histon Road, and fitting in a bus lane here destroys all the trees and also all the grass verges in this section of road. I do not think this destruction is balanced by the very minimal gains that this short length of bus lane may generate.	future inbound bus journey times in the morning peak by up to 2.5 minutes, and more importantly, enhance the reliability of bus services using Histon Road.
	Please could you also let me know where the PRO564 draft order is - it does not seem to be on your website - I can find various other orders, but searching for PRO564 (and other terms) does not give any useful results. The address in your letter just takes me to the general site for Traffic Regulation Orders.	
2	Objection stating:	
	I would like to object to the Linden Close aspect of your proposals. Firstly, I can not see how enforcing pay and display on this road will improve the safety of cyclists and Pedestrians on Histon Road. As this road is a dead end, it is not as if this road is a cutthrough that becomes congested. It does, however, provide parking spaces for some residents of Histon Road and Linden Close properties taking their cars off the main road, thus arguably improving the flow of traffic on Histon Road.	One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic. In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this
	You may argue that residents will not need this space between the hours of 9-5, however, many locals will primarily opt to travel by bike even if they do have a car. This means that they will need to leave their cars there during the day. Thus, by	area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

enforcing this 9-5 policy you will encourage people to use their cars more than they already do to avoid being fined, which I am sure you are aware is detrimental to the environment as well as to the traffic congestion in Cambridge.

By enforcing pay and display on this road, you are putting local residents out of pocket and achieving little else, as it is always the same cars that park along this road, suggesting it is primarily residents that park there. This aspect of your proposed works does come across as a bit of a money making scheme for the council, with little care for the residents that your council is supposed to serve.

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

3 Objection stating:

I received the letter last week regarding the removing of the parking bays on Histon Road but no information on where we CAN park. I have lived at this address for 40 years and had planned on living here forever but this changes everything. I have

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

battled cancer twice and have needed carers in the past but at the moment I am well but what happens in the future if I need carers? I have a gardener who calls weekly as the garden is too much for me so where is he suppose to park?

I think it is very annoying that it is no parking 24/7 as in the evenings and Sundays it is very quiet on Histon Road at least we could have visitors call at the weekend as my daughter has 3 children so would find it hard finding somewhere to park as there is just nowhere down this end of Histon Rd unless your lucky to get one of the few spaces on Lindon Close.

As these are very old houses and need repairs what happens when we need new roofs for example? Also can people with blue badges park on yellow lines?

At least if it was only peak times we would have some sort of life!

Please think of the residents!

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road.

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the

situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

4 Objection stating:

I wish to object to the proposals for the County Council's implementation of changes on Histon Road and Linden Close, Cambridge.

The letter of proposed changes, dated 9th July 2019, came unexpectedly to myself and our household. As a Cambridge resident living so close to the City Centre, we already pay a premium for rent and water, the additional expense of parking will cause many residents, including members of my own household, unnecessary financial burdens. The property I live in was specifically chosen for the ease of parking, which is hard to come by close to the City Centre. We have just signed a lengthy rental agreement and are now greatly concerned of the effects that this will cause to our daily lives in respect of cost, time and hassle for daily commutes and weekend parking.

We do not feel that the changes proposed are necessary, or will they aid the increase in cycling or road safety.

With consideration of the above, please outline to me the following:

- Your rationale for these changes
- The proposed date that changes and road works are going to begin
- The length of time that residents will experience disruption along the road
- Alternative parking areas and spaces, free of charge to residents, that the Council can advise on
- How much these proposed works are going to cost the taxpayer.

I look forward to hearing back from you.

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

5 Objection stating:

We are writing from BenRA, the local Residents' Association for the Benson Area, representing residents and businesses within the Benson Residents' Parking Zone. Having consulted with residents and businesses over the last 2 years, via surveys and public meetings, on the issues that concern them regarding the proposed Histon Road 'improvements', we aim to represent their views and object to the above TRO for Histon Road.

Preamble: Histon Road is a B Road leading into Cambridge City from the north. To understand the effect of the proposed TRO it is necessary to understand the physical structure and social context of Histon Road and its wider role within the local area. Whereas Histon Road is indeed a major artery leading into Cambridge, it must also be viewed and understood as a local High Street, particularly at its southern end. We feel strongly that this essential character of the road has been ignored in developing the TRO.

The different character of the Southern and Northern stretches of Histon

Road: There are significant physical differences in the relationship of the houses and businesses to the road itself along the southern stretch of Histon Road

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders

compared to those to the north. For the purposes of these comments, we loosely define the southern end of Histon Road to be the area between the entrance to the Histon Road Recreation Ground and the junction with Huntingdon Road. Here the houses are tightly packed and much closer to the carriageway, without driveways or off-street parking. Along the northern stretch the houses are set well back from the carriageway, many have deep front gardens allowing off street parking and further north long stretches are separated from the carriageway by shrubs, trees, and general vegetative screening.

The proposals for the southern stretch will have a permanent detrimental impact on local residents: The southern end of Histon Road is currently included in the Benson Street Residents' Association (BenRA) and lies within the Benson Residents' Parking Zone and is a neighbourhood with a 'High Street' feel with shops, a cemetery, a nearby church and it's meeting rooms, all regularly used by the local residents who also walk and cycle throughout the area freely.

Comments and Objection: Our focus in the comments that follow is limited to the effects of the TROs on the southern end of Histon Road.

We must emphasise that we agree fully that commuter rush hour traffic has to be managed and we do not oppose the removal of parking during the rush hours, particularly in the evening when the main volume of traffic is northbound. It is the mid-day, overnight and weekend removal of parking along the southern end of Histon Road that we take issue with.

During rush hours, traffic levels are indeed very high, leading to regular congestion inbound in the morning and outbound in the evening. During off-peak hours, however, and on weekends traffic levels are moderate to low and can easily cope in the current setup, with no need for

providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

changes. Thus, for most of the day and the week, the TRO proposals will only have a negative impact, with no improvement to traffic flow.

We believe that the proposed TRO will not enhance safety for all road users. In fact, we believe the opposite is the case, and that the road will become problematic and more dangerous for residents, pedestrians and cyclists, for the following reasons:

1. Removal of parking

- No adequate provision has been made for residents with mobility issues
 - a. We have residents on the west side of Histon Road who will not be able to reach their cars parked further down into side streets, other than by walking along the pavement on Histon Rd and then the extremely narrow pavements of Canterbury St, none of which satisfy standard minimum requirements for Disabled Access.
- b) No adequate provision has been made for residents with carers
 - a. Carers have limited time with their patients and much of this will be taken up in searching for parking spaces. Most carers visit their clients between 9:30 am and 4 pm, outside of rush hour traffic.
- c) Both BenRA and WSP conducted parking surveys, however:
 - a. The WSP survey ran over 3 weekdays and established that there was room to accommodate displaced parking from Histon Road within the Benson parking zone.
 - b. In contrast, the BenRA survey ran over a whole

- week and distinguished between parking spaces near to Histon Road and those further back into the west end of the zone
- c. With the loss of c. 30 spaces on Histon Road, the BenRA survey established that parking spaces near Histon Road would be fought over by both local residents as well as Histon Road residents
- d. It also established that weekend parking would result in an overall lack of spaces
- d) A further BenRA survey of Histon Road residents established qualitative feedback from elderly residents reporting they would not be able to reach their cars due to mobility issues, and from elderly residents with carers reporting the loss of valuable time while carers are looking for parking.
- e) The survey also showed local businesses reporting that they would lose custom
 - a. The relocation of the meter spaces in front of Nos. 69-73 Histon Rd into Linden Close on the east side of the street might well kill off the businesses at these addresses on the west side, as well as seriously increase pressure on spaces in Linden Close itself. In addition, the new location of the meter spaces is far closer to the business at No. 113 Histon Road ("Domino's Pizza") with its high demand for pickups and deliveries, than to their current location.
- f) The removal of the 30-min waiting permission outside Nos. 18-22 Histon Road ("Midan", formerly

"Nasreen Dar") during off-peak and weekend daytime hours will seriously impact that business. The meter spaces opposite are no replacement for customers of a convenience store, adding significant inconvenience and, for minor purchases, relative cost. Also, as proposed, these spaces would have no restrictions after 6pm and before 8am, and would thus be used for long-term night-time parking.

2. Installation of advisory cycle lanes

It has been established that the road is not wide enough for two larger vehicles to pass in opposite directions without intruding into the cycle lanes. Taxis, private cars or delivery vehicles picking up, dropping off or receiving passengers or goods will also be required to move into the cycle lane, therefore:

- a) Cyclists will be required constantly to dodge in an out of the lane to avoid these vehicles
- b) Where the cycle lane is blocked repeatedly due to the above scenarios, it will be safer for cyclists to proceed in the main carriageway (as is currently the case)

3. Air quality, noise and vibration

With the removal of parking, vehicles will be travelling closer to the houses than before, without the buffer of a line of cars to help dissipate noise and vibration

- a) HGVs, buses and cars will be travelling closer to houses due to removal of parking and this disturbance will be greater and residents who have been recently subjected to extraordinarily heavy HGV night-time traffic have witnessed considerable detrimental effects on their peace and quiet and are anxious about increased pollution, noise and vibration
- b) Residents report that their houses already shake because of this

4. Facilitate movement of traffic

- a) BenRA conducted SpeedWatch sessions on the south end of Histon Road in March and September 2018.
 - a. In the September session, only 6 of the 542 cars that passed on the southbound lane over 78 minutes between 5.12 and 6.30pm exceeded the 30mph speed limit.
 - Residents have consistently asked for a 20 mph speed limit on this end of Histon Road and we ask again that this is implemented
 - c. Current parking means that it is difficult to reach speeds of above 20mph, particularly northbound, and a 20mph speed limit could be installed without issue.
 - d. With the removal of parking a speed limit of 30 mph can more easily be reached and will more often be breached. Imposing and enforcing a 20mph limit, which in practice means speeds of 20-25 mph, will be ever more necessary.

5. Installation of raised tables

At LLF meetings we were led to believe that Canterbury Street would have a raised table at the Histon Road junction. At no time until the publication of the TRO were we informed that Canterbury Street would not have a raised table, and that we will only have a false ramp.

 a) We request that Canterbury Street be treated equally with other streets off Histon Road and designated a raised table, as this will be essential to soften the effects of rat-run traffic. We request that detailed consideration and a response to these questions and queries is given, as we believe that these represent issues that will have a serious effect of the quality of life for our residents and for businesses on Histon Road and the neighbouring streets.

We also request that alternative proposals aired at the LLF meetings (such as parking restrictions only during rush hours) be discussed and answered. If they are not feasible, we need to know the reasons.

If there can be night-time parking in front of "Midan" at the busiest and most congested stretch of the entire Histon Road, then we see no reason why "No Waiting Mon-Fri 7.30 am to 9.30 am and 4.30 pm to 6.30 pm" on one side of the southern part of the road could not be a possible solution. The Benson Parking Zone can accommodate the need for residents to park during these hours far more easily than a blanket "No Waiting at any time". If legally possible, a similar restriction of residents' permit parking could also achieve the same effect.

If the maxims of the GCP are to improve the environment for the people of Cambridge and its environs, we need to know that this community at the south end of Histon Road is also included, and that our lives and wellbeing will not be sacrificed for the so called 'improvements' to Histon Road.

6 Objection stating:

I would like to make my objections to the proposal of removing residents parking bays on Histon road. We regularly make use of the parking bays and this change would create a serious inconvenience for us, as well as devalue our property. Added to this fact, the proposal does not include adequate replacement parking bays or alternatives, which is totally unacceptable.

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to This also will affect the local businesses in the area, making it much more difficult for customers to find parking and thus affecting sales for them and undermining the local micro-economy of the area. I do not support this initiative.

remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road.

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

A key aim of the project is to enhance bus priority on Histon Road. The final design for Histon Road, approved by the Executive Board in December 2018 includes a length of inbound bus lane extending from Blackhall Road to a point 40m south of Carisbrooke Road. The bus lane is estimated to improve future inbound bus journey times in the morning peak by up to 2.5 minutes, and more importantly, enhance the reliability of bus services using Histon Road.

7 Objection stating:

I am writing to object to the traffic regulation proposals under reference PR0564, relating to parking restrictions along and adjacent to Histon Road, Cambridge, on the grounds that insufficient consideration has been given to balancing the needs of all interested parties or to mitigation of the detrimental effects.

Background:

Over the last several years, there have been a number of proposals to redesign Histon Road, with the stated aims of improving traffic flow and/or safety. These proposals have been presented under the umbrella of what is currently known as the Greater Cambridge City Deal.

The current proposals, where they concern the area south of Gilbert Road, are nearly identical to a set of proposals announced in a letter to residents from Brian Stinton on 5 December 2013. At the time, it was already clear that support was lukewarm (a consultation in July 2013 showed 38% for, 42% against), and the proposed TRO did not go ahead.

Similar proposals were presented again in 2015, and also dropped. Then the same proposals, with only minor adjustments, were yet again presented in the consultation in summer 2018. In the report to the Greater Cambridge Partnership Executive Board on 6th December 2018, it has been stated that the main proposals

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The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced

received more support than opposition, although the overall scheme covers a wide area, and it is not clear whether due weight has been given to the views of the residents most affected by each aspect of the scheme. It is good to read that some of the concerns expressed through the consultation process have been incorporated in the wider plans, although the basic premise and overall design appears unchanged since at least 2013.

On the justifications for the proposals:

The current TRO proposals assert (ref. file "PR0564 AM41 SOR.pdf") that the changes are intended to improve the safety of road users, and to "facilitate the movement of traffic" and hence to improve journey times by public transport.

On the first point, that of safety, it is reasonable to believe that the introduction of cycle lanes and associated junction changes can bring significant benefits for cyclists. The precise details are critical, however: cycle lanes can often encourage high-speed "undertaking" by cyclists, and cycle-friendly junction improvements can encourage cyclists to take additional risks. Were "floating" bus stops to become part of the later phases of the work, those too have both benefits and significant dangers.

Less intrusive measures, such as moving the centre line of the road to equalise the lane widths, or better enforcement of the existing waiting restrictions (both of which are notable issues in the very areas in which new parking restrictions are proposed), would also be likely to have a positive effect on cyclist safety without the same disruption to local residents.

On the second point, the best estimates which have been made public (eg. in the December report) show minimal improvement to bus journey times, of the order of 2.5 minutes, and this improvement is entirely attributable to the proposed introduction of a southbound bus lane in

to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

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the northern reaches of Histon Road. Observation shows that there is no congestion whatsoever in any stretch of Histon Road outside the morning and evening weekday peak hours; and during those times, the congestion is primarily or solely caused not by the layout or width of Histon Road, but by the low capacity of the terminal junctions. The Victoria Road junction in particular suffers from very poor phasing and timing relative to the signals at the Huntingdon Road and Mount Pleasant junctions. There is a significant risk, already called out at LLF meetings, that changes to improve the junction for cyclists (whilst beneficial in themselves) would make this situation worse, and negate any minor increase in capacity elsewhere. Additionally, the proposed introduction of several new pedestrian crossings (in itself a good thing) will obviate any journey time improvements.

Given the small improvements against the stated objectives, and the fact that the primary cause of existing congestion would not be addressed by the proposals (indeed, it may even be made worse), the widespread and intrusive nature of the proposals where they relate to parking capacity seems disproportionate.

It is also pertinent to observe that Histon Road is primarily a residential area, and is not a recommended arterial route, as confirmed by its classification as a "B" road and the recent petition to ban large goods vehicles overnight. Therefore the needs of residents (including the ability to park near their homes) should have greater weight than the needs of through traffic.

On possible mitigation of disruption to residents:

Among the discussions and presentations which have taken place in the months and years since the earliest consultations, there was a commitment to "develop parking management measures to address displaced parking"

(HRMR presentation on 2016-07-05, and also reported to the Histon Road Local Liaison Forum in March 2018). Despite this commitment, I can see no consideration having been given to mitigating the loss of several resident parking spaces in Linden Close, due to the proposed new Pay and Display bays.

The loss of spaces in Linden Close will be further exacerbated by the likelihood that some Histon Road residents will park in Linden Close or the other eastern side roads. The scheme makes the assumption that they will all simply move their vehicles elsewhere within the Benson Area RPZ, but this is far from guaranteed: that zone covers a wide area, and not all Histon Road residences have a rear entrance, so they would have to walk a large distance.

The other predictable outcome of the current proposals is a loss of green space, when residents are forced to destroy existing gardens in favour of private driveways or garages. This would clearly be contrary to public opinion and general environmental planning policy.

In the report of December 2018, there is reference (para 5.24) to "the new Stretten Area RPZ" as a mitigation for the displacement of spaces from Histon Road. However, that scheme has been rejected.

In practice, even were the Stretten Area RPZ to have been approved, it would have had very limited value measured against its stated objectives (and this can be assumed to be the main reason it was rejected): the competition for parking space in this area is primarily between residents, not from non-residents, and is most in evidence overnight. During the proposed daytime operational hours of the RPZ, there is always ample space to accommodate the small amount of commuter and local business parking which occurs.

The current proposals for Histon Road are likely to create additional non-resident

parking in the eastern side roads at all times of the day and night (displaced from Histon Road), in addition to the significant reduction of the space in Linden Close itself. This increased pressure on space in Linden Close and the wider eastern area would be directly and solely caused by the proposals for Histon Road, and it would in practice not have been mitigated at all by the introduction of the proposed RPZ, for the reasons mentioned above.

A possible mitigation might be a fully funded free-to-use Residents Parking scheme for Linden Close and the other nearly streets similarly affected. It might not need to cover as large an area as the originally proposed Stretten RPZ. The operational hours would need to be specifically designed to prevent leakage from the Benson Area RPZ by nearly residents. This scheme should moreover permit unrestricted free use by residents of the new Pay and Display spaces, to mitigate the loss of those bays for residential use. Perhaps the council could give consideration to this suggestion?

8 Objection stating:

- 1) We are concerned about the traffic moving on Histon Road would be faster, therefore endangering the safety of cyclists and pedestrians.
- 2) Removing the parking bays moves the traffic significantly closer to the residential housing. This infringes on a number of human rights guaranteed by the state, including:
- a. Our right to health (Article 2 International Covenant of Economic Social and Cultural Rights, of which the UK is a signatory) – as the exhaust fumes and the noise are elevated
- b. Our right to respect for private and family life (Art. 8 European Convention on Human Rights, ratified into UK law through the Human Rights Act) as the enjoyment of private and family life inside and outside our house is impacted through noise, safety

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that

concerns, and health repercussions, and drivers and passengers being able to look into the windows.

- c. Our right to housing (Art. 11(1) International Covenant of Economic Social and Cultural Rights). Our period home already vibrates when heavy traffic passes by. The increase of traffic and the increased proximity of the traffic to the house will likely compromise the structure of the house.
- 3) There does not appear to have been a significant response to resident concerns. It seems to us that the plans for Histon Road, despite going through consultation, are exactly the same as those tabled by the council at the beginning of the process.
- 4) There has been a lack of transparency on exactly whose interests are served through the plans and it is clear that this is not in the interests of the residents on Histon Road.

We would expect, in particular, the infringement on human rights to have been considered by the council, and demand a response to our concerns. In the event that this does not occur, we would be willing to pursue further routes, whether these are of a legal nature or of a public interest nature.

during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

9 Objection stating:

I am writing to object to the proposed Histon Road bus and cycle priority scheme, in particular to the proposal to install a bus lane between Blackhall Road and Carisbrooke Road junctions, for the following reasons:

There is insufficient carriageway width to accommodate an extra lane of traffic.

A key aim of the project is to enhance bus priority on Histon Road. The final design for Histon Road, approved by the Executive Board in December 2018 includes a length of inbound bus lane extending from Blackhall Road to a point 40m south of Carisbrooke Road. The bus lane is estimated to improve future inbound bus journey times in the morning peak by up to 2.5 minutes, and more

The proposal envisages cutting down a number of mature trees which are essential to help reduce pollution on this route, which appears to be contrary to the City Council's recent declaration of a climate emergency.

If implemented, the scheme will encourage increased car traffic on Histon Road (since drivers will anticipate fewer delays caused by buses). This effect will not be offset by the claimed reduction in bus journey times of ~3 minutes.

There are no credible measures proposed to reduce pollution on what is already a heavily polluted route.

There are no credible mitigation measures proposed to reduce traffic noise, which is already a significant problem, but ignored by the county council and highway authorities.

Project staff have acknowledged that the scheme will worsen the environment along this section of Histon Road. I urge GCP instead to adopt alternative proposals from Smarter Cambridge Transport to improve journey times and reduce traffic on Histon Road rather than pursuing this damaging and wasteful proposal against the wishes of all those who will have to suffer its effects.

importantly, enhance the reliability of bus services using Histon Road.

10 | Objection stating:

As City Councillors for Castle ward, please find below two comments.

1. Mitigation for Huntingdon Road This TRO proposes the closure of in-bound traffic on Histon Road, redirecting this towards Huntingdon Road, as well as other arterial routes.

While we agree that closing one direction of traffic on Histon Road during the development has more benefits than weaknesses in limiting cost and speeding up the works, we have grave concerns about the impact this will have on Huntingdon Road. The use of Huntingdon Road by HGV's from the A14 works has highlighted that heavy traffic along here

For clarification regarding point 1. These matters are not part of this TRO, but will be considered as part of the Traffic Management plan and the required Temporary TROs that are required to implement

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In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this causes great disturbance to residents, and the extent of the traffic has already caused cracks in the walls of some properties.

We request that the Greater Cambridge Partnership considers some form of mitigation for this, including taking measures alongside the County Council to limit additional HGV vehicle use of Huntingdon Road during the night.

2. Parking needs on Histon Road
The removal of residents parking from
Histon Road means that residents with
mobility issues will not be able to park near
their properties, and in fact there is a risk
there will not be adequate parking for
residents in the Benson Area at all.

We would like it to be noted that the WSP survey is an inadequate measure of the parking requirements on Histon Road, as it was carried out over three weekdays, when people who drive to work will already have done so.

We note that BenRA has conducted their own survey over a full week, with findings that suggest the parking spaces are in high demand, as is the parking availability in the Benson area.

We therefore suggest that further surveying is undertaken to confirm the parking needs of this area, giving specific notice to residents with mobility issues who have a greater need to park nearer to their properties.

area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

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The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

11 Objection stating:

I am writing to object in the strongest terms to the plans for Histon Road (specifically those relating to the section of the road between Akeman Street and the junction with Victoria Road).

There is no evidence that the introduction of a cycle lane will improve the safety or usage Histon Road as a cycle path.

Therefore the plans are without just cause.

The Council is neglecting its duty of care to its residents and taxpayers by removing residents' parking. It will become impossible for certain residents to have critical building work conducted on their properties. This act also renders the Council liable under the tenants of The Access to Neighbouring Land Act 1992 to both individual and class action lawsuits.

The Council is neglecting their duty of care responsibilities to the vulnerable populations who require urgent care and regular carers by removing parking. Furthermore, the layout of the pavement under these plans will restrict the access of children who require double pushchairs and individuals with reduced mobility who require wheelchairs and scooters. The Council must legally show evidence that they have considered these plans under the scope of the Health and Social Care Act 2012 under which they have increased responsibilities to such vulnerable groups. Without doing so in the necessary thorough and transparent manner, the Council renders itself negligent and legally liable.

If the Council insists on the removal of parking, it must stand to such scrutiny. It should outline plans for parking for residents for essential building works, loading and transit of vulnerable groups including children and the elderly. I suggest that residents should be able to apply to the Council for sections of the cycle lane to be suspended to facilitate parking for

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The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay

essential building works and/or visits from care professionals. Similarly, residents should not be subject to penalties should they be required to block the cycle lane to load vulnerable adults or children into vehicles. Such provision should be formally outlined and accommodated by the Council.

I would also advise the Council to:

- Purchase the parking bay outside Cranwell Court and the Grapes pub (or reach an agreement with the owners of said establishment) to accommodate residents parking and meet their responsibilities to residents:
- -Offer residents' parking within their car park on Castle Hill / Castle Park at the established yearly rate;
- -Allow residents from the Benson Area to purchase parking permits which also include permission to park within the Castle Area and any other nearby areas of parking.

I implore you to take heed of my comments and act in line with your ethical and legal responsibilities. and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

12 Objection stating:

First I would like to share with you my discontent with the plan of removal of all residents only parking spaces along Histon Road, which will result in an undue pressure on parking spaces in the neighbourhood of the Benson area.

Will such a scheme ease the traffic on Histon Road and reduce traffic pollution for the resident? I defy you to prove it.

In particular I would like to strongly oppose the idea of the double lines along Histon Road, which will result in much difficulties for deliveries and occasional loadings by the direct residents, many of them having no back access to their house. I hope that this will be taken into consideration. Apart from rush hours, the traffic on Histon Road could accommodate easily with fast and

One of the key aims of the project is to provide a safe space for cyclists to navigate the entire length of Histon Road at all times of the day. This is partly in order to try to encourage more people to cycle and therefore help to reduce traffic.

In order to deliver highway improvements in the narrow southern section of Histon Road and to provide a safe environment for both cyclists and motorists, it is necessary to remove the existing on street parking in this area. This includes 31 resident parking bays that are part of the Benson Area Residents' Parking Zone (RPZ). It is also necessary to remove the existing pay and display bays that are located adjacent to no. 69 Histon Road

In late 2017, a detailed parking survey was undertaken within the area (the methodology

temporary disruptions caused by deliveries for instance. Single yellow lines might be good enough.

At least, may I hope for some financial compensation like a significant reduction of the resident parking permit annual fee, recently increased? With non residents parking at night or over the weekends to go into town, may I hope for some further parking restrictions in favour of the residents in the Benson area?

Nevertheless I welcome the creation of cycling lanes, and look forward to seeing the improvement and rejuvenation of the pavements and road tarmac. Besides, may I suggest you to seriously plan for planting quite a few trees along the pavements, which would embellish the street and symbolically capture some of the exhaust gases generously released years after years. May I also emphasise that speed limit enforcements will be seen as a respectful gesture from the authorities and consideration for improving the quality of life along one of the busiest road, and certainly most poorly considered, of Cambridge. A significant reduction of the council tax might also be most welcome by the residents as some honest compensation for the many years of the HGVs traffic due to the A14 adjustments and traffic diversions, causing heavy vibrations and house damages.

agreed with the Local Liaison Forum (LLF) in advance). The survey demonstrated that during the mornings and evenings there is sufficient space within the Benson Area RPZ to accommodate the displaced residents parking, from the proposed removal of parking bays on Histon Road.

The implementation of double yellow lines does not dis-allow loading and unloading or stopping to pick up or drop off. It also allows for temporary parking for blue badge holders providing no obstruction is caused. Therefore it is already compromise solution that allows local resident continued access, but which means that cyclists using the new advisory cycle lanes may from time to time be forced to navigate around vehicles that are temporarily blocking the cycle lane.

It is therefore considered that there is suitable mitigation for the loss of the residential parking bays on Histon Road.

The Pay and Display bays on Linden Close have been provided in order to mitigate the loss of the Pay and Display bays on Histon Road which are of vital importance to several local business in the close vicinity. The pay and display bays will only operate from 9 until 5 pm so residents living in the area will be free to use the bays in the evenings and overnight when demand for resident parking is highest. Officers suggest that following implementation of the new parking arrangements on Histon Road, and including Linden Close, the County Council monitor the situation with the view to relooking at the provision of a Residents Parking scheme for the Stretton area.

Statements of Support

1 Statement of support stating:

Thanks so much. Plans look good to me. About time we had proper cycling infra in place.

Thanks again.

Receipt of statement acknowledged.

2 Statement of support stating:

Regarding Histon Road proposed plan. I am just writing to you to say that we fully support the idea. I would like to see more Traffic enforcement cameras and rised tables on the street and more Puffins.

Receipt of statement acknowledged.

Also maybe in future road might be changed to 20mph?

3 Statement of support stating:

No Objection

Receipt of statement acknowledged.

Representations

1 Representation stating:

There are already planning approved plans for the junction that will bring all pedestrians and cyclists from the Darwin Green link to Histon Road North of the Windsor Road access point. It is also the point where pedestrians, cyclists and road traffic from the squash development site (current planning reference 19/0718/REM where the detail of the rest of this development is being considered). Drawing attached. (Between 303 Histon Road and 2a Carisbrooke Road.)

Also at this point 2a Carisbrooke Road have a plan submitted to enclose land that is dedicated to public access, yet privately owned, by this junction currently under consideration 19/0573/FUL. Again drawings attached.

This area of Histon Road is deceptively complex if your map cuts off immediately next to the Histon Road carriageway. There have been road rage incidents and near misses reported as where Carisbrooke Road joins Histon Road in a very short distance so to does Badminton Close and Tavistock Road join with Carisbrooke Road (which itself bends about 90 degrees to the left as you drive in - challenging good visibility further). This can be seen on the Streetwise map attached from 2a's planning application. This all occurs at a very

Receipt of representation acknowledged.

popular place for cyclists coming in to the city from Histon and travelling to the West Cambridge site to turn right off the Histon Road in to Carisbrooke Road, to proceed past Mayfield School tot eh cut through then over Windsor Road and up to Huntingdon Road. It is also an area where there is a lot of on footpath cycle use for the school runs to Mayfield and Arbury Primaries, and children travelling to Chesterton and IVC. In addition these children have friendships that cross the Histon Road, so these communities need to be able to access one another.

I do not think the suggestion to end the new inbound bus lane opposite the junction with Darwin Green and the Squash Court site access point and then placing the crossing beyond this junction offers the best solution.

I wonder whether the impact of the imminent developments on this site have been considered fully.

For example a cyclist from Darwin Green or the squash Court site (or Cavesson Court) looking to head towards the city would need to turn right onto the Histon Road where there are three carriageways in your proposals, just where a bus lane and main carriageway are merging a little ahead of the new proposed crossing and alongside an already complex junction with Carisbrooke/Badminton/Tavistock Roads.

I would like to suggest that this area is more closely looked at and suggest that one option might be stopping the bus lane earlier and moving the proposed crossing up alongside 2a Carisbrooke Road and making this a dual cyclist and pedestrian crossing. It would also be good if the cycling provision for the access lane to the squash court site and Darwin Green and the suggestion to enclose (and then further restrict visibility) around the public access land adjacent to 2a Carisbrooke Road could be looked at in a coordinated way.

	I would be very happy to walk officers or Councillors around the site and show where conflict between pedestrians, cyclists and road users could occur in the context of your proposals.	
	Having been the victim of road rage along this road and with a young family who cycle and walk independently in the area I have a real interest in making the proposals as safe as possible.	
	It would be great if you could acknowledge receipt of this email and let me know what the next steps are in moving your proposals forward.	
2	Representation stating:	
	I live on Histon Road and I am in the process of applying for a residents parking permit to be able to park opposite my house. We regularly park in Liden Close as well. I am just wondering if there will be any nearby resident parking available and if not, where do you expect us to park?	Receipt of representation acknowledged.
3	Representation stating:	
	At the LLF on Monday 22 July, the Windsor Road Residents' Association asked why there was no provision for pedestrian safety in Windsor Road near its junction with Histon Road, whereas a raised table is planned for Rackham Close, Akeman Rd, Gilbert Rd, Carisbrooke Road, Chancellors Walk, Roseford Rd, Hazlewood Close and Blackhall Rd at their junctions with Histon Rd. There are already traffic lights at the junction between Warwick Rd, Gilbert Rd and Histon Rd.	Receipt of representation acknowledged.
	On account of its location in the middle of a busy shopping area (including three supermarkets Aldi, Iceland and the Co-op) and its proximity to two bus stops, on opposite sides of HIston Road, the Windsor Rd/Histon Rd junction is particularly busy and yet no provision is planned for the safety of pedestrians and the control of	

vehicle speeds, apart from a tightening of the kerb profiles at the corners.

We have been told that a raised table would not be possible at the Windsor Rd/ Histon Rd junction, but that officers would look into alternative ways of improving safety for pedestrians, buggies and push chairs by one or more measures such as:

- (i) one or more informal pedestrian crossings in Windsor Rd, with a change of surface texture and possibly also a change of colour;
- (ii) a road hump/cushion to reduce vehicle speeds; and
- (iii) the illusion of a raised table (our least favoured option).

We urge you to follow up on this issue before there is a serious, and/or a fatal accident at the Histon Road end of Windsor Road.

4 Representation stating:

AIR Pollution monitoring on Histon Road before, during and after the road construction (GCP Executive Board decision) PR0564

The Histon Road Area Residents'
Association (HRARA) requests clarification regarding the positioning of the air pollution monitoring equipment on the TROs presented for the full length of Histon Road. No markings can be found on the latest design. Alternatively, Automatic Number Plate Recognition ANPR in combination with systems for analysing data collected was suggested to obtain a better quality of results. No markings can be found for such equipment.

Have the "Zero Carbon" promises by councillor Lewis Herbert, chair GCP EB,

Receipt of representation acknowledged.

been included in the GCP project for Histon Road? Will any part of Histon Road have "Clean Air Zone" CAZ signage?

20 mph on Histon Road – between Victoria Junction and Akeman Street PR0564

There is no indication that a 20mph zone has been addressed along the abovementioned part of Histon Road. Warning signs for the present Speed Camera have been removed.

The following statement was received during the GCP Executive Board on March 20th 2019 from Peter Blake: *Rest assured that the project team is very much aware.* This will be addressed during the detailed design phase when new TROs are raised.

HRARA reminds that this question has been raised by the residents for a long time at GCP Joint Assembly and Executive Board meetings, NAC meetings, and as Petitions. HRARA has received information from Bedfordshire that Average Speed Cameras on certain roads have been installed to encourage self-enforcing speed limits with successful results. HRARA states the following reasons:

a. For avoiding danger to persons or other traffic using the road or for preventing the likelihood of any such danger arising b. For preserving or improving the amenities of the area through which the road runs c. For the purpose of relieving or preventing congestion of traffic.

HRARA requests that a 20mph speed limit on Histon Road between Victoria Junction and Akeman Street is included in the Histon Road PR0564.

Notice of intention to install raised tables PR0564 Histon Road CV-1203

The new design for Histon Road includes several notices for installation of raised tables at junctions and this is very positive. However, one of the most pedestrian intensive crossings along Histon road, Windsor Road, does not have this traffic calming measure. This junction has an added nearby Puffin crossing to provide safer crossing for the bus passengers on the Aldi Side of the road. The outbound bus stop has been transferred to the COOP area which increases the number of pedestrians crossing Windsor Road. This is the busiest local shopping area along the road, including a post-office and pharmacy as well.

A raised table on Windsor Road is essential to secure a traffic calming measure to slow down traffic in the area in order to provide a safer, pedestrian friendly environment.

HRARA requests that the officers are instructed to give priority to pedestrians and ensure that pedestrian safety is safeguarded by a raised table at the Windsor Road-Histon Road Junction.

Histon Road PR0564 - Footpaths along the full length of the road CV-1201 to 1208

The GCP Histon Road Project is designed to improve walking, cycling, bus-priority in that order. Yet there are no measurements for the width of the footpaths in any part of the road for CV-1201 to 1208 of the Hist-WSP drawings. The cycle lanes widths are recorded.

As pedestrians includes all ages, sizes and abilities of people, the design needs to satisfy a wide range of requirements. A design which accommodates the needs of children and disabled people is likely to suit most user types. The minimum

unobstructed width for pedestrians should generally be 2 meters. A minimum for one pedestrian meeting pram or mobility/wheelchair is 1.5 meters.

HRARA requests that the officers are instructed to meet the minimum requirements of 1.5 meters for footpaths on Histon Road and that this is indicated on the respective PR0564 drawings. In case of deviation there should be a reason given at each instance. Additional space for cars is not an acceptable reason.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE (CIVIL ENFORCEMENT AREA) (WAITING RESTRICTIONS AND STREET PARKING PLACES) ORDER 2017 (AMENDMENT NO. 41) ORDER 201\$

Notice is hereby given that Cambridgeshire County Council proposes to make the above named Order under the powers contained in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (as amended) and the Traffic Management Act 2004 (as amended).

The effect of this Order will be to remove existing waiting and loading restrictions including residents only parking places and pay and display places on Histon Road with the exception of the existing pay and display place located directly outside Cranwell Court. These will be replaced, on its western side with, a prohibition of waiting located from a point 81 metres north of its junction with Victoria Road until its junction with Gilbert Road; from a point 29 metres north of its junction with Gilbert Road until a point 84 metres south of its junction with Carisbrooke Road; from a point 6 metres south of its junction with Carisbrooke Road to a point 138metres north of its junction with Blackhall Road. A prohibition of waiting will be installed on its eastern side from a point 85 metres north of its junction with Victoria Road until a point 60m south of its junction with Rackham Close; from a point 37 metres south of its junction with Rackhams Close, in a northerly direction for a distance of 18 metres; from a point 25 metres north of its junction with Windsor Road until its junction with Gilbert Road; from a point 21 metres south of its junction with Carisbrooke Road until a point 134 metres north of its junction with Blackhall Road. On its eastern side, install a prohibition of loading between 8am-9.30am and 4.30am-6pm and a prohibition of waiting between 8am-6pm between points 75 metres north of its junction with Victoria Road and 86 metres north of the same junction. Install a limited waiting parking place on its eastern side from a point 60 metres south of its junction with Rackham close until a point 38 metres south of the same junction, the operating hours will be mon-sat between 8am-6.30pm with a maximum stay of 1 hour with no return within 2 hours. Install a prohibition of waiting on Linden Close; South Side, from its junction with Histon road in an easterly direction for a distance of 85 metres; north side, from a point 52 metres east of its junction with Histon road, in an easterly direction for a distance of 5 metres. Install pay and display parking places which will operate on Mon-Sat between 9am-5pm with a maximum stay of 4 hours and no return within 4 hours on the North side of Linden Close from a point 19 metres east of its junction Histon Road, in an easterly direction for a distance of 32 metres, and from a point 56 metres east of the same junction, in an easterly direction for a distance of 17metres.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (VARIOUS STREETS, CAMBRIDGE) (BUS LANES) ORDER 20\$\$

Notice is hereby given that Cambridgeshire County Council proposes to make the above named Order under the powers contained in the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 (as amended ("the 1984 Act), The Transport Act 2000, Traffic Management Act 2004 (as amended) and after consultation with the Chief Officer of Police in accordance with Part III of Schedule 9 to the Act.

The effect of this Order will be to:-

Install a lane on Histon Road on the eastern side of the carriageway from its junction with Blackhall road until its junction with Carisbrooke Road on which any vehicle other than a pedal cycle, bus, hackney carriage or private hire vehicle is prohibited at all times on all days.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (HISTON ROAD, CAMBRIDGE) NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INSTALL PEDESTRIAN CROSSINGS

NOTICE is hereby given that Cambridgeshire County Council proposes to install pedestrian crossings in the following locations:-

Crossing Type	<u>Location</u>
Puffin	Near to 29 Histon Road
Puffin	Near to 190 Histon Road
Puffin	Near to 122 Hazelwood Close
Toucan	Near to 23 Borrowdale Road

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL HIGHWAYS ACT 1980 AS AMENDED BY THE TRANSPORT ACT 1981 (SECTIONS 90A TO 90F) THE HIGHWAYS (ROAD HUMPS) REGULATIONS 1999

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO INSTALL RAISED TABLES

NOTICE is hereby given that Cambridgeshire County Council proposes to:

Install raised tables of at most 100mm in height at the following locations; Rackham Close, Akeman Road, Gilbert Road, Carisbrooke Road, Chancellors Walk, Roseford Road, Hazelwood Close, Blackhall Road – all at their junctions with Histon Road.

If you have any specific questions or queries with regard to these proposals then please contact Andi Caddy on 03450 455212 or email policyandregulation@cambridgeshire.gov.uk

The draft Orders, together with a map showing the roads and lengths of road concerned and a statement of the Council's reasons for proposing to make the Orders, may be examined free of charge during normal office hours in the reception area of Shire Hall or by using these links https://www.cambridgetraffweb.co.uk/ or https://bit.ly/cambridgeshiretro

If you wish to object to these proposals you should send the grounds for objection, or any additional comments, in writing to the undersigned (or by e-mail to policyandregulation@cambridgeshire.gov.uk) to reach us by not later than 31st July 2019 quoting reference PR0564.

Steve Cox, Executive Director: Place and Economy, c/o Policy and Regulation, Vantage House, Vantage Park, Washingley Road, Huntingdon PE29 6SR

Cambridgeshire County Council

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE (CIVIL ENFORCEMENT AREA) (WAITING RESTRICTIONS AND STREET PARKING PLACES) ORDER 2017 (AMENDMENT NO.41) ORDER 201\$

Cambridgeshire County Council in exercise of its powers under Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 19, 32, 35, 45, 46, 47, 61, 63, 64 and Part IV of Schedule 9 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 ("the Act of 1984") and with the Traffic Management Act 2004 Part 6 and of all other enabling powers and after consultation with the Chief Officer of Police in accordance with Part III of Schedule 9 to the Act of 1984, hereby makes the following Order:

- 1. This Order shall come into operation for all purposes on the \$\$th day of \$\$\$ 201\$ and may be cited as The City of Cambridge (Civil Enforcement Area)(Waiting Restrictions and Street Parking Places) Order 2017 (Amendment No. 41) Order 201\$.
- 2. In this Order the expression "the Order of 2017" shall mean The City of Cambridge (Civil Enforcement Area)(Waiting Restrictions and Street Parking Places) Order 2017 and any reference to the Order of 2017 shall be construed as a reference to that Order as varied or amended.
- 3. The Order of 2017 shall be amended and have effect as though plans nos. TF4416SWN/TF4461SWS/TF4460NWN/TF4460NWS/TF4460SWSTF4 459NWN/TF4459NWS/TF4459SWN were deleted and substituted by the plans annexed to this Order.

The COMMON SEAL)	
of CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL)	
was hereunto affixed		
this \$\$th day of \$\$\$ 201\$)	
in the presence of :		

Cambridgeshire County Council

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE (CIVIL ENFORCEMENT AREA) (WAITING RESTRICTIONS AND STREET PARKING PLACES) ORDER 2017 (AMENDMENT NO. 41) ORDER 201\$

STATEMENT OF REASONS

The reason for intending to make the above named Order is to facilitate the movement of traffic and to enhance safety for all road users.

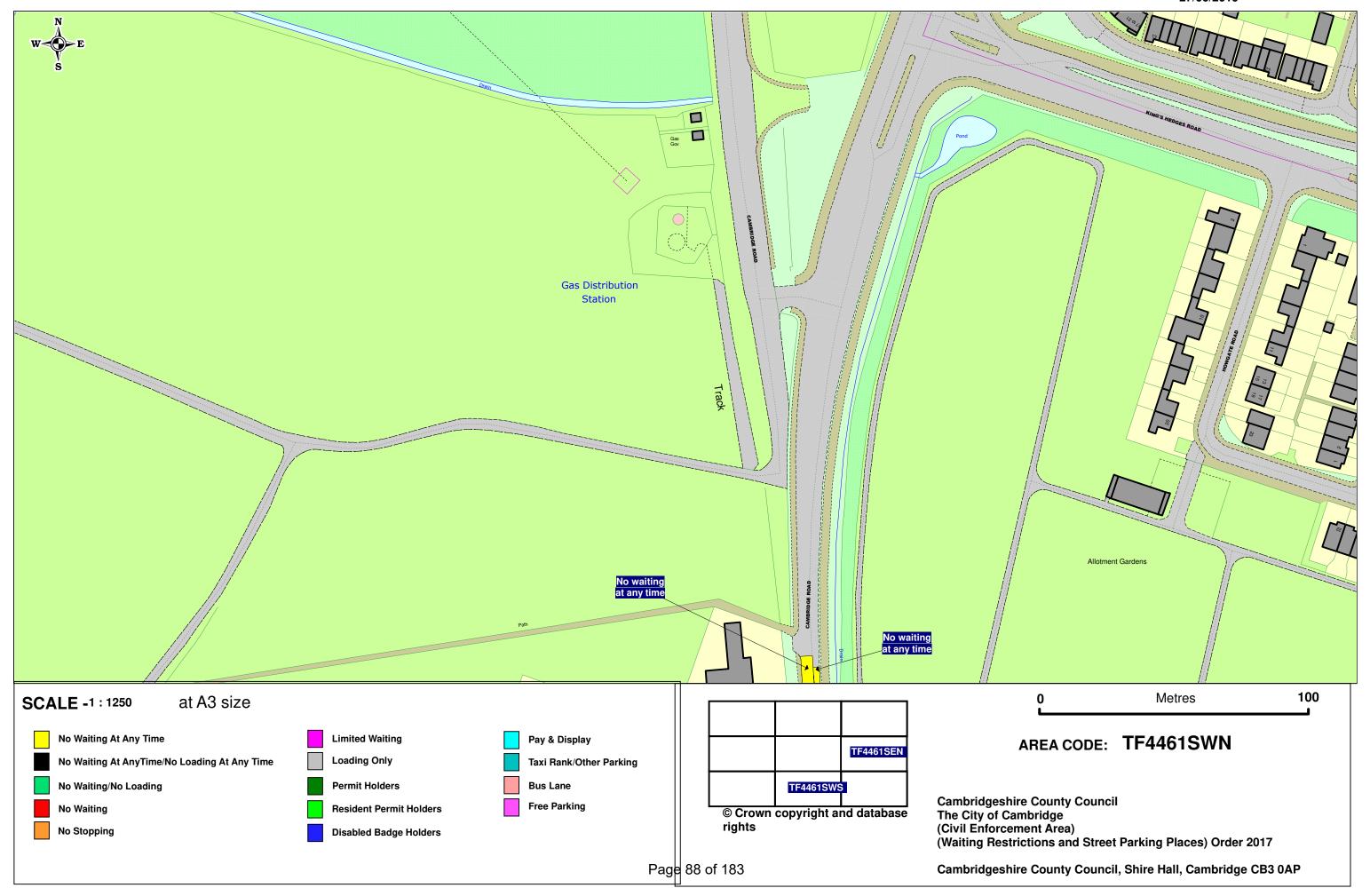
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Sheet Active From: 27/06/2019



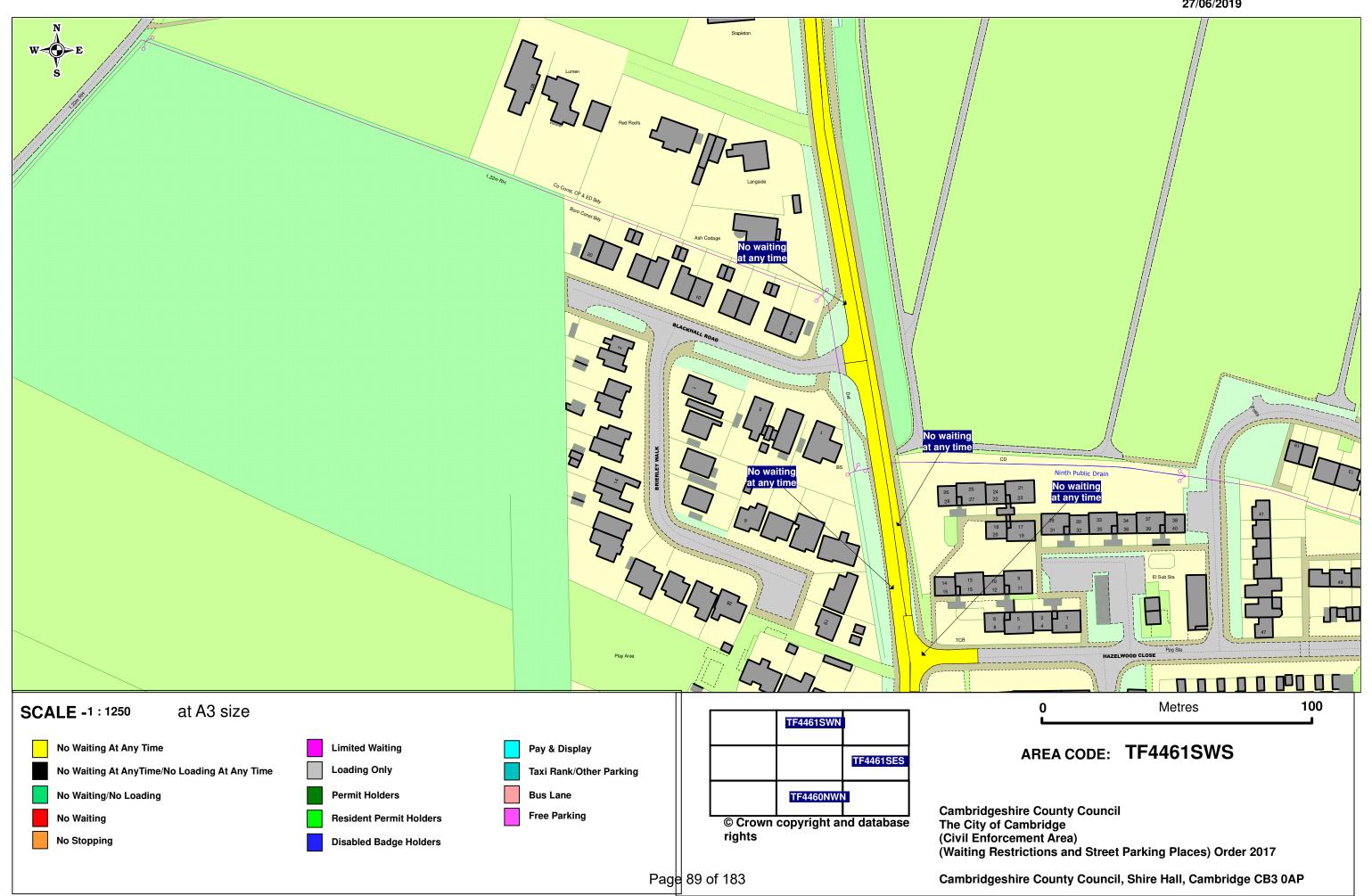


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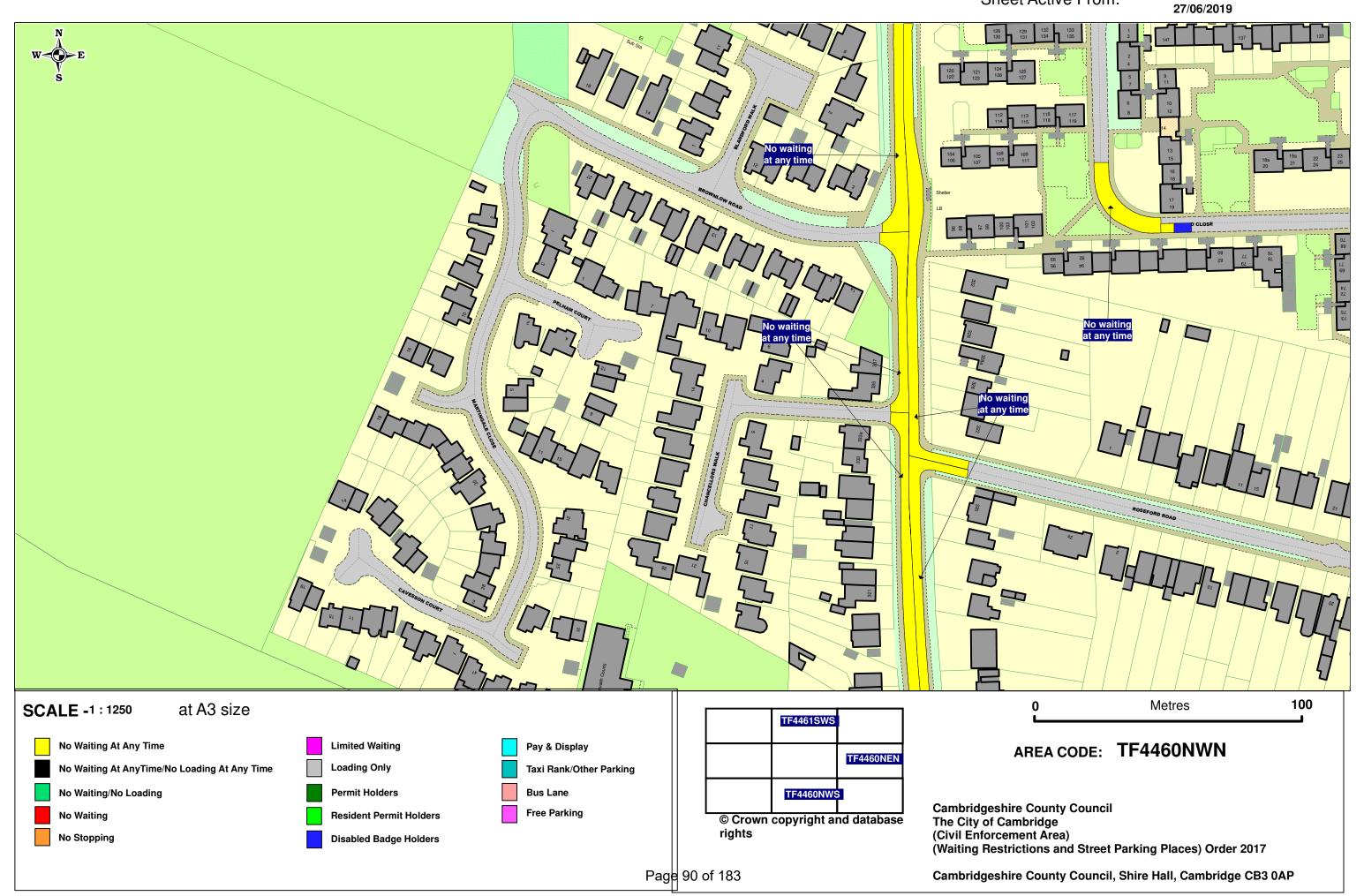
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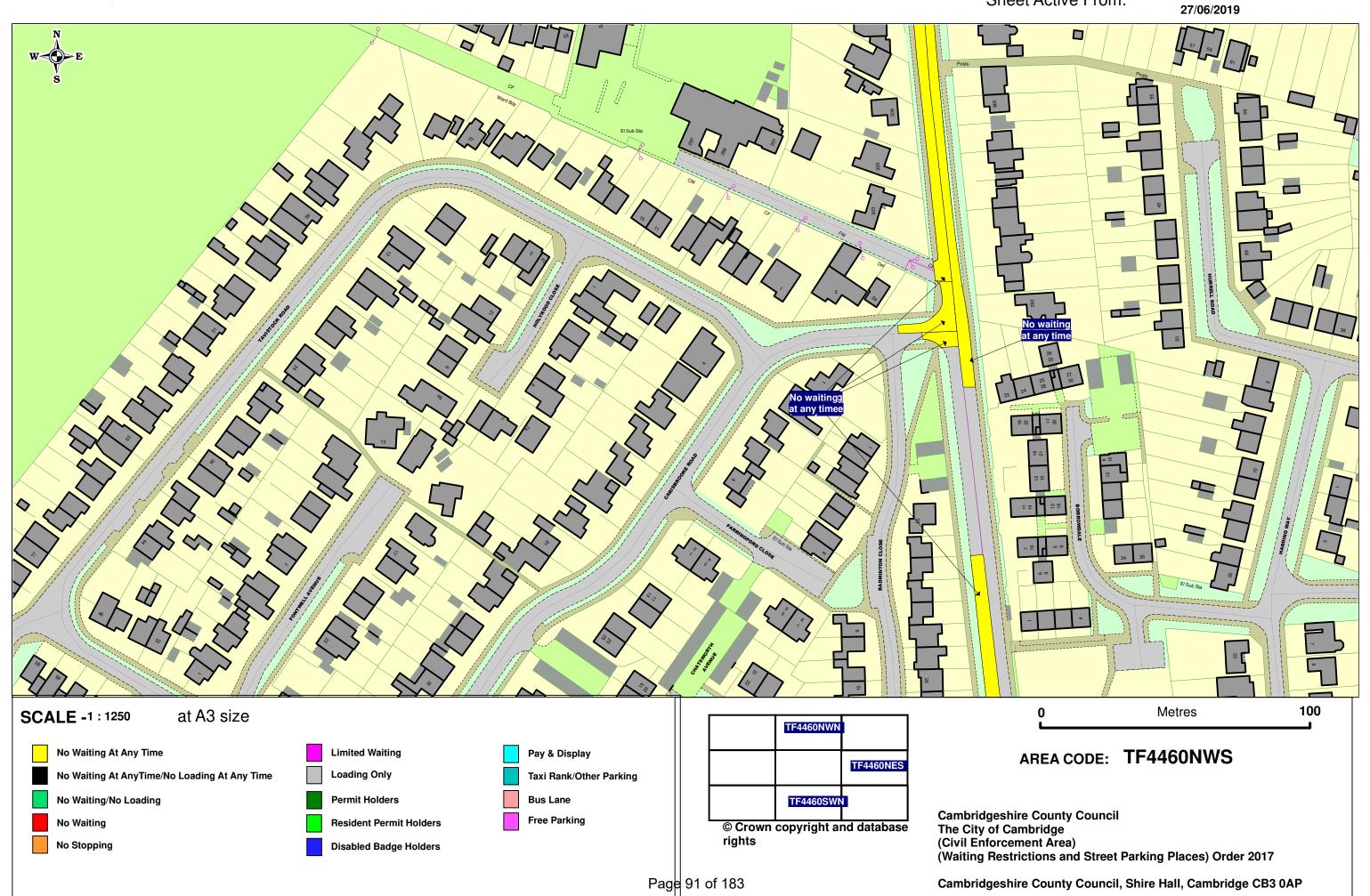
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1 of 1

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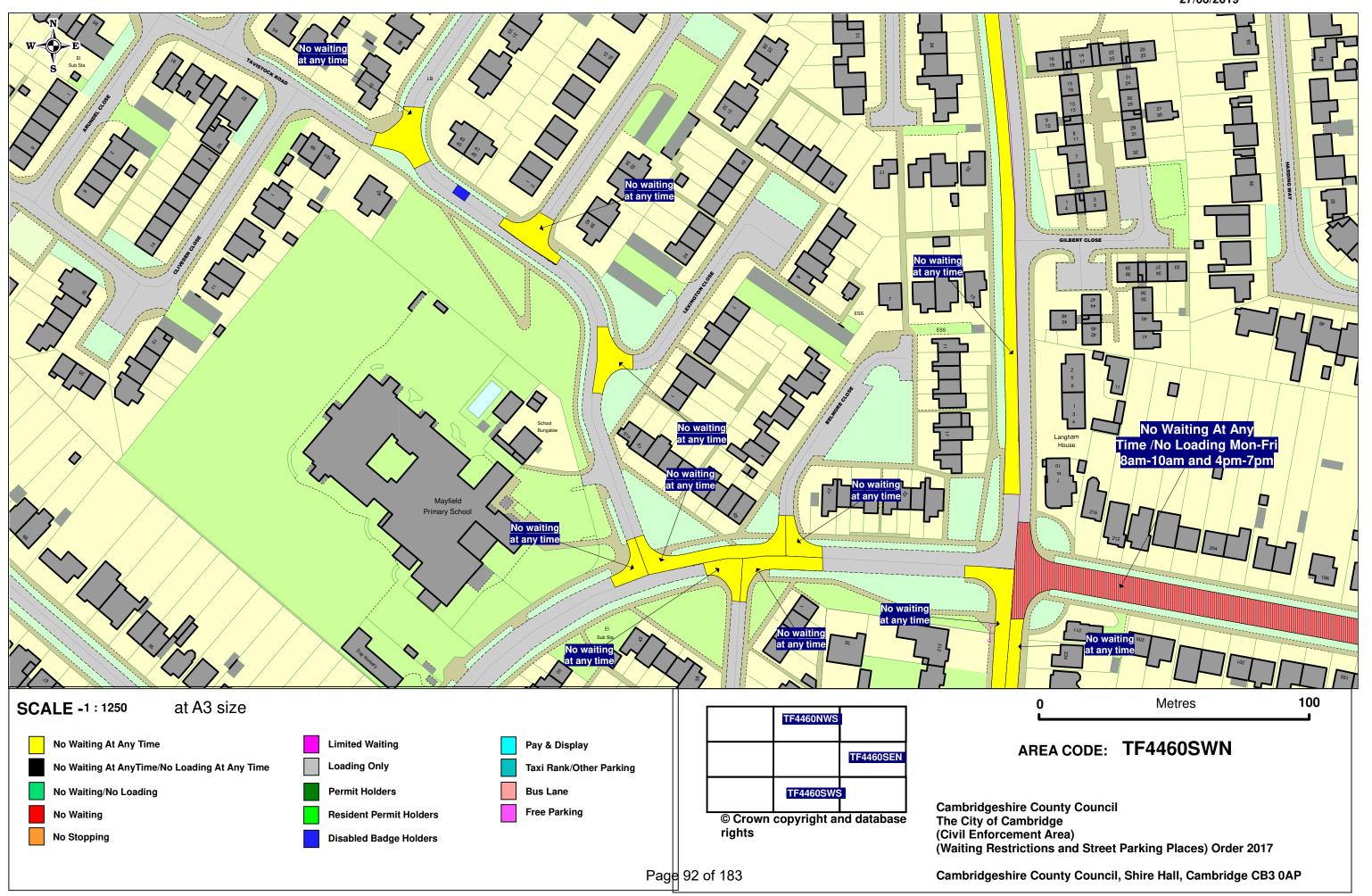


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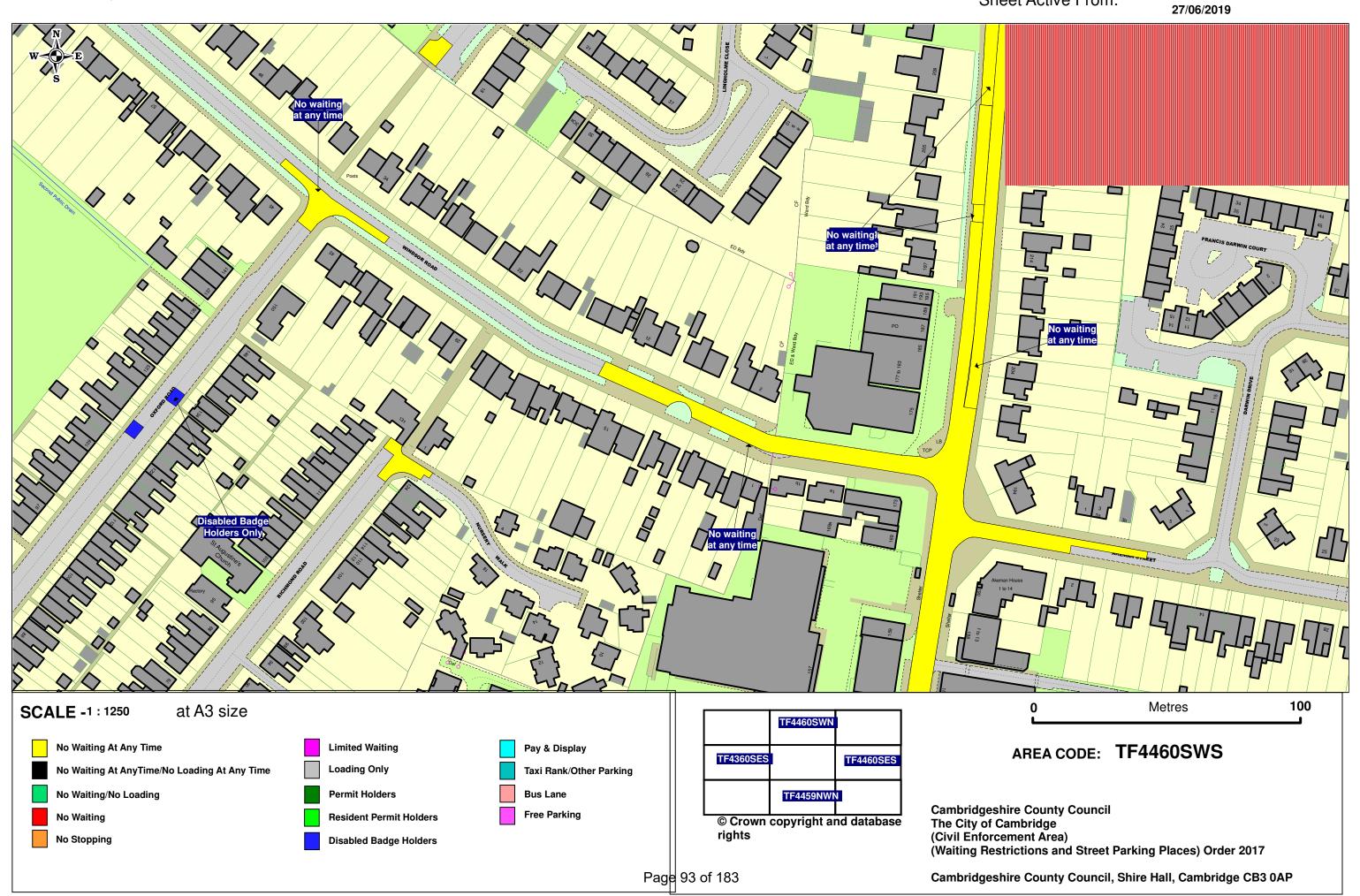
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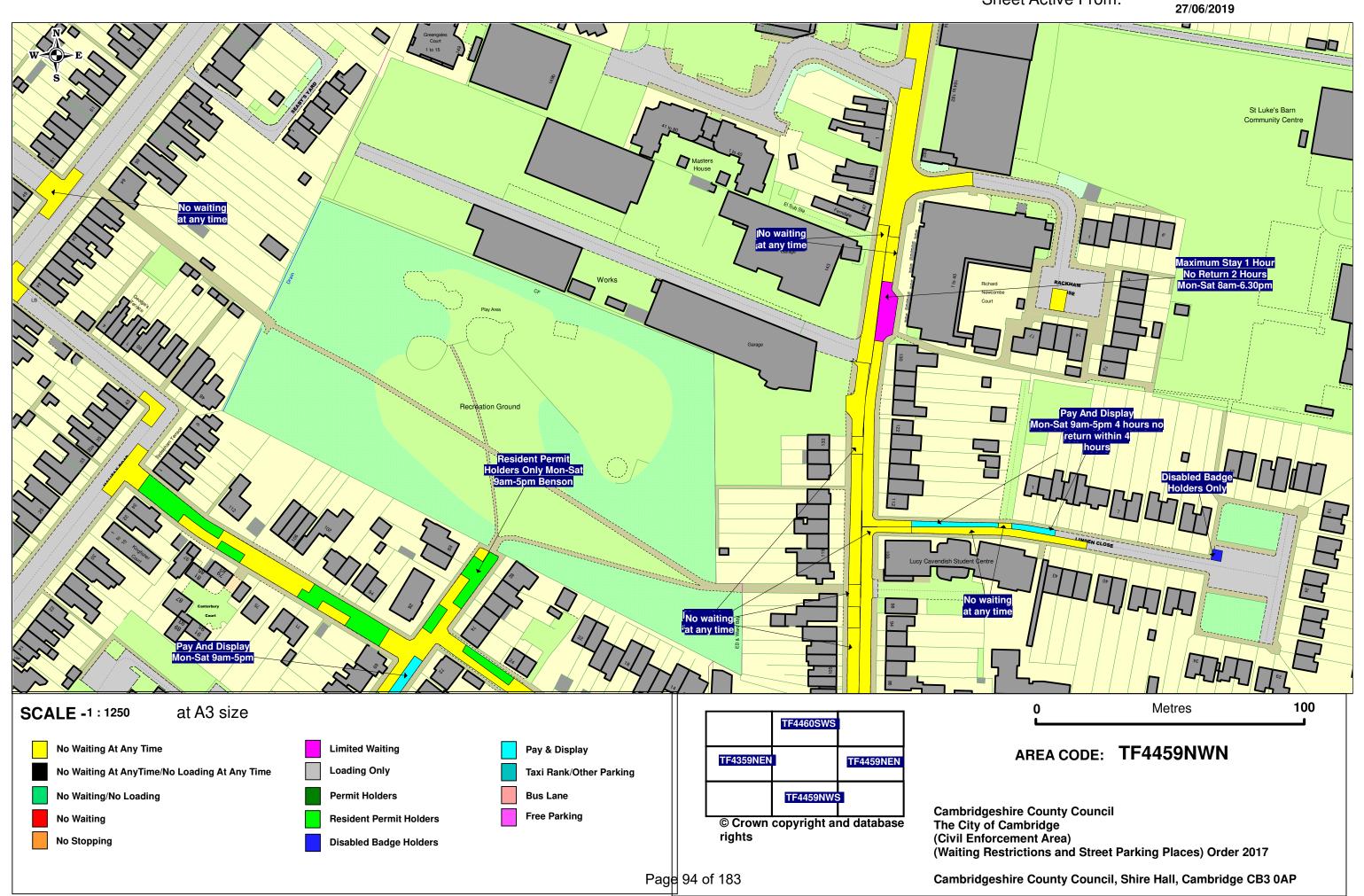
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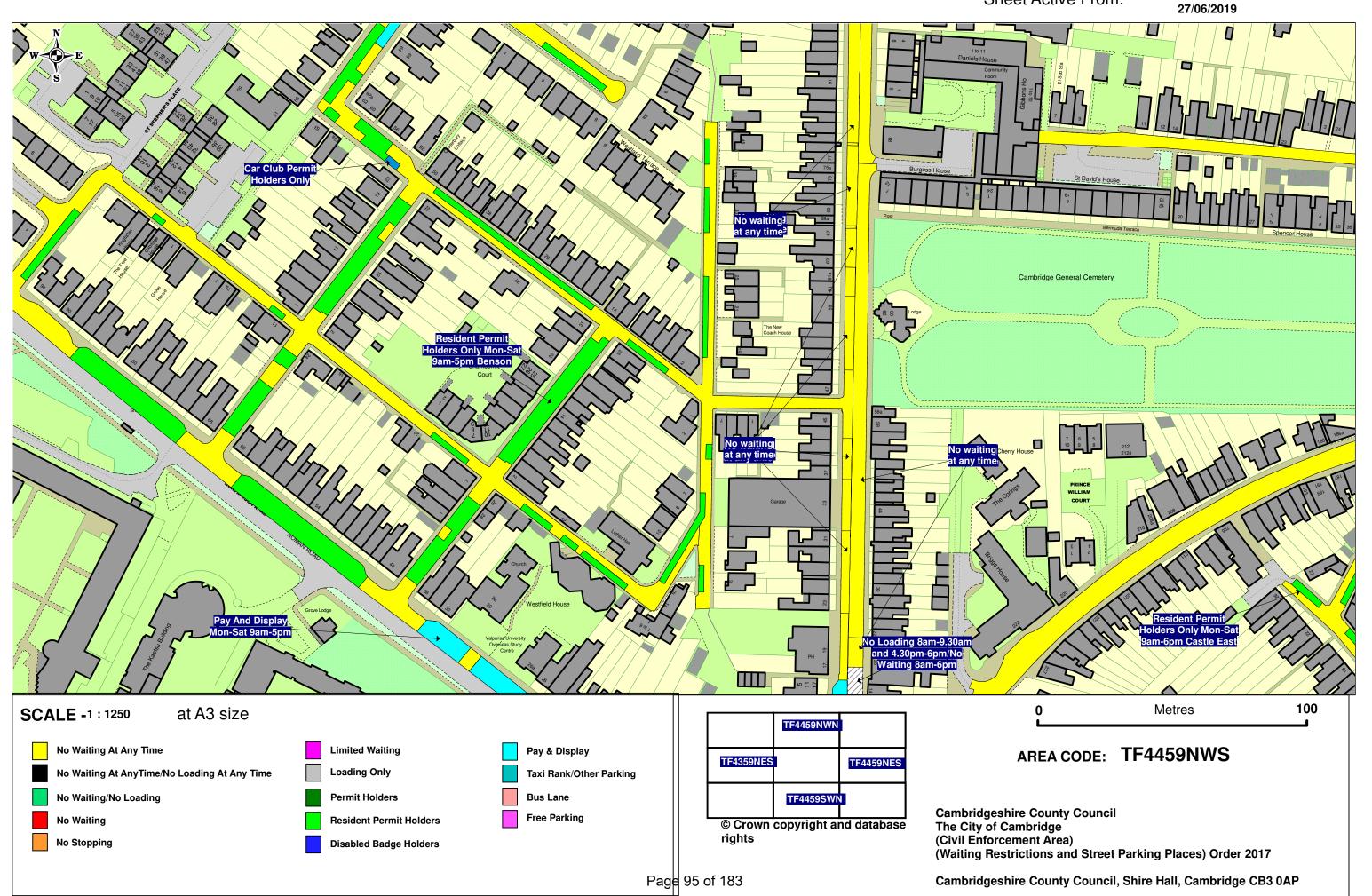
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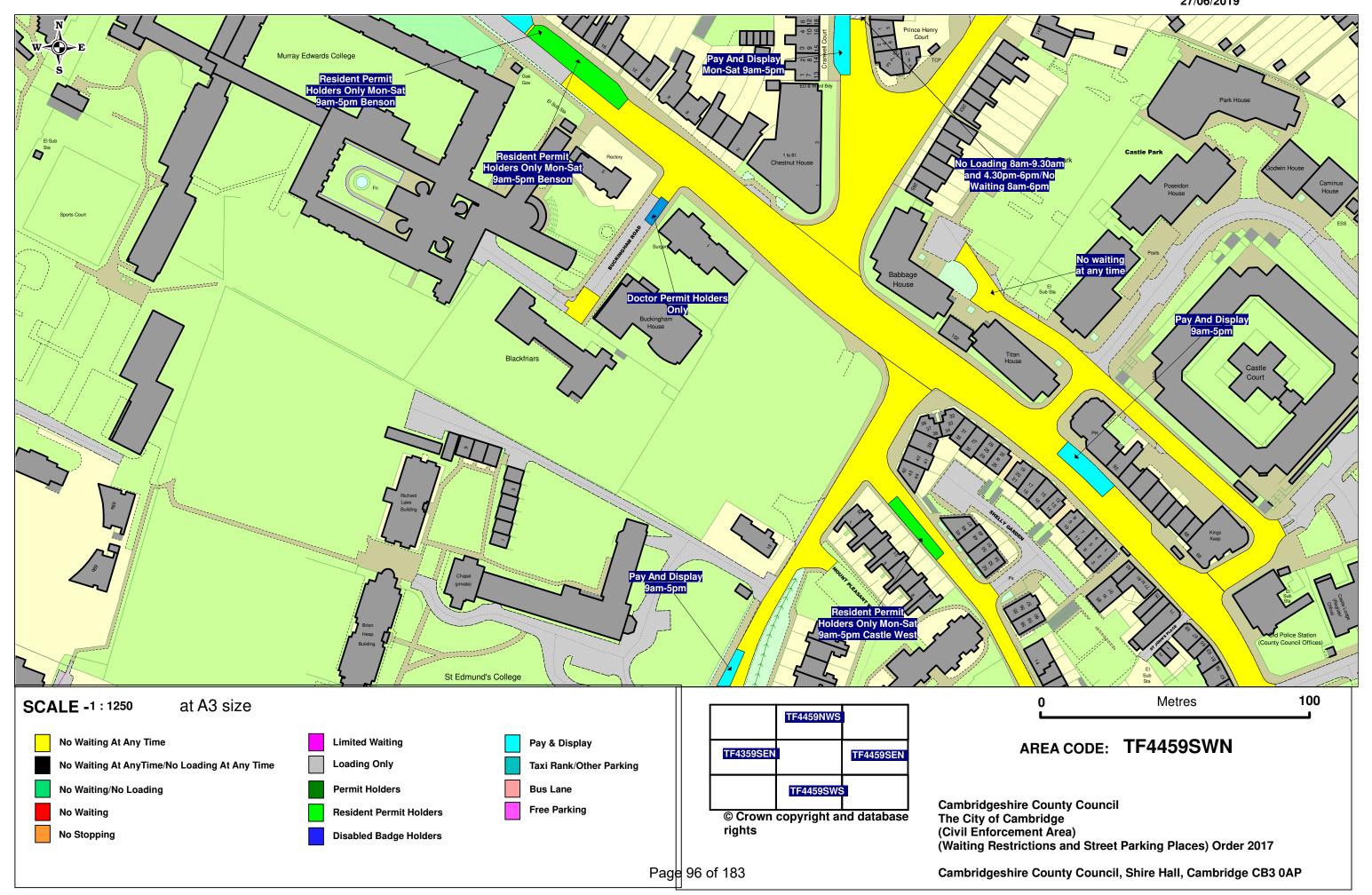


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Sheet Revision Number: 1

Sheet Active From:

27/06/2019



CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (VARIOUS STREETS, CAMBRIDGE) (BUS LANES) ORDER 20\$\$

Cambridgeshire County Council ("the Council") in exercise of its powers under Section 1(1), 2(1) to (3), 4 and Part IV of Schedule 9 of the Road Traffic Regulation Act 1984 ("the 1984 Act"), The Transport Act 2000, The Traffic Management Act 2004 and of all other enabling powers and after consulting with the Chief Officer of Police in accordance with Part III of Schedule 9 to the Act, hereby makes the following Order:

PART 1 GENERAL

Commencement and Citation

This Order shall come into operation on the \$\$th day of \$\$\$\$\$ 20\$\$ and may be cited as Cambridgeshire County Council (Various Streets, Cambridge) (Bus Lanes) Order 20\$\$.

PART 2 INTERPRETATION

Definitions

- 2. In this Order, except where the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meaning as hereby respectively assigned to them;
 - "approved device" means a device of a description specified in an order made by the Relevant National Authority in line with Section 144 of the Transport Act 2000 and adhering to The Bus Lane (Approved Devices) (England) Order 2005

"bus" means a motor vehicle constructed or adapted to carry more than eight passengers (exclusive of the driver) and local buses not so constructed or adapted to carry more than eight passengers (exclusive of a driver).

"bus lane" means an area of road which meets the definition given in Section 144(5) of the Transport Act 2000 being that an area of road is or forms part of a bus lane if the order provides that it may be used-

- (a) only by buses (or a particular description of bus), or
- (b) only by buses (or a particular description of bus) and some other class or classes of vehicular traffic "carriageway" means a way constituting or

comprised in a highway, being a way over which the public have a right of way for the passage of vehicles.

"contravention" means a failure to comply with the prohibitions and restrictions set out in this Order that may result in the issue of a penalty charge notice.

"Council" means the Cambridgeshire County Council.

"driver" means the person driving the vehicle and includes any separate person who acts as a steersman in addition to the driver.

"date of service" means that last day of the period of 3 consecutive dates beginning with the first day of posting. If the notice is not posted on a working day then the first working day after the date of posting will the first of posting.

"detection date" means the date on which a vehicle was detected as contravening this Order, according to the record produced by an approved device.

"hackney carriage" means a Hackney Carriage licensed under Section 37 of the Town Police Clauses Act 1847

"local bus" means a public service vehicle used in provision of a local service not being an excursion or tour

"local service" has the same meaning given in Section 2 of the transport Act 1985

"pedal cycle" means a unicycle, bicycle, tricycle or cycle having four or more wheels not being in any case mechanically propelled unless it is an electrically assisted pedal cycle of such class as to be treated as not being a motor vehicle for the purposes of the 1984 Act.

"motor cycle" has the meaning as in Section 136 of the 1984 Act.

"offence" means a failure to comply with restrictions set out in this Order that may result in the issue of a fine under any enactment that makes any provision of this Order a criminal offence.

"owner" in relation to a vehicle, means the person by whom the vehicle is kept. In determining who was the owner of the vehicle at any time it shall be presumed that the owner was the person in whose name the vehicle was at that time registered with the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994 or the person who has the use of such vehicle in the course of his/her employment and is entitled to use such vehicle as if he/she were the registered keeper.

"pedestrian crossing" means a crossing for foot passengers marked on a road in accordance with Regulations made under Section 25 of the 1984 Act.

"Penalty charge" and "reduced penalty charge" means a charge set by the Council under regulation 4 of The Bus Lane Contraventions (Penalty Charge, Adjudication and Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2005 ("the 2005 regulations") and with the approval of the Secretary of State for Transport which is to be paid to the Council within 28 days beginning from the date of the notice, or in 14 days in the case of a reduced penalty charge, following the issue of a penalty charge notice.

"penalty charge notice" or "PCN" means a notice issued by a person authorised to do so by the Council pursuant to the provisions of regulation 8 of the 2005 regulations.

"private hire vehicle" has the same meaning as in Section 80 of the Local Government (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act 2002.

"universal service provider" has the meaning given in the Postal Services Act 2000.

"hours of operation" means the period specified in Schedule 1 during which a designated bus lane restriction applies.

"Relevant National Authority" means the Secretary of State in respect of England.

"Relevant Particulars" means particulars relating to the identity of the keeper of the vehicle contained in the register of mechanically propelled vehicles maintained by the Relevant National Authority under the Vehicle Excise and Registration Act 1994 and in accordance with the Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions 2002 (as amended)

"road marking" means a traffic sign consisting of a line or mark or legend of the surface on a road of any size, colour and type prescribed or authorised under, or having effect as though prescribed or authorised under, Section 64 of the 1984 Act.

"statutory grounds" means grounds for appeal defined in regulation 9.2 of the 2005 Regulations.

"taxi" means "hackney carriage" or "private hire vehicle"

"traffic sign" means a sign of any size, colour and type prescribed or authorised under, or having effect as though prescribed or authorised under Section 64 of the 1984 Act and in accordance with the Traffic Signs Regulations and General Directions 2016 (as amended)

"vehicle" means a mechanically propelled vehicle, intended or adapted for use on the road.

"working day" means any day other than a Saturday or Sunday or public holiday in England and Wales

- 3. The restrictions and prohibitions imposed by this Order are in addition to and not in derogation of any restriction, prohibition or requirement imposed by any other enactment and any exception or exemption from the provisions of this Order and without prejudice to the provisions of any other enactment.
- 4. Without prejudice to the generality of the above definition of "bus lane" where the single white line marking the boundary of the bus lane is broken by a gap opposite and adjacent to the junction of a length of road specified in the Schedule with any other road or at a pedestrian crossing or by a street refuge the boundary shall be regarded as continuing unbroken.
- 5. In this Order a reference to an adjacent part of the road is a reference to an area that is not within the bus lane but is a part of the carriageway on the length of road which comprises the bus lane.

PART 3 PROHIBITIONS

Bus Lane

6. Save as provided in Part 4 of this Order no person shall cause or permit any vehicle except for a bus, pedal cycle or taxi to be in the lengths of roads specified as a bus lanes in Schedule 1 during the hours of operation specified.

PART 4 CONDITIONS AND EXEMPTIONS

Conditions and Exemptions

7. Nothing in Part 3 of this Order shall apply to a vehicle from being in the length of roads specified in Schedule 1 lane providing the vehicle is under the direction or with the permission of a police constable in uniform.

- 8. Article 6 does not apply to a vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedules 1 if it is necessary for the vehicle:
 - (a) to be used for ambulance, fire brigade or police purposes;
 - (b) to remove an obstruction;
 - (c) to avoid an accident;
 - (d) to collect or remove refuse or waste;
 - (e) to be used for or in connection with:-
 - (i) building, industrial or demolition operations in or on adjacent land or removals from adjacent land or buildings adjacent where the prior written consent of the Council has been received;
 - (ii) the laying, erection, alteration or repair of a sewer, pipe or apparatus for the supply of water, gas, electricity or telecommunications apparatus in or on adjacent land;
 - (iii) the maintenance, improvement or reconstruction of the highway;
 - (f) whilst it is in the service of a universal service provider to deliver or collect postal packets as defined in Section 125(1) of the Postal Services Act 2000 to adjacent premises
- 9. Article 6 does not apply to a vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane if the vehicle is an Incidence Response Vehicle used by Network Rail in an emergency.
- 10. Article 6 does not apply to a vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane if the vehicle is used by the Dial-a-Ride Service.
- 11. Article 6 does not apply to a vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane if the vehicle is a vehicle used in the event of an emergency by the Council's Civil Protection Unit.
- 12. Article 6 does not apply to a vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane if it is a doctor responding to an emergency call provided that the vehicle is displaying a green flashing light.
- 13. Article 6 shall not apply to any vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane only for so long as may be necessary to enable

- a person to board or alight from the vehicle and for the loading and unloading of goods where permitted
- 14. Article 6 shall not apply to any vehicle in any length of road specified in Schedule 1 as a bus lane if necessary for the vehicle to cross the bus lane to enter or leave land or premises adjacent to the bus lane and to gain access to or egress from off-street loading or garaging premises adjacent to or accessible only from the bus lane.
- 15. Article 6 shall not apply to a vehicle to enter any bus lane specified in Schedule 1 if the vehicle enters the bus lane :
 - a) from a road which does not comprise the bus lane and forthwith leaves the bus lane through the gap in the single white line situated opposite and adjacent to the junction of that road with the bus lane, or if there is no such gap, at a point opposite that road;
 - b) from an adjacent part of the road through any gap in the single white line and forthwith enters a road which lies opposite that gap;

PART 5 CONTRAVENTIONS & ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ORDER

Contravention & Enforcement

- 16. The Council will carry out civil enforcement of any contravention of any prohibitions, restrictions or provisions of this Order by permitting the imposition of a Penalty Charge only on the basis of a record produced by the means of an "approved device".
- 17. Where the Council have reason to believe that a Penalty Charge is payable in relation to a vehicle which has contravened this Order the Council will serve a Penalty Charge Notice (PCN) in accordance with The Bus Lane Contraventions (Penalty Charge, Adjudication and Enforcement) (England) Regulations 2005
 - a) on the person appearing to be the owner or keeper or hirer of the vehicle.
- 18. A PCN shall be served before the end of the period of 28 days beginning with the detection date, and the Council shall continue to be entitled to serve a PCN during a further period of six months, beginning with the detection date, provided that:

- a) The Council has made a request within 14 days of the detection date to the Secretary of State for the supply of Relevant Particulars, and
- b) Those particulars have not been supplied before the date after which the Council would not be entitled to serve a PCN by the virtue of this Order.
- 19. If the vehicle owner, keeper and driver contravenes any prohibitions or provisions of this Order, a charge set by the Council pursuant to Regulations under Section 144 (3) of the Act of 2000 and in accordance with guidance given by the Relevant National Authority is to be paid in the manner described in the notice within 28 days of the date of service of the PCN or within 14 days of the date of service of the PCN in the case of a reduced penalty charge.
- 20. When the owner, keeper or driver has been identified the Council will issue a PCN in accordance with this Order and send the PCN by post.
- 21. Where a police officer in uniform is satisfied that a driver of a vehicle has committed an alleged offence under the provisions of this Order such that liability to a fixed penalty notice arises, a police officer may issue such a notice at the time and date of the alleged offence to any driver of the vehicle, which shall include the particulars listed in Section 52 of the Road Traffic Offenders Act 1988.
- 22. Where the owner, keeper or driver has been issued a PCN by the Council and it is proven by the owner, keeper or driver that he was also issued a fixed penalty notice or a summons for the same day and time for the same contravention by a police officer, then the Council shall no longer proceed with its PCN or where the PCN was paid will be refunded in full as soon as reasonably practicable.

PART 6 VALIDITY

23. If a Court, the Department for Transport, the Bus Lane/National Parking Adjudication Service or the Traffic Enforcement Centre declares any part of this Order to be invalid, or unenforceable, such declaration shall not invalidate the remainder of the Order.

PART 7 REVOCATIONS

Revocation of Orders

24. The CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (VARIOUS STREETS, CAMBRIDGE) (BUS LANES) ORDER 2014 is hereby revoked.

25. The Orders listed below are hereby revoked in-part with regards to their reference to Bus Lanes:

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA A (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.49) ORDER 1997

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA A (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.52) ORDER 1997

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA A (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.60) ORDER 1998

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA A (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.72) ORDER 1999

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA A (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO. 94) ORDER 2000

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA C (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.9) ORDER 1997

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA D (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.10) ORDER 1997

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA D (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.13) ORDER 2000

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA D (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO. 20A) ORDER 2003

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA G (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO. 22) ORDER 2000 THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA G (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO. 22A) ORDER 2000

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA H (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1993 (AMENDMENT NO.9) ORDER 2010

THE COUNTY OF CAMBRIDGESHIRE (MILTON ROAD, CAMBRIDGE) (BUS/CYCLE LANE, MADATORY CYCLE LANES, DUAL USE CYCLE TRACKS AND PROHIBITION AND RESTRICTION OF WAITING AND LOADING) ORDER 1995

THE CITY OF CAMBRIDGE AREA Z (CONSOLIDATION) ORDER 1991 (AMENDMENT NO. 35) ORDER 2005

The COMMON SEAL)
of CAMBRIDEGSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL)
was hereunto affixed this)
\$\$\$\$ day of \$\$\$ 20\$\$)
in the presence of :-	

SCHEDULE 1

ROADS AND PARTS OF ROADS ON WHICH ANY VEHICLE OTHER THAN A PEDAL CYCLE, BUS, HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE IS PROHIBITED AT ALL TIMES ON ALL DAYS

ELIZABETH WAY

On the western side of the carriageway from a point 145

metres north of its junction with Newmarket Road northwards to its junction with Cutter Ferry Close

HISTON ROAD On the eastern side of the carriageway from its junction

with Blackhall Road until its junction with Carisbrooke

Road

NEWMARKET ROAD On its north side from a point 65 metres northeast of its

junction with River Lane to a point 30 metres northeast of

its junction with Garlic Row

NEWMARKET ROAD On its south side from a point 155 metres west of its

junction with Ditton Walk to a point 50 metresnortheast of

its junction with River Lane

NEWMARKET ROAD On its south side from its junction with Ditton Lane to a

point 75 metres west of the centreline of Meadowlands

Road

MILTON ROAD the southeast side between points 20 metres and 189

metres southwest of its junction with Gilbert Road

MILTON ROAD the south east side between a point 40 metres north east

of its junction with Gilbert Road and a point 45 metres

southwest of its junction with Elizabeth Way

MILTON ROAD the south east side between a point 40 metres north east

of its junction with Union Lane and a point 40 metres

southwest of its junction with Woodhead Drive

ROADS AND PARTS OF ROADS ON WHICH ANY VEHICLE OTHER THAN A PEDAL CYCLE, BUS, HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE IS PROHIBITED BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7.00AM AND 7.00PM ON ALL DAYS

HILLS ROAD On the western side of the carriageway from its junction

with the northern boundary of Bateman Street to a point 28 metres southeast of its junction with Union Road

HILLS ROAD On the western side of the carriageway from its junction

with Purbeck Road to its junction with Homerton Street

ROADS AND PARTS OF ROADS ON WHICH ANY VEHICLE OTHER THAN A PEDAL CYCLE, BUS, HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE IS PROHIBITED BETWEEN THE HOURS OF 7.00AM AND 7.00PM, MONDAYS TO SATURDAYS

VICTORIA AVENUE On the western side of the carriageway from its junction

with Jesus Lane for a distance of 478.5 metres in a

northerly direction

SHELFORD ROAD On the southwest side of the carriageway from its

junction with Exeter Close to a point 35 metres northwest

of the centreline of Cranleigh Close

TRUMPINGTON ROAD On the east side of the carriageway from a point 29

metres south of the centreline of Newton Road to a point

144 metres north of the centreline of Long Road

MADINGLEY ROAD On its north side from a point 360 metres east of the

centreline of Cambridge Road, Coton for a distance of

355 metres in an easterly direction

CONTRA-FLOW BUS/CYCLE LANE

ROADS AND PARTS OF ROADS ON WHICH ANY VEHICLE OTHER THAN A PEDAL CYCLE, BUS, HACKNEY CARRIAGE OR PRIVATE HIRE VEHICLE IS PROHIBITED FOR ALL HOURS ON ALL DAYS

ST. ANDREW'S STREET On its west side from a point 83 metres south of

centreline of its junction with Downing Street to its

junction with Emmanuel Street

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL ROAD TRAFFIC REGULATION ACT 1984

The Local Authorities' Traffic Orders (Procedure)

(England and Wales) Regulations 1996

Section 6 and Paragraph 2 of Schedule 2

* * * * *

STATEMENT OF REASONS

Name of Order: Cambridgeshire County Council

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL (VARIOUS STREETS, CAMBRIDGE) (BUS LANES) ORDER 20\$\$

THE AUTHORITY'S REASONS for proposing to make the

above mentioned Order are as follows:

For facilitating the passage on the road or other road for any class of traffic (including pedestrians)

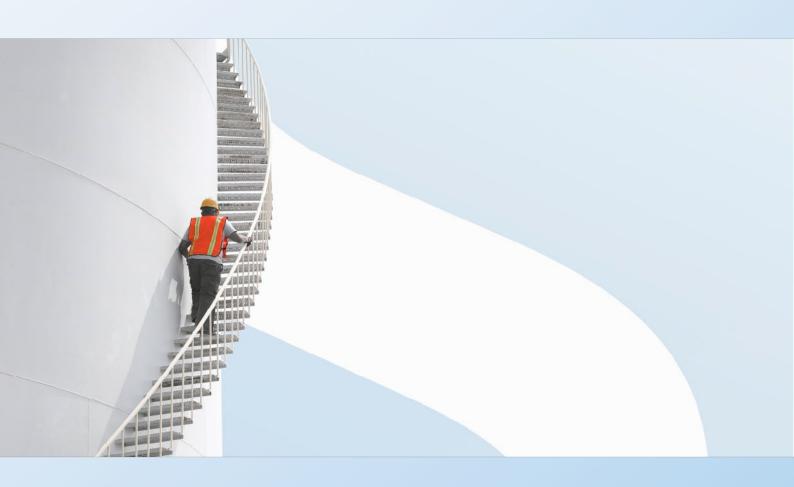
Explanatory Note: The introduction of a bus lane in the location will improve the punctuality of existing services by prioritising buses through a major arterial route into the City.



Greater Cambridge Partnership

HISTON ROAD

Landscape Strategy



Page	110	of	183
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Greater Cambridge Partnership

HISTON ROAD

Landscape Strategy

TYPE OF DOCUMENT (VERSION) PUBLIC

PROJECT NO. 70012012

OUR REF. NO. 190823-AJC

DATE: AUGUST 2019



Greater Cambridge Partnership

HISTON ROAD

Landscape Strategy

WSP

62-64 Hills Road Cambridge CB2 1LA

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WSP.com



QUALITY CONTROL

Issue/revision	Revision 2
Remarks	Client comments. Updated with new designs.
Date	23 rd August 2019
Prepared by	Tobias Edwards
Checked by	Andy Cocks
Signature	
Authorised by	Livio Martelli
Signature	
Project number	70012012
Report number	190823-AJC
File reference	LUD-01

Histon Road
Project No.: 70012012 | Our Ref No.: 190823-AJC
Greater Cambridge **Partnership** Page 113 of 183

Page	1	14	of	183	
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CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	P1
2	INTERVENTION AREAS	Р3
	The Junction Of Akeman Street – A Green Oasis	P3
	Crossroads At Gilbert Road And Warwick Road – A Gateway	P4
	The Junctions Of Brownlow Road And Blackhall Road – Birch Trees	P4
	The Linear Strip Of Land Opposite Hazelwood Close – A Green Corridor	P5
3	CONCLUSION	P6

Histon Road
Project No.: 70012012 | Our Ref No.: 190823-AJC
Greater Cambridge **Partnership** Page 115 of 183

Page	11	6	of	1	83	
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1 INTRODUCTION

This landscape strategy has been developed collaboratively with officers from the Cambridge City Council Streets and Open Spaces team and draws upon:

- Site familiarisation visits and photography undertaken in September and October 2018;
- Relevant precedent streetscape studies in Cambridge and the Southeast of England; and
- Feedback received at the Histon Road Local Liaison Forum (HRLLF) workshop (8th October 2018).

The preliminary design put forward for public consultation sought to compensate for tree removal through replacement planting elsewhere on Histon Road to achieve neutrality the same net quantity of trees. In subsequent design development, working alongside council officers, the potential for a varying of this strategy by using large trees to achieve biodiversity net gain has been explored in accordance with the council's Tree Strategy 2016 to 2026. The principle of net gain goes further than neutrality and aims to provide a greater total quantum of biodiversity when comparing the existing situation with the proposed scenario.

The following simple net gain calculation based on mature tree canopy size was set out at the HRLLF workshop and was well received in principle:

- Existing small species trees have an average mature canopy size of 3 metre radius which equates to a volume of 113 m³ (assuming a spherical canopy).
- Proposed medium species trees with a mature 6 metre crown radius = 905 m³ = 8 small trees.
- Proposed large species trees with a mature 10 metre crown radius = 3142 m³ = three medium or 27 small trees.

It is therefore proposed to follow this approach where appropriate. Table 1 below sets out the biodiversity net gains envisaged for Histon Road given the proposed strategy rather than the previously proposed tree neutrality.

Table 1: Biodiversity Net Gain Calculation

	Year 1	Year 10	Year 20	Year 50
Tree neutral strategy	-593 m³	-804 m³	-715 m³	0 m³
Proposed strategy	-450 m³	6 m³	4010 m³	40073 m³
Difference between proposed strategy and tree neutral	143 m³	810 m³	4725 m³	40073 m³

The landscape strategy appendix is supported by 7 no. A3 illustrations as follows:

Figure 1: Akeman Street - Visualisation

Histon Road
Project No.: 70012012 | Our Ref No.: 190823-AJC
Greater Cambridge Partnership Page 117 of 183



- Figure 2: Gilbert Road and Warwick Road Plan
- Figure 3: Gilbert Road and Warwick Road Visualisation
- Figure 4: Brownlow Road and Blackhall Road Plan
- Figure 5: Land opposite Hazelwood Close Mobilane Green Screen Fence Detail
- Figure 6: Material and Planting Palette



2 INTERVENTION AREAS

The following streetscape strategies have been identified for each of the Intervention Areas along Histon Road. The first four of which were considered at the HRLLF.

The Junction of Akeman Street - A Green Oasis

The primary objective is to build on the opportunity afforded by high footfall to local shops and the bus-stop by taking up the asphalt and replacing with soft landscape elements to provide amenity value.

The design proposes several new medium sized trees to replace the two existing very poor-quality specimens. The replacement trees will cast light shade in summer months.

The soft landscape areas will be redesigned as planting beds adjacent to the existing wall with slightly sunken rain gardens with a bioretention function adjacent to the edge of the carriageway. Low level, low maintenance planting will be provided to improve air quality and provide amenity value for all seasons. Herbaceous plants, grasses, evergreen structural shrubs, groundcover and flowering bulbs will be included. The planting mix will be adapted every five years in response to the changing light conditions beneath the tree canopies and the competition for water and nutrients as tree roots grow.

Adaptive management will be used to ensure any planting which consistently fails to thrive is replaced with a suitable soft landscape treatment. Bare ground susceptible to footfall and subsequent compaction / erosion will be avoided.

The proposed colour palette for hard landscape materials is warm tones such as ochre and light brown.



Plate 2: Photograph showing the existing situation at Akeman House. The existing declining tree (next to the bins) in hard landscape is proposed to be replaced with two larger tree species set within a planting bed adjacent to the existing wall, also with a separate rain garden adjacent to the edge of the carriageway.

Histon Road
Project No.: 70012012 | Our Ref No.: 190823-AJC

Greater Cambridge Partnership Page 119 of 183



Crossroads at Gilbert Road and Warwick Road - A Gateway

The principal design objective is to enhance streetscape character by providing a new tree planting design which includes large species with an open canopy. Selected existing small tree species will be replaced to achieve long term environmental, social and economic benefits including biodiversity, improved air quality and reduced surface water runoff.

Tree planting, maintenance and management will be in accordance with industry best practice to ensure tree health and allow the most successful specimens to become a characterising influence and locally distinctive. The trees will cast light shade in summer months.

The mature canopy will be a prominent feature and will form a gateway to celebrate the transition between suburban and urban Cambridge. Existing views towards the Langham House landmark building on the north-east corner of the junction will be retained, enhanced and framed by crownlifting the proposed trees as they mature. The ground beneath the trees will be grassed where possible to maintain the existing green character, providing amenity value and facilitating surface water infiltration and irrigation for the trees.



Plate 1: Photograph showing the existing situation at Langham House. The existing mature Sorbus (whitebeam) is proposed to be removed and replaced with two much larger species trees.

The Junctions of Brownlow Road and Blackhall Road - Birch Trees

The design team and the HRLLF agreed that the existing mature birch trees in grassed areas are in reasonable condition and provide suitable character and sufficient benefit to the local area. Removal of three mature birch trees at Blackhall Road is proposed to accommodate the bus, cycle and walking improvements. In this location there will be four new birch trees that will be planted.



The Linear Strip of Land Opposite Hazelwood Close - A Green Corridor

The proposed solution in this area is to replace the overgrown hedgerow with a new fence within highway land. The fence will sit adjacent to the existing residential property boundary fencing and will be steel mesh. A non-vigorous Hedera (Ivy) climbing plant species would be pre-grown up the fence to provide an instant 'green' effect.

The proposed fence would be 3m in height and the planting will be maintained to ensure sufficient privacy for properties backing onto the road whilst minimising overshadowing. As well as softening the fence, the planting will be designed to minimise cost and frequency of maintenance, and will also provide year-round visual interest. This type of planting will have negligible impact on adjacent garden planting, and will also benefit air quality and biodiversity.

Histon Road WSP
Project No.: 70012012 | Our Ref No.: 190823-AJC AUGUST 2019
Greater Cambridge Partnership Page 121 of 183 Page 5 of 7



3 CONCLUSION

The proposed interventions set out above have been developed in conjunction with relevant parties. The primary objective to provide sustainable environmental enhancement via streetscape design has been met. The long-term vision is for the proposed large trees to thrive and provide a lasting legacy. This will be achieved through implementation of the latest advances in arboricultural knowledge and techniques when considering ground preparation, planting, maintenance and management of trees.

The streetscape designs will have the following beneficial effects:

- A richer, more visually appealing and distinctive public realm;
- Improved human health and wellbeing;
- Increased biodiversity; and
- Wide-ranging environmental and socio-economic impacts associated with increased tree canopy cover including reduced storm water runoff; improved local air, soil and water quality; reduced atmospheric carbon dioxide; and increased property values.

Page	123	of 1	183
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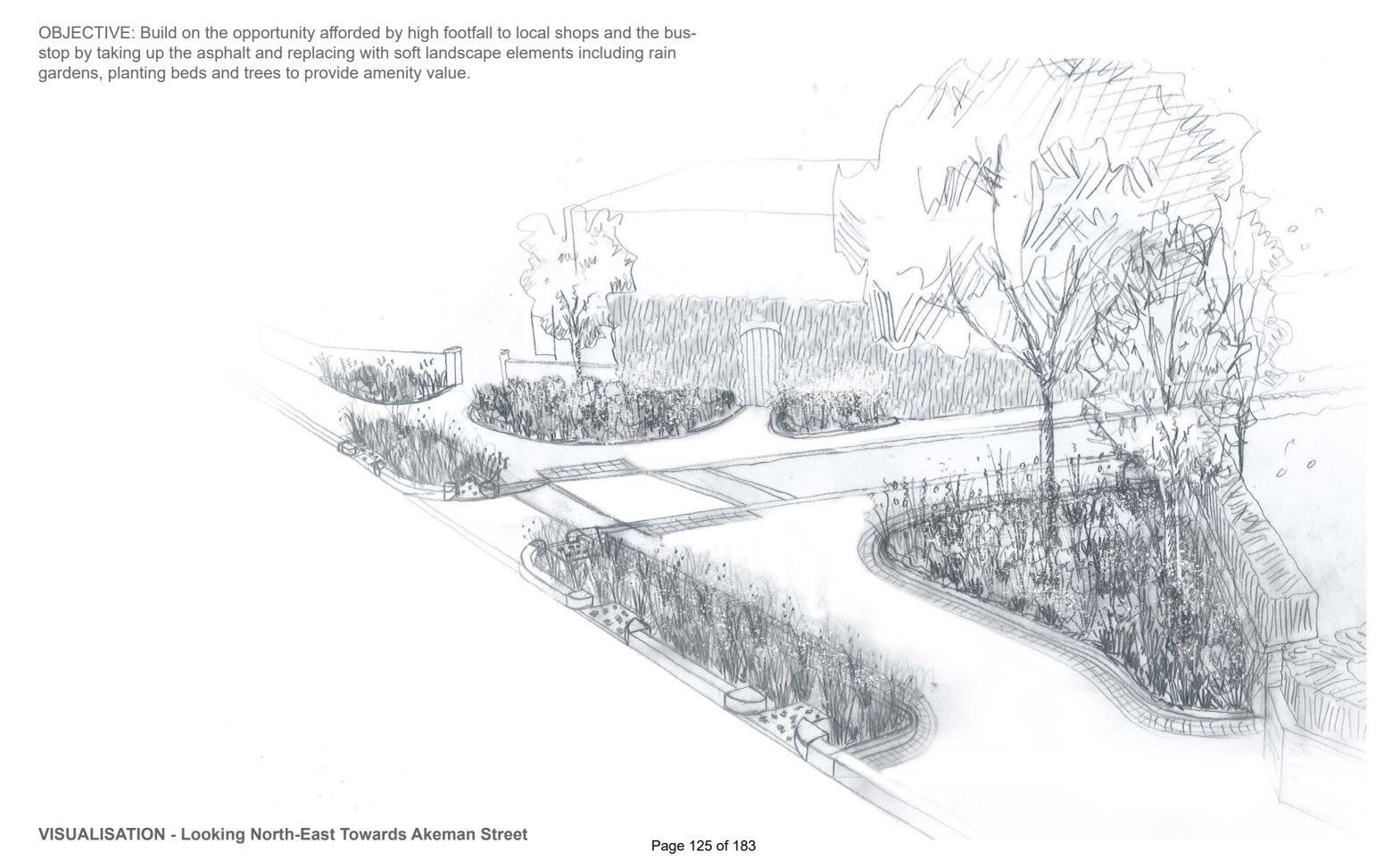




HISTON ROAD LANDSCAPE STRATEGY

The Junction of Akeman Street - A Green Oasis

Figure 1







HISTON ROAD LANDSCAPE STRATEGY

Figure 2

Crossroads At Gilbert Road And Warwick Road – A Gateway

OBJECTIVE: Enhance streetscape character by providing a new tree planting design which includes large species with an open canopy. Three existing small tree species will be replaced to achieve long term environmental, social and economic benefits including biodiversity, improved air quality and reduced surface water runoff.



PLAN - New / Replacement Tree Planting



Figure 3

Crossroads At Gilbert Road And Warwick Road – A Gateway





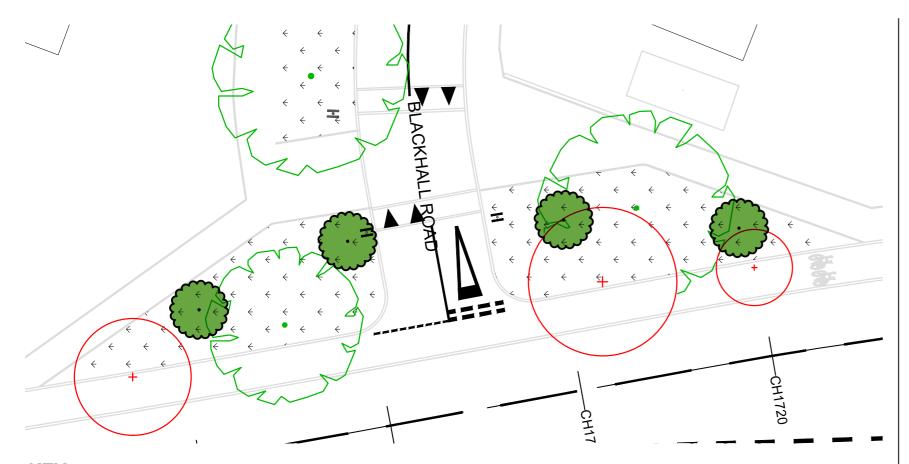


HISTON ROAD LANDSCAPE STRATEGY

Figure 4

Brownlow Road and Blackhall Road - Birch Trees

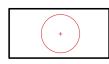
OBJECTIVE: The existing mature birch trees in grassed areas are in reasonable condition and provide suitable character and sufficient benefit to the local area. Removal of three mature birch trees at Blackhall Road is proposed to accommodate the bus, cycle and walking improvements. Four replacement birch trees will be planted. There will be a slight reduction in the size of the grassed area at Brownlow road but no tree loss is anticipated.



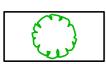


EXISTING SITUATION - Brownlow Road - No Tree Loss Anticipated

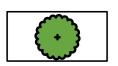
KEY



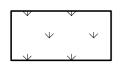
Existing tree to be removed



Existing tree to be retained (Within Highway Boundary)



Proposed tree



Proposed / Reinstated Grass

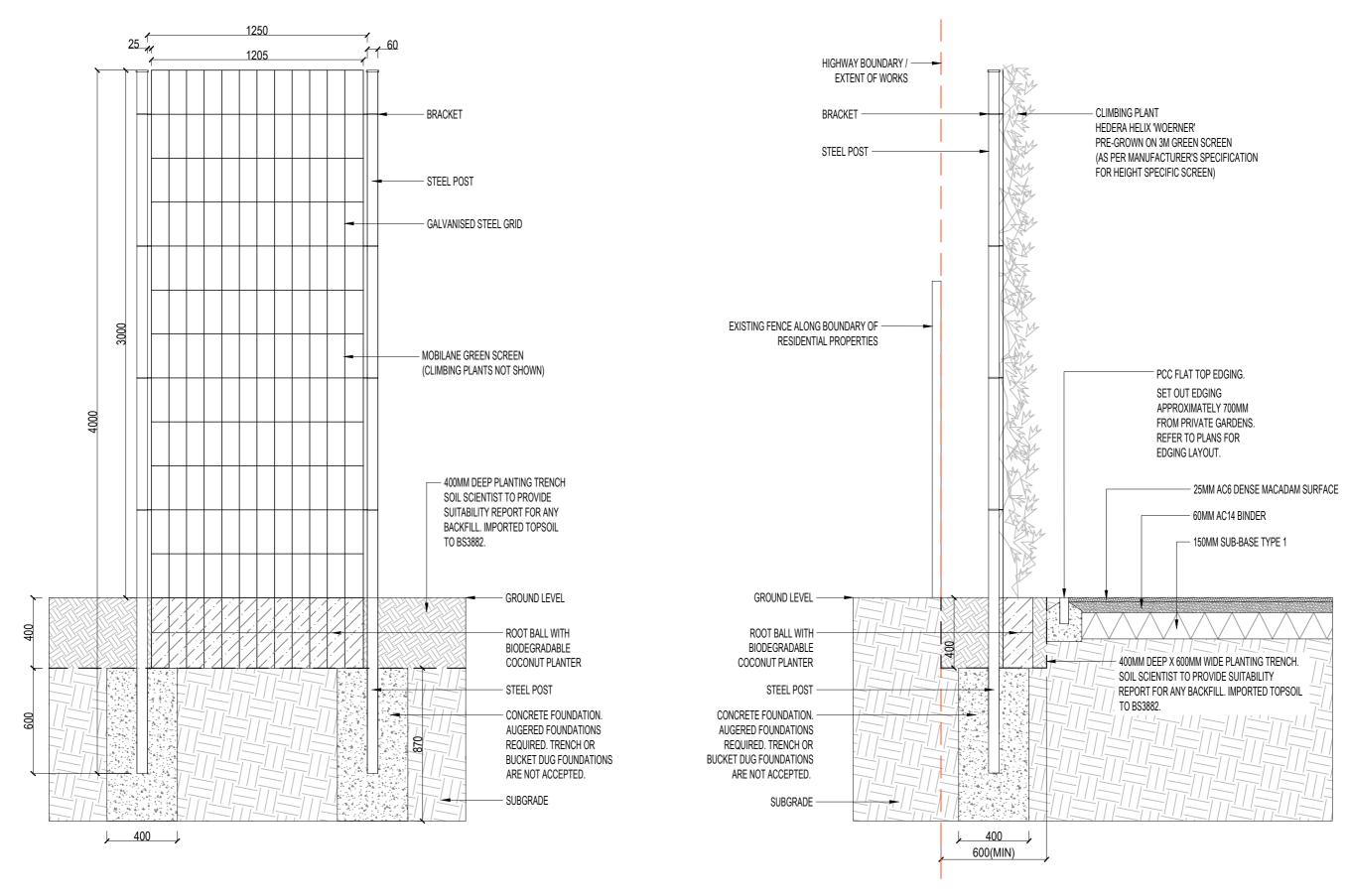




Replacement Planting Opposite Hazelwood Close

HISTON ROAD LANDSCAPE STRATEGY

Figure 5







HISTON ROAD LANDSCAPE STRATEGY

Figure 6

Trees



Platanus x hispanica (London plane)



Material and Planting Palette

Liriodendron tulipfera (Tulip tree)



Betula ermanii (Gold birch)





Betula pendula (Birch)





Ginkgo biloba (Maidenhair)





Parrotia persica 'Vanessa' (Persian Ironwood)

Hard Materials



PCC Setts



PCC Country / Radii Kerb



erb PCC Quadrant Kerb

Fencing



Mobilane Green Screen



Hedera helix 'Woerner'

Rain Garden Plants



Carex divulsa



Carex oshimensis 'Evergold'



Carex muskingumensis



Liriope muscari



Vinca minor f. alba

Wildflower Meadow



Pictorial Meadows 'Patchwork Quilt'

Planting beds



Polystichum polyblepahrum



Sarcococca hookeriana var. humilis



Hosta 'Francee' (fortunei)



Vinca minor 'Atropurpurea'



Allium hollandicum 'Purple Sensation'



Bergenia cordifolia 'Purpurea'



Epimedium × warleyense



Liriope muscari 'Monroe White'

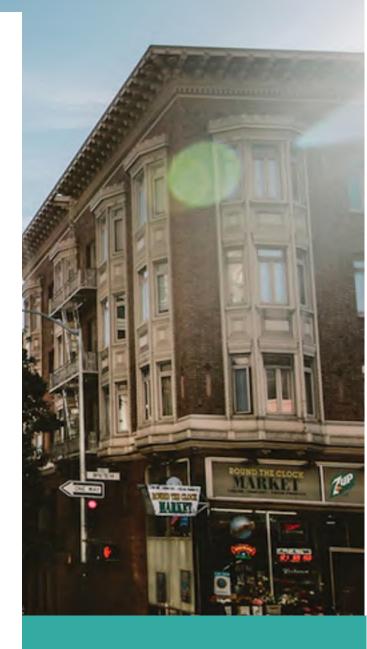


Narcissus 'Actaea'

Page 130 of 183

Histon Road Cycleway

Construction Management Plan



13/08/2019

Skanska

Authored by: Dan Wood

1. Introduction

The Histon Road Cycleway Project looks to improve the bus, cycle and walking infrastructure to make these options a more attractive alternative to travelling by car. The Project involves works to the footpaths and carriageways to create designated cycleways plus a designated bus lane approximately from Blackhall Road to Carrisbrooke Road. In addition to this the scheme involves improvement works to two main road junctions, Gilbert Road and the Huntingdon Road/ Victoria Rd junction, which will include improved cycle provision at junction approaches as well as new traffic signals.



This Construction Management Plan details the outline arrangements for the duration of the works but is considered to be a live document that will continue to be reviewed and updated through the planning and tender process.

2. Dust and Noise Management Plan

The northern section of the Scheme lies within an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) as designated by South Cambridge District Council in 2008 along the A14 between Milton and Bar Hill. It is anticipated the works has potential to create dust, however measures shall be implemented to minimize dust at source including careful management of materials deliveries and any stockpiles, dust suppression for haul roads and tools, and appropriate monitoring.

Skanska will liaise with the local Environmental Health Officer to gain agreement for potentially disruptive works in regards to statutory nuisance. Best Practical Means shall be implemented during the construction period at all times to minimize the impact of noise to local sensitive receptors and the community kept informed of any particularly noisy activities. Principally, any plant used on site shall be silenced or sound reduced models, appropriately maintained and any static plant sited away from receptors or within acoustic enclosures.

The type of construction activities that will be carried out on site can create significant noise levels that are over the 80 decibel limit. Therefore ear defenders for all operatives and staff will be advised between 80 and 85 decibels and mandatory on activities over 85 decibels. All trade contractors need to risk assess their own activities to ensure the relevant safety precautions are being carried out. Skanska will regularly monitor the noise levels to ensure trade contractors are complying with their duties. Also checks will be carried out to the surrounding area to protect the general public from significant noise levels.

All tools and equipment must be suitably selected, maintained and inspected to reduce noise and vibration so far as reasonably practicable. As minimum operatives should know their exposure limits for the equipment they are using and the steps necessary to reduce the risk. PPE must afford the appropriate level of protection as indicated by the risk assessment and manufacturers guidance. Health surveillance for all operatives must be undertaken if there is a residual risk from noise and or vibration.

3. Stakeholder Liaisons

<u>Customer Liaison Officer:</u> Skanska will provide a full time dedicated CLO to manage key messages to the public and local stakeholders. The CLO will act as a conduit between the CCC, the GCP, the Skanska construction delivery team and affected stakeholders. Where works are to be carried out in the vicinity of an area the CLO will manage advance notification of works and ongoing progress updates to the affected properties. This would be in the form of letters, face to face contact or electronic communication

<u>Customer Drop in Point</u>: In agreement with the GCP, we'll facilitate the provision of a drop in centre for a fixed time and duration every week where members of the public can drop in a see the proposed works, discuss the programme and share any concerns they may have. This drop in centre will be manned by the CLO along with either the PM or Site Agent for the works. Regular out of working hours drop in meetings will also be arranged to suit stakeholders unable to attend during site working hours.



4. Storage of Materials

Skanska intend that materials and work equipment being delivered to site will be pre-arranged with the project management team at pre-arranged times and entered onto the delivery schedule. Deliveries that have not been pre-arranged may not be permitted to enter the site. Trade Contractors are to ensure that suitably inducted personnel are made available to escort the delivery onto site. Site Security is not resourced to escort vehicles onto site.

Trade Contractors are to ensure all plant and equipment arriving on site is compliant with legal requirements, i.e. test certificates, inspections etc. and must be checked before being used on site. Skanska will conduct random audits on equipment being delivered and equipment found non-compliant will not be permitted onto site.

Designated storage areas will be allocated to each contractor and it is the responsibility of each contractor to ensure these areas are maintained and without risk to health, safety or environment, i.e. stacking of materials, chemicals etc. Storages areas will be located within the site compounds and site working areas.

5. Clearance of Vegetation

The works on Histon Road will require for existing trees and vegetation, including private hedges, to be cleared to allow the proposed design to be installed. The works then include the provision of new trees and vegetation to act as replacements for the removed plant life.

Private Properties – Hedge Clearance or tree pruning - Where existing hedges or trees need to be trimmed back to a distance behind the highway boundary line, in the first case a full list of all the affected properties will be prepared. This will be in the form of a site visit and visual survey of the works required. All of these details will be entered onto a tracking sheet (See Appendix A) that will have property details and photos of the works that will be required. Contact will be made with the property owner and their details also entered onto the tracking sheet and arrangements will be made with the owner for the required works to be carried out. Once works are completed the tracking sheet will be updated and a completion letter will be issued to the property owner confirming the works are now completed and that future maintenance will be the property owner's responsibility

Public Landscaping areas – Where trees or hedges on the highway are to be trimmed or removed these will be fenced off and pedestrians diverted as needed. The vegetation will then be trimmed or trees cut down to the base of the stump. The remaining stump will then be ground down with care taken to ensure there are no services in the area of the stump

6. Typical Setup across Property entrances

Access to and from properties and businesses will be maintained throughout the duration of the works. Designated access and exit points within the closed lanes will be communicated via the CLO and signage on site.

Whilst completing excavation operations across property access/exit points, the team on site will have available steel road plates that shall be positioned to create a safe access ramp. Outside of working hours, the team will ensure all excavations are backfilled up to safe running level with stone, to create a temporary access and egress point. This shall be fenced and made safe to avoid any damage to vehicles, cyclists or pedestrians.

On occasion where works across individual property access is more onerous, for example when installing linear drainage which will require curing time for the concrete surround to harden, the team will liaise with the home owner through the CLO and agree appropriate timings and access arrangements on a specific case by case basis.



7. Utilities Management

The delivery of the project works will require both new works and diversions to existing utility assets. The scope of works has been agreed with each utility owner and all of this info has been entered onto the Utilities Table (See Appendix B). This clearly differentiates between work that are the responsibility of the Skanska and the utilities owner. Skanska will be responsible for coordinating the utility contractor's works and ensuring they are provided adequate notification to ensure they programme their visits to work with the Skanska programme.

Skanska will ensure excavation works are carried out using safe dig methods including obtaining service plans, scanning and marking the area for utilities (Cat and Genny), looking for visual signs of utilities (boxes, trench reinstatement). Excavation works will be carried out in accordance with HSG47 and will include the use of vacuum excavation techniques where excavation is carried out within 500mm of a known service. To facilitate this Skanska have produced a drawing showing proposed digging techniques to be employed across the site. This also highlights areas on site where vacuum excavation techniques are to be used. (see Appendix C)

8. Hours of Work

The table below details the standard project working hours:

Day	<u>Times</u>	Comments
Monday – Friday Day Working	07:30 - 18:00	
Saturday Working	07:30 - 16:00	Only with prior agreement from Principal
		Contractor
Monday – Sunday Night Works	20:00 - 06:00	Restricted to works that cannot be completed
		within standard traffic management, such as
		carriageway surfacing which will be completed
		under full road closures.

Section 10 below details the Programme of works, project phasing and traffic management plans for the duration of the works.

9. Location of Storage Compounds and Welfare Facilities

The proposed location for the main site compound is on the slip road off Histon Road (opposite Kings Hedges Road). This will contain the main office compound, welfare facilities and storage areas:



Smaller compound areas will be installed where space on site permits to suit working gang locations, which will consist of welfare, first aid and material/plant storage facilities.

10. Programme

a. Phasing of Works

The Histon Road Cycleway Project has been split in to four phases of work as described in the table below:

Works Phase	Location	Proposed Programme Dates
Phase One	South of A14 Junction 32 to North of	TBC – refer for draft programme in
	Gilbert Road Junction	Appendix D as a guide only
Phase Two	Gilbert Road Junction	TBC – refer for draft programme in
		Appendix D as a guide only
Phase Three	South of Gilbert Road Junction to North	TBC – refer for draft programme in
	of Huntingdon Road Junction	Appendix D as a guide only
Phase Four	Huntingdon Road Junction	TBC – refer for draft programme in
		Appendix D as a guide only



See attached proposed summary programme of works (Appendix D)

b. Proposed Traffic Management

To facilitate the delivery of the works a one way system is to be introduced for the duration of the project on Histon Rd between Huntingdon Road and Kings Hedges Road. Flow will be northbound

towards the A14 only. Southbound traffic will be officially diverted East along the A14 to Junction 32, and then down A1134 Milton Road into Cambridge Town Centre. The proposed TM to be used is contained in Appendix E

Advanced Warning Signs (AWS) will be placed on the A14 to encourage traffic to avoid Histon Road and arrangements will be made with the local bus provider (Stagecoach) to provide additional buses between Milton Park and Ride and Cambridge. To ensure safety of both the workforce and the public, water filled barriers will be used for the extent of the works with openings to allow entrance into properties, safe pedestrian crossing points, provision for side roads to enter Histon Road.

11. Routes to and from site

All delivery vehicles to site will use either of the following routes:

<u>Deliveries from south of the site:</u> Deliveries will join the one way traffic flow and then enter the works area via the signed 'Works Traffic Entrance' areas. Once within the works area hazard lights will be employed and a 10mph speed limit enforced (signage will have 10mph limits). No reversing will be permitted without a banksman and all vehicles on site will have reversing cameras fitted.

<u>Deliveries from north of the site:</u> Deliveries will join the A14 and exit at Junction 33 and follow the signposted diversion signs to the Huntingdon Road junction. They will then follow the instructions above to enter the works areas.

12. Typical Plant to be used for Project

The following plant types are proposed to be used for the project delivery

Description	Expected Noise Levels	Activity
Vacuum Excavator	86-97dB	Civils
Road Saws/ Stihl Saws	95-105dB	Civils
8t/5t/3t Excavator with	80-86dB	Civils
breaker attachment		
5t Dumper	80-86dB	Civils
8 Wheel Lorries inc with grab	80-86dB	Civils
facility		
Breakers – Hydraulic/ with	86-95dB	Civils
compressor		
MEWP (Mobile elevated works	80-90dB	Street Lighting
platform)		
Hiab vehicle	80-86dB	Deliveries/ Street Lighting/
		Traffic signal works
Planer	86-95dB	Surfacing Works
Surfacing Paver	80-90dB	Surfacing Works

13. Waste Management Plan

Skanska shall produce a site specific Site Waste Management Plan for the Project with the aim to encourage effective waste management practices, ensure regulatory compliance, improve environmental performance and reduce the cost of waste disposal. The plan will detail a breakdown of waste streams likely to be produced by the project, a waste forecast, and details of waste carriers and disposal sites. Waste will be segregated on site to enable either on site reuse or off-site recycling of material. Skanska will track and record all waste movements to ensure legal compliance and for inclusion in monthly KPI reporting.

14. Ecology Management Plan

Vegetation clearance shall be programmed to avoid the nesting bird season (March to August inclusive). Where this is not possible, a breeding bird survey shall be carried out by an ecologist 48 hours in advance of proposed clearance to check for bird nesting activity. If active nests are found a buffer of vegetation shall be retained until all young have fledged and the nest deemed inactive by an ecologist.

15. Emergency Services

The works, including the traffic management, will be discussed and agreed with the emergency services. In the case of an emergency with either the site works or within the vicinity of the works Skanska will communicate with the Emergency services and if required will allow the blue lighted vehicle to travel contra flow on Histon Road to the main TM route.

16. Site Security

Works areas will be segregated using 1m high pedestrian barriers along with appropriate signage. Remote monitored CCTV cameras shall be installed in compound and storage areas to protect the site against theft and vandalism.

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Histon Road - Vegetation review

Draft -

Owner Status Key

No issues

Wants further details

						Not in lavour	
				Owner contact	Owner consultation/ list of		
Address/ location	Photo	Description				Owner Status on project	Further action
eg							
38 Histon Rd			Trimmed back to 300mm within boundary line	Mr Smith	- Letter drop on xxx 2019		Further discussion with owner arranged for xxxx

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	Coordinat Works - Coordinati diversion / works with companies constructic programm exact route of diverted utilities.	on of the installation utility within on e. Agree the	Traffic Manager Pedestria manager	an	Civils – T Excavation Site cleara may be reco	on nce works	Ducting Installati Chamber	on and	Cabling Installati		Backfill a Reinstate	ement	Muckaw Disposal arisings		Quote excluding VAT - TO BE REVISED	Contestable items value	Non contestable items value	Notice required for utility company/ statutory body to commence	Duration of utility company/ statutory body works - TO BE REVISED **NEED THIS BROKEN DOWN TO TIME ALLOWANES	Contact Details for Stats Companies
Utility Company	By Skanska	By Stats Company	By Skanska	By Stats Company	By Skanska	By Stats Company	By Skanska	By Stats Company		By Stats Company		By Stats Company	By Skanska	By Stats Company					FOR THE 4 PHASES OF WORKS**	
Virgin Media - C4	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	£721,407.14	N/A	N/A	12 weeks (Assumed, not stated)	30 weeks	Karl.Gough2@virgi nmedia.co.uk
Openreach – C4	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	£361,666.82	N/A	N/A	12 Weeks	26 weeks	robin.atkins@open reach.co.uk
UKPN – C4	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	Υ	N	Y	N	£245,938.81 (in arrears) £201,669.81 (in advance)	£0	£245,938.81	12 Weeks	4 weeks following Skanska works	Zoe.Eyre@ukpower networks.co.uk
Cityfibre	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Y	N						shaun.granger@cit yfibre.com
GBN	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N						rpc34@cam.ac.uk
Cambridge water		Subject to trial holes survey results											SteveEveritt@sout h-staffs- water.co.uk							
CadentGas											Subj	ect to trial	holes sur	vey result	S					Gary.Parr@cadentg as.com

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<u>Histon Road Cycleway – Excavation Method Summary</u>

DIG METHODS:	
OPTION 1 -	
OPTION 2 -	
OPTION 3 -	
OPTION 4 -	

Option 1 = Green highlight

Carriageway = asphalt planer to remove existing surfacing down to max 110mm

Footway = Planer to remove surfacing or excavator used to peel off existing asphalt. No excavation within subbase below. **CAT SCAN TO BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO EXCAVATION TO IDENTIFY ANY UTILITIES WITHIN 300mm** (STRIKE ALERT ON CAT)

Option 2 = Amber Highlight

Carriageway and Footway = No existing utilities shown on stats plans, therefore standard safe digging practice applies. Detailed CAT and Genny scan to be completed to confirm no utilities present prior to machine excavation with continued CAT and Genny scanning. Any potential unchartered utilities identified on CAT and Genny Scan to be trial holed by hand/vac exc prior to machine excavation.

Option 3 = Blue Highlight

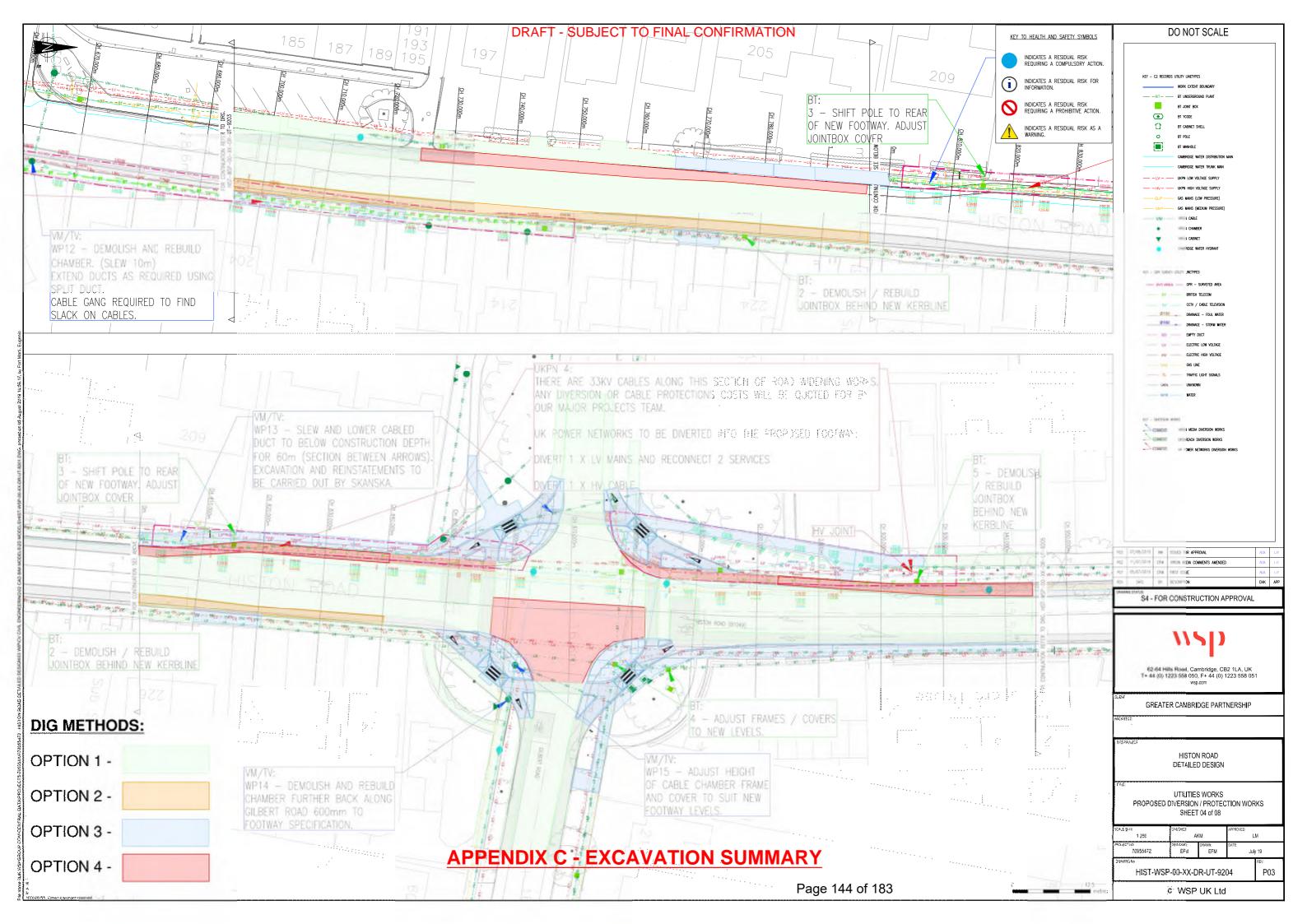
Footway = Max excavation depth 325mm. Bound material to be removed using road saw/planer/peel off with excavator. Slip trenches to hand/vacuum excavator at 5m centres (initially, to be reviewed on site based on consistency of level of located utilities in individual areas) to 200mm below formation level. Additional trial holes required to locate service feeds to adjacent properties/businesses. 2 scenarios described below apply based on findings from trial holes:

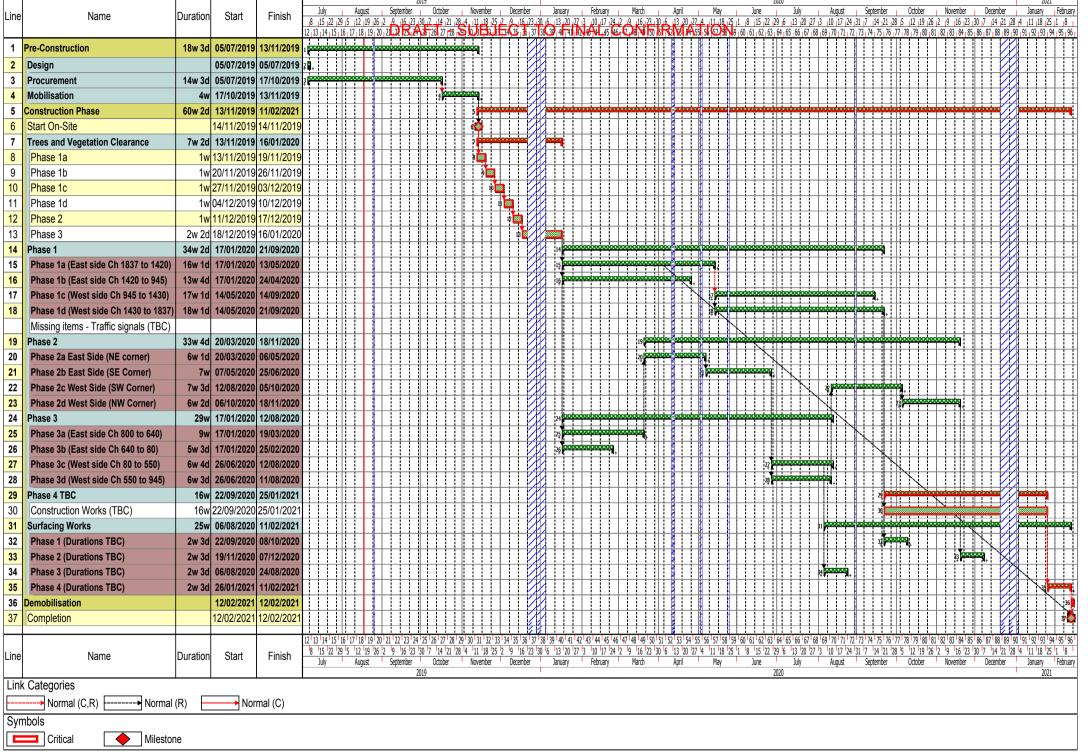
- 1. No existing utilities located within dig depth plus additional 200mm. Mechanical excavation methods permitted to excavate to formation level.
- 2. Existing utilities located by trial holes. The utility located with the lowest cover (highest utility in terms of reduced level) shall form the baseline for excavation. Mechanical excavation permitted to 150mm above the highest located utility. Excavation below this to formation level to be completed by hand or vacuum excavation methods.

SEE ATTACHED EXAMPLE FROM SKANSKA CELTA ROAD PROJECT

Option 4 = Red Highlight

Carriageway = Deep excavation required 480-820mm. Existing utilities shown on plans, therefore no mechanical excavation permitted within exclusion zones permitted. Bound material to be removed using road saw/planer/peel off with excavator. No mechanical excavation permitted below bound material. Excavation to formation to be completed by hand dig/vacuum excavator.





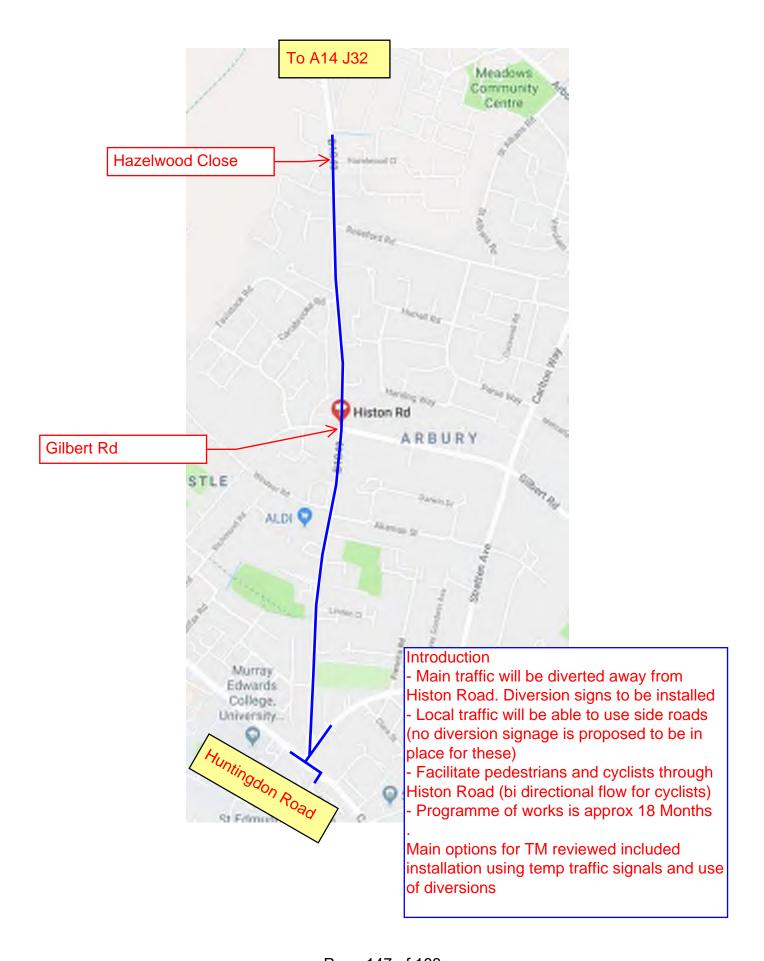
Appendix E - Proposed Phasing and TM

To allow the safe installation of the works and to both shorten the programme and keep consistency of traffic management, it is proposed that that works will be installed utilising a one way closure of traffic in-bound into the city centre. Outbound traffic will be permitted 24 hours a day and unrestricted. To facilitate the in-bound closure a diversion will be set up from J32 of the A14 directing traffic east towards J33 and then south from there along Milton Road and continuing into the city.

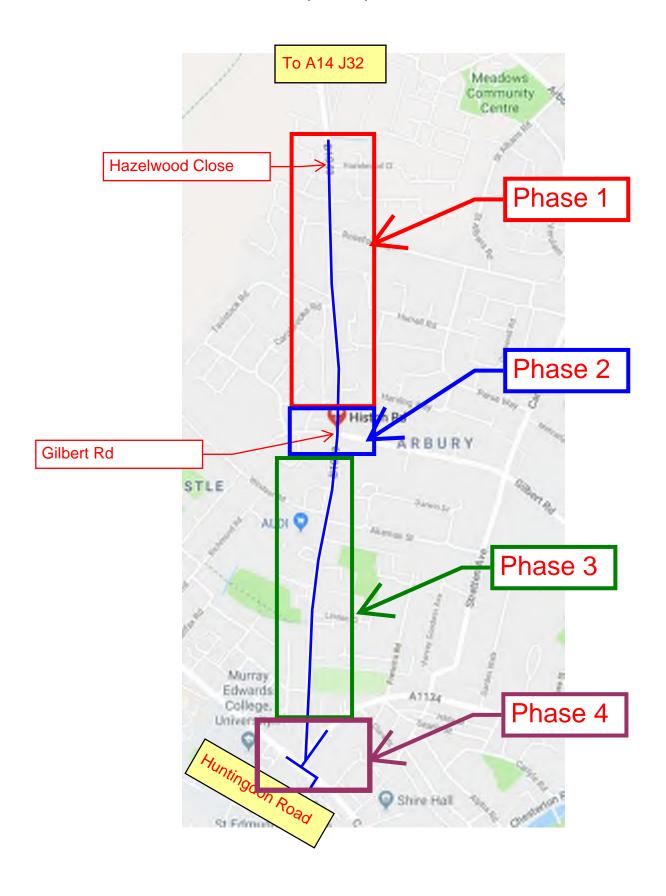
Private car users will be encouraged to use the Park and Ride facility at Milton Rd and then travel into the city using the Park and Ride.



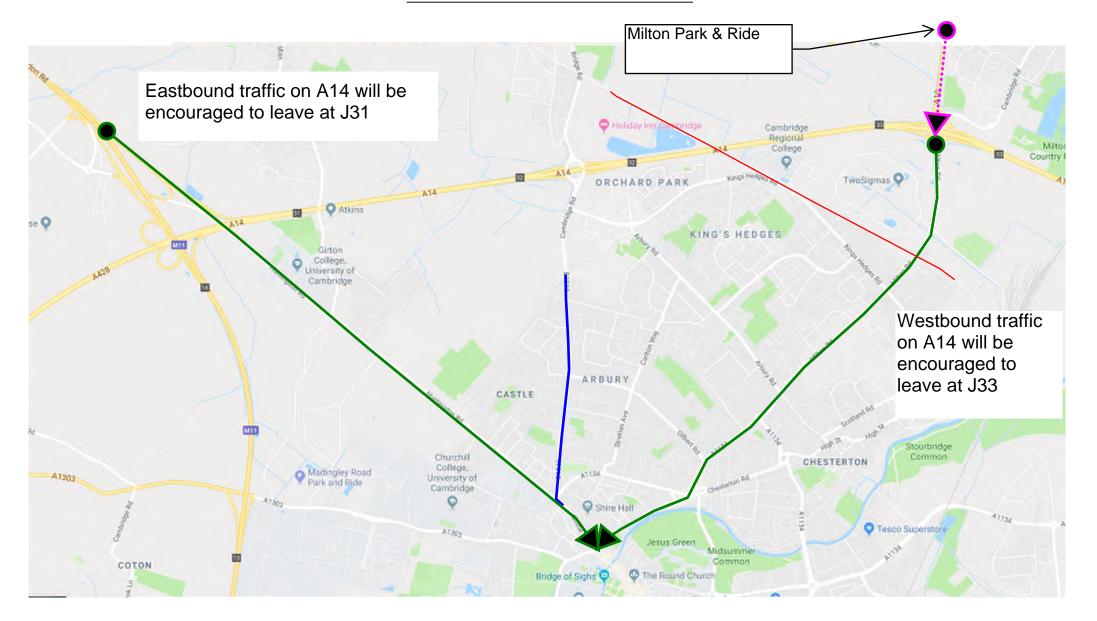
Histon Rd - Cycleways and Bus Lane Install



Histon Rd - Cycleways and Bus Lane Install



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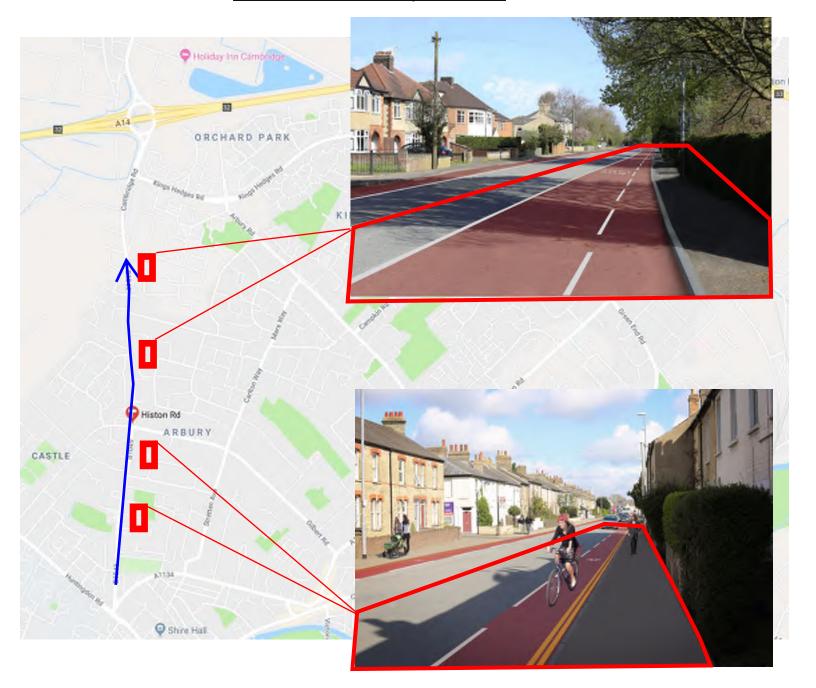
<u>APPENDIX E - PROPOSED PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT</u>

DRAFT - SUBJECT TO FINAL CONFIRMATION Histon Rd - East Footpath Works



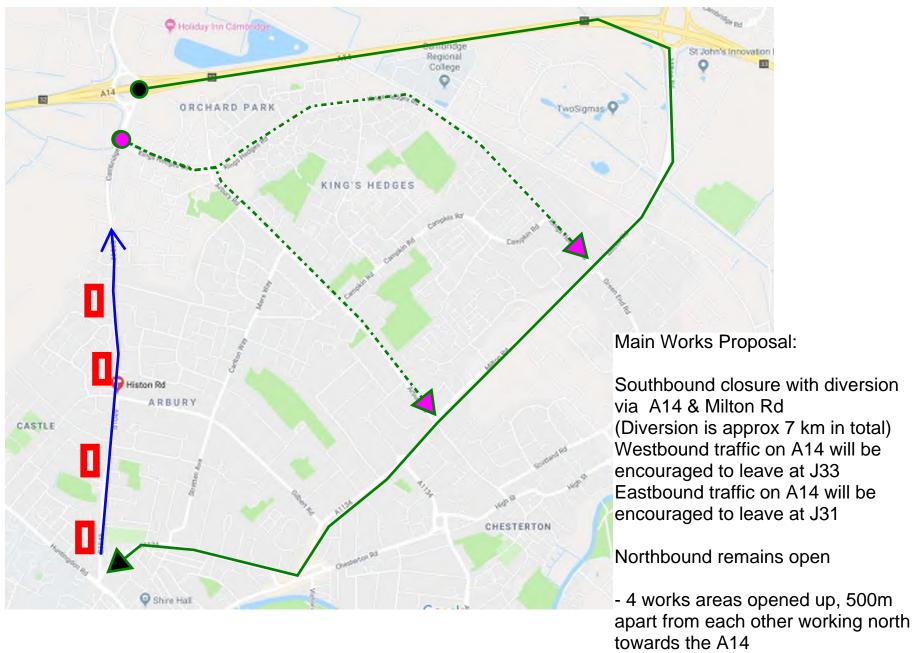
APPENDIX E - PROPOSED PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

DRAFT - SUBJECT TO FINAL CONFIRMATION Histon Rd - East Footpath Works



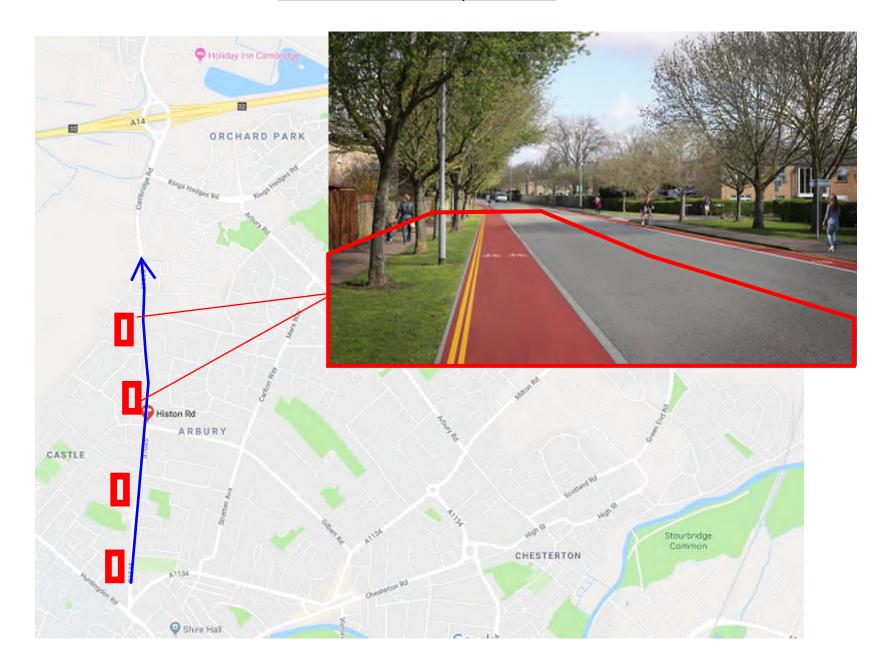
APPENDIX E - PROPOSED PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

DRAFT - SUBJECT TO FINAL CONFIRMATION Histon Rd - West Footpath Works



APPENDIX E - PROPOSED PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

DRAFT - SUBJECT TO FINAL CONFIRMATION Histon Rd - West Footpath Works



APPENDIX E - PROPOSED PHASING AND TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT

Histon Rd - Gilbert Rd Junction Works

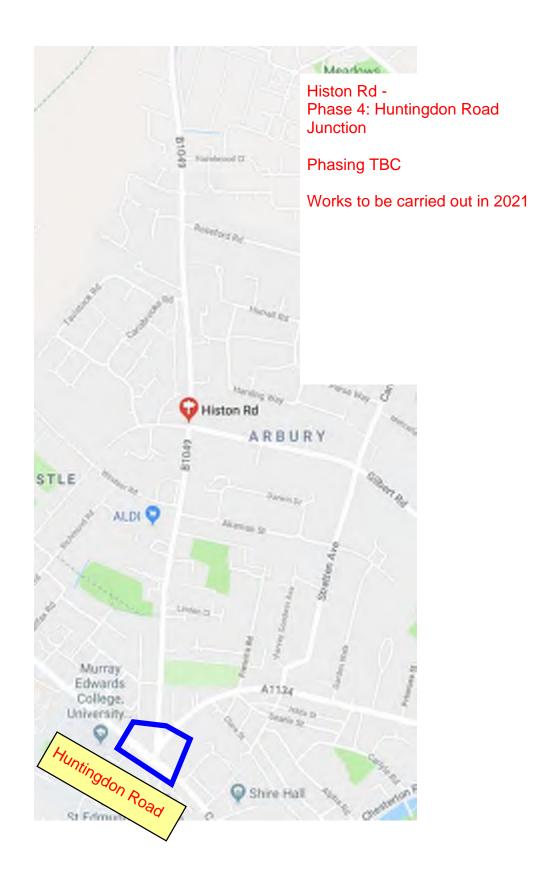


Phase 2: Gilbert Rd Junction

Disconnect existing lights and use of temp 3 way lights to install junction

Constructed whilst the one way system is in place

Histon Rd - Huntingdon Rd Junction Works



Report To: Greater Cambridge Partnership Joint Assembly 12th September 2019

Lead Officer: Peter Blake – GCP Transport Director

MADINGLEY ROAD CYCLE AND WALKING PROJECT

1. Purpose

- 1.1. On 6th December 2018 the GCP Executive Board agreed as part of the deliberations on the Cambourne to Cambridge project that cycle and pedestrian infrastructure improvements in Madingley Road should be taken forward for delivery and developed in detail as a separate project.
- 1.2. The Madingley Road area is one of the key routes in to Cambridge. It suffers from considerable congestion, particularly at the junction with the M11. There are some large development sites on this corridor, notably the West Cambridge development. The Madingley road proposals support the Greater Cambridge Partnership's (GCP) transport vision of creating better, greener transport networks, connecting people to homes, jobs and study, and supporting economic growth.
- 1.3. The purpose of this report is to present the initial outputs of local stakeholder engagement and commence a public consultation on proposals for the scheme.
- 1.4. The Executive Board will be asked:
 - To note the progress made in working with residents and the community to shape the emerging options;
 - To approve the request to take the two emerging options to public consultation in the Autumn 2019/20; and
 - To approve the project milestones set out in paragraph 5.2.

2. Background

- 2.1. In January 2019, utilising initial work carried out in 2018, consultants were appointed to develop options for a high quality cycling and pedestrian route along Madingley Road, from the Park and Ride site to the Northampton Street Roundabout. The brief requires that designs be sympathetic to the attractive and distinctive environment in Madingley Road, which is recognised as one of Cambridge's greenest approaches.
- 2.2. To support initial options and development of the project, a series of pre-engagement events were held to seek to understand local and user expectations. These included:
 - Three Workshops to support the development of options:
 - A visioning development workshop with local members, residents, user groups, colleges and businesses. This was used to capture the expectations of the project from a stakeholder viewpoint and to ensure that any key information that would

- impact on the development of options and the potential success of the project was understood.
- An early option workshop to test emerging ideas on the junctions and cross sections along the route.
- A concept workshop to present and discuss the two emerging options for public consultation and to further understand the potential impacts on users and residents.
- Four meetings with local resident groups, including a meeting to introduce the landscape architect and City Council Urban Designers and Tree Officer to discuss the environmental strategy options.
- Engagement with local Councillors to discuss project aims and objectives.
- Attendance at the City Council's West Area Committee in March 2019 to introduce the project and its aims.
- Online request for further public feedback on the issues and opportunities for improvements for walking and cycling on Madingley Road.

3. Key Issues and Considerations

- 3.1. Engagement has been carried out at an early stage and that a series of pre-consultation workshops undertaken. These workshops were targeted at residents, local members, businesses and colleges within the Madingley Road area and included bus, cycling and walking interest groups.
- 3.2. The workshops proved to be popular with stakeholders, who have actively engaged with officers in shaping the options. The documents at **Appendix 1 and 2** demonstrate how the information gained from workshops and online responses have been used to shape the development of the emerging options to date.
- 3.3. Madingley Road is an attractive area that has many trees and other landscaping features including ditches, which potentially support a range of habitat types. Cambridge City Council has identified the road as one of the greenest approaches to the city and has included it in its 'Approaches' document: <u>Suburbs and Approaches</u>. Officers have engaged with the Cambridge City Council tree and landscape officers, who were keen to emphasise the environmental importance of this approach route.
- 3.4. In the area from Lady Margaret Road to JJ Thomson Avenue, over a number of years there have been encroachments onto the highway boundary, with the planting of hedges, bushes and trees. These have enhanced the biodiversity of the area and in many cases added to the attractiveness of the road. Officers have agreed with residents that where possible this planting will be retained and where it cannot, due to space needs, officers will seek to mitigate any cutback.
- 3.5. Madingley Road is a national, abnormal load route, used to bring large boats through the city. This restricts the minimum width available on each side of the road to about 3.2 meters, reducing the effective width available to the design, limiting options.
- 3.6. Madingley Road varies considerably, both in its width and in its levels from the Park and Ride site at Eddington to Northampton Street roundabout. As with other arterial routes into the city it has a significant number of utility services running along its length, including gas, communications, water and electricity. These will provide added complexity for both detailed design, construction costs and construction timeframe.
- 3.7. At this early stage the scheme cost estimate is in the range £5-£8 million, which reflects the ambition to provide high quality infrastructure over a relatively considerable length that includes many junctions. The likelihood of having to protect or divert utility services and the challenges presented from a road of differing widths and varying levels.

3.8. With a number of other routes being considered for delivery, including Histon and Milton Road, 'road space' approval on the highway network for construction work will require careful consideration on the priority and timeframe for construction of these routes.

4. Options and Emerging Recommendations

4.1. There are two options currently under development, outlined in the designs contained in **Appendix 3**. Large plans will be on display at the meeting. They are indicative in nature and will continue to be developed in preparation for a stage 1 road safety audit which started in mid-August. Following this any recommendations agreed will be integrated into the option where a design freeze will be applied to the options and preparation for public consultation will commence.

4.2. Features common to both options:

- 3.2m wide carriageway
- 2m minimum width cycleways increasing to 2.5m where space allows
- 2m minimum footways
- Sections of shared/dual use to allow easier usage of junctions and crossings
- Improved crossing facilities
- Improved junction layouts.

4.3. **Option One:**

- Full segregation where space allows in constrained areas where the cycleway is adjacent to the carriageway, it is proposed to use 'Cambridge kerb'/low angled kerb segregation, as currently used on Huntingdon Road cycleway.
- Due to visibility constraints, the concept at most crossings is to have the cycleway
 adjacent to the carriageway, this stops vehicles waiting over the cycleway. Having the
 cycleway alongside the carriageway junctions also allows vehicles turning in to be
 more aware of cyclists.
- As the option follows the existing alignment of the road closely, the construction period will likely be shorter than Option 2.

4.4. **Option Two:**

- Full segregation in constrained areas where the cycleway is adjacent to the carriageway, it is proposed to use 'kerbed margin separation' (i.e. two kerbs placed back to back to provide a physical barrier between the cycle lane and motor traffic.
- It is proposed that some land is taken at junctions to enable the cycleway to be set back and give cyclists and pedestrian priority. This enables vehicles to wait at a junction without stopping on the cycleway or footway area.
- It is proposed that the ditch adjacent to Churchill College is relocated further back onto Churchill College land to allow for improved facilities to be provided for pedestrians and cyclists.
- The option proposes to realign the road to balance the cross section in most areas, this would likely result in a longer construction period than Option 1.
- Improved junction layouts at JJ Thomson Avenue and Eddington Avenue.

4.5. Option Two – bi-directional cycleway opportunity:

- A two way cycleway option which would be an opportunity for the north side of Madingley Road to link Eddington Avenue to the crossing to the Mathematics footpath by Storey's Way.
- Links several key university sites.
- Survey information shows this route currently has large and even numbers of cyclists using it in both directions.
- It would provide easier navigation of the Eddington junction by providing opportunity for cyclists to approach on the north to bypass this complex and difficult junction.
- It could reduce the impact of cyclists on other traffic at this junction.
- It should be noted that this opportunity would only be available with option two as land would be needed to provide the two way option.
- 4.6. It is recommended that both options are taken to public consultation in the autumn of 2019/20.

5. Next Steps and Milestones

5.1 Next Steps

- Carry out road safety audit of emerging options.
- Continue to refine emerging options for public consultation.
- Prepare and carry out public consultation.
- Obtain more detailed information on public utility plant.

5.2 Milestones

- November 2019 Public Consultation.
- February 2020 analyse consultation responses and formulate preferred option.
- June 2020 Board approval for preferred option and detailed design.
- October 2020 Spring 2021 Detailed Design and contractor procurement
- Construction period 16 to 24 months, start dependant on road space availability

List of Appendices

	Appendix 1	Madingley Road Pre-consultation Engagement: Summary report of major comment
		themes Workshop one
	Appendix 2	Workshop two and three and online feedback response- Comments and Design
Responses/Actions		Responses/Actions
	Appendix 3	Indicative options drawings

Background Papers

Paper	Link
Cambridge Suburbs and Approaches:	https://www.cambridge.gov.uk/media/2946/suburbs-
Madingley Road	and-approaches-madingley-road.pdf

Produced by the Cambridgeshire Research Group



Madingley Road Pre-consultation Engagement: Summary report of major comment themes

Comment Theme	Respondents comments
Safety	 Respondents who discussed this theme felt that travel for cyclists and pedestrians along Madingley Road was unsafe, due to: Inconsistent cycle lanes A lack of visibility at junctions A lack of designated crossing points Conflicts with motorised traffic at junctions The condition of road/path surfaces
Pedestrian/Cyclist	Some of the respondents who discussed this theme were
crossings	concerned about a lack of designated crossing points along Madingley Road and nearby streets, feeling it was resulting in pedestrians and cyclists being forced to cross at unsafe locations. Areas where crossings were felt to be needed included: O High Cross/Madingley Road Park & Ride Dady Margaret Road Conduit Head Road Distriction Street Distriction Grange Road Clerk Maxwell Road Some respondents who discussed this theme felt that existing crossing points were unsuitable, particularly those that were two stage crossings. These respondents felt that existing crossings needed to be large enough to accommodate users with wheelchairs, buggies and cargo bikes while allowing enough time for slower users to cross safely
Width of footpaths and cycle paths	 Some of the respondents who discussed this theme felt that shared use paths along Madingley Road were not wide enough to accommodate both pedestrians and cyclists, particularly those with wheelchairs, buggies and cargo bikes Some of the respondents who discussed this theme felt that Madingley Road needed to be widened to accommodate onroad cycle paths on both sides of the road Some of these respondents discussed the junction layouts, in places such as JJ Thomson Avenue, feeling they had space wasted with the concrete islands
Re-design of junctions	 Respondents who discussed this theme felt the junctions along Madingley Road needed to be redesigned with pedestrian and cycle accessibility as a priority. Respondents felt that: Safety and accessibility could be improved for cyclists and pedestrians by introducing Dutch style crossings at junctions along the route

	Visibility from roads joining Madingley Poad was
	 Visibility from roads joining Madingley Road was
	poor Cyclists using the on-road cycle lanes requiring a right
	 Cyclists using the on-road cycle lanes requiring a right turn off Madingley Road needed to expose
	themselves to motorised traffic or negotiate difficult
	and confusing layouts
	Traffic light sequencing was too short
Segregated paths	 Some of the respondents who discussed this theme felt that cyclists and pedestrians should have paths segregated from motorised traffic and each other, as they felt the size of shared use paths was causing conflict between users Some respondents felt this was a particular issue around roundabouts and at shared use crossings
	A few of the respondents who discussed this theme felt that
	cycle routes should be on-road, designed in a similar fashion
	to Hills Road, to avoid conflict with pedestrians and ensure
	cycle routes remain consistent
Continuous cycle	Respondents who discussed this theme felt that the cycle
routes	routes needed to remain consistent along Madingley Road,
	as they felt current routes ended abruptly or required
	difficult to manage changes from off-road to on-road. These
	respondents also felt they needed to connect to other
	routes and extend to areas like Queen's Road roundabout
Traffic light	Respondents who discussed this theme felt that the phasing
phasing	of the traffic lights along Madingley Road needed adjusting
	 Some of these respondents felt that the timings for
	pedestrian/cycle crossings were too short for slower
	users to cross safely
	 Some of these respondents felt there was not
	enough time for cyclists to turn across traffic from
	advanced stopping boxes before that traffic also got
	a green light
Maintenance	Respondents who discussed this theme felt that
	maintenance needed to be improved along Madingley Road
	 Some of these respondents discussed the current
	condition of the cycle path and road surfaces, which
	they felt to be poor
	 Some of these respondents discussed the road
	surface markings for cycle lanes and advanced
	stopping boxes, which they felt to be in poor
	condition and difficult to see
	A few of these respondents discussed the greenery along the route, feeling it peeded to be trimmed.
	along the route, feeling it needed to be trimmed
	often enough to ensure visibility remained and
	routes were not blocked

Environment	 Respondents who discussed this theme felt that improvements should ensure existing landscaping along Madingley Road was kept Some of these respondents also felt that Madingley Road could contain more green landscaping, particularly around areas where there were duel road lanes such as the junction at JJ Thomson Avenue
Speed limit reduction	 Respondents who discussed this theme felt that the speed limit should be consistent along Madingley Road, at 30 MPH

Appendix 2

Madingley Road Cycle and Walking Project

Summarised Stakeholder Feedback and Design Response for Workshops Two and Three

<u>Madingley Road Cycle and Walking Scheme</u> <u>Summarised Stakeholder Workshop 2 (28/05/2019) Comments, Online Feedback</u> <u>Comments and Design Responses/Actions</u>

Cross Sections

<u>General</u>

Ref	Comment	Design Response
1	Stakeholder Workshop 2 Option 2 marked as preferred option for this cross section A-A	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Layout options to be based on Option 2.
2	Question about visibility at junctions due to proposed vegetation.	Visibility will be considered at all junctions, particularly in regards to new/existing vegetation.
3	Speed limit should be reduced to 30mph throughout.	Proposals can be for 30mph with agreement.
4	A retaining wall was proposed for the level difference on Stakeholder Workshop 2 Section A-A to provide a flatter verge.	Retaining wall would not be ideal for this area and will be avoided if possible due to cost, future maintenance and potential issues for adjacent landowners and footway users.
5	Development of 34-36 Madingley Road visibility concerns highlighted.	Visibility will be considered for accesses in future design stages.
6	Stakeholder Workshop 2 Section B-B Option 4 preferred.	Option will not be used due to issues surrounding a footway within Churchill College land. Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 shows ditch relocated further into Churchill College land to provide cycleway and footway facilities.
7	Keeping ditch favourable	Ditch will be kept, however Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 to suggest relocation of ditch to provide cycleway and footway facilities.
8	Stakeholder Workshop 2 Section C-C Option 3 preferred	Cross section to be used in layout options. A modified cross section will be used in options where a bi-directional cycleway is not provided.
9	A lack of visibility at junctions	All junctions will be checked for visibility during future design stages. Some vegetation clearance may be necessary to facilitate visibility requirements.
10	Lack of designated crossing points. Suggested locations; Park & Ride, Lady Margeret Road, Conduit Head Road, Storey's Way, Northampton Street, Grange Road and Clerk Maxwell Road.	Additional crossing locations as suggested have been provided across the two Stakeholder Workshop 3 options. Northampton Street has not been included as this is outside of the scheme extents.

11	Conflict with motorised traffic at	Priority pedestrian and cyclist crossings
' '	junctions.	set back from the carriageway has been
	Jamesterie	provided on Stakeholder Workshop 3
		Option 2. However, on Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 Option 1 where it is
		proposed that there will be no additional
		land available, the cycleway is located
		adjacent to the carriageway due to visibility constraints.
40	Condition of consideration when the	-
12	Condition of carriageway/footpath	Due to the changes in alignment and
	surfacing.	addition of a cycleway it is likely that the
		scheme will involve resurfacing, however
		this will be confirmed at later design
		stages.
13	Two stage crossings are unpopular.	Two stage crossings have been removed
	Crossing islands need to be able to	for Grange Road Junction on both
	accommodate cyclists, wheel chairs	options. Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option
	and buggies.	1 features two stage crossings for
		Eddington junction, however the islands
		have been made larger. On Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 Option 2, Eddington junction
		has been shown as a 1 stage crossing
		with refuge island for slower users. Two
		stage crossings for JJ Thomson &
		Madingley Rise junction are necessary
		due to the crossing distance. However
		the islands are large enough to
		accommodate all users.
14	Space wasted on concrete islands on	Necessary to provide islands at this
	JJ Thomson junction.	junction to allow crossings. Where
		islands are required, these are proposed
		to be green rather than concrete.
15	Pedestrian and cycle priority at	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2
	junctions.	proposes cycle and pedestrian priority at
		most junctions, where the crossing is set
		back from the main carriageway.
16	Introduction of Dutch style crossings	Dutch style crossings were proposed on
]	the junction options at Stakeholder
		Workshop 2 but where widely rejected,
		so are not proposed for Stakeholder
		Workshop 3.
17	Cyclist using on road cycleways find	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Options look to
''	right turns difficult to negotiate.	avoid on-road cycleways, and also
	nghi tamo amount to nogotiate.	provide a number of crossing points to
		navigate junctions safely.
18	Traffic light sequencing too short	
10	Traffic light sequencing too short.	Timing of traffic lights will be modelled at
		later design stages.

Cycling

	Comment	Response
19	Bi-Directional cycleways should be	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Options have
	consistently applied.	been produced to show bi-directional for
		some of the scheme, in key areas
		supported by pedestrian/cyclist count data.
20	Cycleways marked as 2.5m width	Cycleway width have been increased to
		2.5m on Stakeholder Workshop 3 options
		where space allows.
21	Tree Planting protection wanted	A balanced cross section has been applied
	between carriageway and cycleway.	to Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 to try
		to introduce as much tree planting
		between cycleway and carriageway as
		possible. Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option
		1 feature this arrangement where space
		allows.
22	Full/reduced height kerb separation	Stakeholder Workshop 2 feedback is
	between segregated cycleway and	mixed on this. Therefore the layout will be
	footway not favourable	informed by the Stakeholder Workshop 3
		Feedback.
23	1.5m segregated cycleway is	This width has not been used on
	concerning	Stakeholder Workshop 3 options.
24	3.5m is acceptable for bi-directional	This width has been used on Stakeholder
	cycling	Workshop 3 bi-directional sections.
25	Cambridge kerb dangerous in the	Cambridge kerb use has been minimised
	wet.	with full segregation favoured, but may still
		require usage in constrained areas in
		Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 1.
26	Madingley Road to be widened to	Segregated cycleways have been greatly
	accommodate on road cycle paths	preferred during both Stakeholder
	on both sides of the road.	workshops that have taken place. On road
		cycleways has been avoided where
		possible.
27	Cycleways should be consistent	The approach taken on Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 options is to apply a
		consistent approach to cycleways,
		however due to space constraints and
		junction features it has been necessary to
		change the way the cycleway works at
		times.

Pedestrian

Ref	Comment	Response
28	Comments asking for formal kerb separation for pedestrians and	
	cyclists.	Stakeholder Workshop 3 options can be
29	Comments asking for no kerb	separated by kerb if required. This is to be confirmed at Stakeholder Workshop 3.
	separation between footway and	Committee at Stakeholder Workshop 5.
	cyclists.	
30	Shared paths are not wide enough	Stakeholder Workshop 3 options show
	for pedestrians and cyclists.	segregated cycleways and footways for
		the majority of Madingley Road.
31	Footways and cycleways should be	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Options
	segregated.	sometimes show the footway and
		cycleway adjacent to each other but
		physical segregation could be applied as
		necessary at future design stages.

Horse Riding

Ref	Comment	Response
32	Shared use and NMU paths	Shared use is not supported by the
	requested.	majority of stakeholders so it has been
		avoided where possible. However we have
		widened the cycleway to provide an
		alternative for Stakeholder Workshop 3.

Carriageway

Ref	Comment	Response
33	Carriageway width of 3.2m is	This is included on Stakeholder
	favourable	Workshop 3 layout options.
34	Space needed to pass emergency	This has been considered for
	vehicles	Stakeholder Workshop 3 layout options.
35	Shift carriageway over to 'even out'	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 has
	the cross section	been based on an 'even' cross section
		between junctions. This may affect the
		underground utilities in the area.

Environment

Ref	Comment	Response
36	Green space is favourable	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Layout options
		show green space with indicative
		landscaping details (trees)
37	Some opposition to trimming back	The green look of the road will be
	overgrown hedges.	maintained where possible, however it
		may require some vegetation maintenance
		to provide width in constrained areas.

Junction Comments

Eddington

Ref	Comment	Response
38	Green the space	Green space to be provided where
		appropriate.
39	30mph essential	30mph are shown in Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 layout options.
40	Missing protected cycleways	Segregated cycleways are included within
		the Stakeholder Workshop 3 layout
		options where space allows.
41	Change feel of the route on East side	Better facilities for pedestrians/cyclists are
	to give priority to cyclists/pedestrians	included on proposed Stakeholder
	to discourage cars going forwards	Workshop 3 options. However the effect
		on vehicles must be considered in this
		location due to the potential negative
		impacts to the M11.
42	More perpendicular crossing islands	Due to orientation of Eddington Avenue it
	(Eddington Avenue)	is necessary to feature the existing island
		alignment to allow vehicle movements.
43	Horse rider route from north to south	Horse riders to be considered for
		crossings – including setting back an
		extra push button at useable height for
		horse riders in future design stages.
44	Two stage cyclist junction is not	This option has not been taken forward to
	favourable	the Stakeholder Workshop 3 layout
		options.
45	Curves added to cycleways to avoid	Right angles have been avoided in favour
	right angles at junctions.	of smooth alignments in Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 layout options.
46	Parallel pedestrian zebra and	This type of crossing has not been used
	cycleway crossings not favourable	on the junction for the Stakeholder
		Workshop 3 layout options.
47	Crossings could be toucans	Toucan crossings have been proposed for
		Stakeholder Workshop 3 options.

JJ Thomson Avenue & Madingley Rise

Ref	Comment	Response
48	Roundabout option is favourable for	Option has been included for Stakeholder
	the lack of lights and greenery.	Workshop 3 layout options.
49	Crossings on roundabout option	Zebra crossings have not been used on
	should be controlled rather than	Stakeholder Workshop 3 layout options.
	zebra.	
50	Set-back pedestrian and cyclist	Where space allows, this type of crossing
	priority crossing of side roads	will be included on Stakeholder Workshop
	favourable.	3 layout Option 2.
51	Enhanced greenery is required	Green spaces to be included on all future
		options.

52	No signal needed at JJ Thomson	Signal for right turn required due to safety
	Avenue (Right turn into Madingley	issues associated with a fully signalised
	Road)	junction.

Storey's Wa

Ref	Comment	Response
53	Comment about not providing	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 1
	protected cycleways.	constraints require that the cycleway is
		next to the carriageway for the junction for
		visibility and safety. Option 2 features
		some land take which allows for a
		protected cycleway to be set back from the
		junction.
54	Sketch of proposed diagonal	This idea has not been included on the
	crossing from footway to both sides	Stakeholder Workshop 3 options due
	of Storey's Way.	amount of 'red time' to allow pedestrians to
		cross the 20-45m required. Instead the
		crossing has been widened to allow
		greater movements towards a desire line,
		but also not excluding users who want to
		go towards Cambridge city centre.
55	Either side of pedestrian crossing	All Stakeholder Workshop 3 options
	marked with 'no space for waiting	feature larger areas to allow pedestrians
	cyclists'	and cyclist to wait without blocking the
		footway or cycleway in this area.
56	Right turn lane not favourable	This has not been proposed on
		Stakeholder Workshop 3 options.
57	Storey's Way cycleway should be	Where the cycleway is adjacent to the
	one-way	carriageway, it will be one-way for safety.

Grange Road

Ref	Comment	Response
58	Comments about shared use around	Shared use can be provided in this area,
	junction.	but at the expense of a segregated
		cycleway. This may be further considered
		post Workshop 3.
59	Comment to remove cycle box.	Advanced stop line used on the
		westbound carriageway due to the
		constraints of this location a segregated
		lane cannot be provided, which may
		encourage cyclists to use the
		carriageway.
60	Request for zebra crossing instead of	Not included as the zebra crossing would
	signal controlled.	not work with the rest of the signal
		controlled junction.
61	Comments about cyclists going	Potential improper use cannot be avoided
	around the signals, rather than wait.	due to the necessity for cyclists travelling
		southbound to have to wait at the signal

controlled junction. Shared use, which
would formalise this movement has been
included on Stakeholder Workshop 3
options.

Lady Margaret Road

Ref	Comment	Response
62	Comments around current situation where cyclist join pavement at speed on the westbound side of the carriageway.	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 1 features a segregated entrance to the cycleway to avoid this maneuverer. Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 is shared use, but with an entrance to the segregated cycleway situated just off the junction. The proposed shared use for the Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 is to reduce conflict at the narrow crossing points.
63	Concerns about how the scheme tied into existing arrangements.	Small section of shared use has been proposed at the end of the scheme to ensure appropriate tie-in to the existing arrangement.
64	Lay-by not favourable.	Lay-by not included on Stakeholder Workshop 3 options
65	Cycle box required	All Stakeholder Workshop 3 options extents have been extended to show advanced stop line for cyclists.
66	South east foot path must be shared use	Area of shared use proposed on all Stakeholder Workshop 3 options to enable tie-in to existing arrangement.
67	Can cyclist have traffic light priority?	Not included at this stage, as there are concerns that any additional phases will affect the functionality of the junction. This can be further reviewed at the traffic signal design and traffic modelling.
68	Are there different options for traffic movements?	Due to the constraint of the junction, there is only a limited way traffic movements can be accommodated.
69	Can south east footway be dedicated cycleway and footway (segregated)?	Due to space constraints and the need to tie-into an existing shared use arrangement this was not included on Stakeholder Workshop 3 options.
70	Improvements for cyclist turning right at roundabout. (Northampton Street & Queen's Road)	Roundabout is outside of the scheme extents. Cyclists turning right at the roundabout would be expected to use the carriageway, as there is not a safe way of allowing a crossing form the cycleway to the other side of the carriageway.

<u>Madingley Road Cycle and Walking Scheme</u> <u>Summarised Stakeholder Workshop 3 (23/07/2019) Comments and Design</u> <u>Responses/Actions</u>

Scheme Comments

General

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
1	Comments about avoiding shared space.	3	Shared space has been avoided where possible, however it is necessary to use this provision to ensure accessibility of crossings and accesses in key locations. Where shared use has been proposed, it is intended to be a better quality than the existing arrangement.
2	Comments requesting segregated cycle facilities between Lady Margaret's Road and Northampton Street Junction. Some suggestions of St John's land take to provide width for the improvements.	6	Due to the width constraints, there is not enough space to provide reasonable segregated cycle and pedestrian facilities in this location. The Northampton Street junction does not have segregated facilities, and as such would not tie-in to segregated facilities. Any such improvements requiring land take would be appropriate to be included within any improvement scheme for the junction rather than this Madingley Road scheme.
3	Comment about footpath between Madingley Road and Clarkson Road requiring improvements.	1	The footpath is not included within the scope of this scheme, however due to previous workshop feedback, we have proposed to de-clutter the entrance to the path and make the footway wider for ease of crossing.
4	Comment with preference cyclists and pedestrians to be clearly and physically segregated.	1	Level segregation is to be proposed where the cycleway is adjacent to the footway to ensure that the segregation is efficient.
5	Comments suggesting 2m with hard segregation is not suitable for overtaking on a 1-way cycleway. One comment suggested 2.4m minimum width in this scenario.	2	Cycleway width will be reviewed where hard segregation is used to ensure adequate width for overtaking.
6	Comments favouring Cambridge Kerb.	7	Cambridge Kerb will be used where proposed in Stakeholder Workshop 3. It is also now proposed to be used rather than hard segregation in constrained areas.

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
7	Comments regarding	5	Visibility will be checked as part of future
	visibility concerns of		design stages to ensure that the
	existing and proposed		proposed junctions and accesses are
	access and junctions.		safe to use.
8	Comment regarding one	1	Markings to be specified in future design
	way cycleway markings		stages. Likely to be similar to other
	required.		provisions in Cambridge for one-way
			cycleways.
9	Comment about the	1	Bus routes does not form part of this
	importance of not losing		scheme. All existing bus stops have been
	buses.		included in the layouts produced.
10	Comments mentioning	2	Relevant planning documentation shows
	plans on the corner of		that the multi-storey car park does not
	Clerk Maxwell Road and		directly exit onto Madingley Road. Any
	Madingley Road for a 540		required amendments to the Clerk
	multi-story carpark.		Maxwell Road junction with Madingley
			Road is to be agreed with the developer.
11	Comment mentioning	1	Relevant planning documentation shows
	University planning 2 multi-		that the multi-storey car parks do not
	storey car parks next to		directly exit onto Madingley Road. Any
	park and ride.		required amendments to the junctions
			with Madingley Road are to be agreed
			with the developer.
12	Comment suggesting to	1	Additional signage to be considered at
	signpost Coton footpath for		future design stages.
	in-bound on south side as		
	an alternative route to town		
	and schools.		
13	Comment supporting	1	Lay-by will continue to be removed from
	removal of lay-by.		the proposals.
14	Comment suggesting no	1	Blue paint is not proposed to be used.
	blue paint on cycle path		Cycleways are likely to be red to match
			with already constructed schemes in
			Cambridge.
15	Comments about various	3	These areas are not within the extents of
	location away from		this scheme and therefore will not be
	Madingley Road and its		reflected in the proposals.
	immediate junctions.		
	(Northampton Street,		
	Grange Road, JJ Thomson		
4.0	Avenue)		District to the state of the st
16	Comment suggesting that	1	Bidirectional cycleway has been
	more traffic on north side of		proposed in Option 2 on the north side of
	the road due to Park and		Madingley Road to support the large
	Ride		number of users on this side of the road.

Ref	Comment	No. of related comments	Design Response
17	Comment stating that Bidirectional flexibility between pedestrian and cycling lanes is important to be segregated from carriageway.	1	Bidirectional facility has been proposed for the north side of the carriageway from Eddington Junction to Storey's Way. This will be segregated from the carriageway for safety.
18	Comment on enforcement of 30mph speed limit and speed up to Conduit Head Road.	1	Speeds unlikely to be high due to the proposed frequent traffic signals. Enforcement will be determined during future design stages in liaison with Cambridge Police.

JJ Thomson and Madingley Rise

Ref	Comment	No. of related	Design Response
		comments	
19	Comment mentioning that there is an access being opened up for service vehicles for Cavendish Lab.	1	Access proposals will be considered in refinement of options for Public Consultation.

Storey's Way

Ref	Comment	No. of related comments	Design Response
20	Comments about the existing layout of Storey's way being difficult to use due to crossing location and narrowness of footways.	2	Proposals for this junction have been produced to make this junction more user friendly based on similar feedback from previous workshops.

Grange Road

Ref	Comment	No. of related	Design Response
		comments	
21	Comment suggesting widening of the carriageway to enable an increased length of two lanes heading east bound towards the Grange Road junction.	1	This area will be reviewed to ensure that at least the existing capacity of the right turn lane is suitable.

Option 1 Comments

General

Ref	Comment	No. of related comments	Design Response
22	Comment suggesting a pedestrian crossing be	1	Crossing can possibly be included, however traffic modelling will be required
	included to the west of Clerk Maxwell Road – as shown on Option 2.		to assess the effect of the additional crossing to traffic.
23	Comment suggesting that trees and green area could be removed opposite No. 29 to allow for a wider cycleway.	1	There is strong opposition to removing the trees in this section based on previous workshop feedback, therefore the proposals have looked to maintain this feature of Madingley Road.
24	Comment that no additional trees had been proposed opposite Storey's Way.	1	Trees and landscaping shown is only indicative and will be further developed in future design stages to confirm exact proposed locations of trees.
25	Comment about no land take and the benefit to the realisation of the project.	1	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 1 is a no land take option which has the stated benefit, however Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 required land will require further liaison with landowners to determine effect on the project.
26	Comment favouring cross section B-B	1	This cross section will be proposed for the more constrained sections, with the more of the scheme to be fully segregated from the carriageway.
27	Comment not in favour of Cambridge Kerb	1	Cambridge Kerb has been seen as favourable. While a wide segregated cycleway has been proposed for a reasonable length, there may be areas where Cambridge Kerb would be more appropriate.

Eddington Junction

Ref	Comment	No. of related comments	Design Response
28	Comments favouring the Option 2 junction layout for use in Option 1.	2	Designs are somewhat interchangeable, although Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 Eddington junction requires some additional land, which may affect how this can be adapted into Stakeholder Worksop 3 Option 1.

JJ Thomson and Madingley Rise

Ref	Comment	No. of related	Design Response
		comments	
29	Comment against	1	Feedback from previous workshops has
	allocating carriageway		favoured the green space. The additional
	space for verge.		green space looks to use hatched areas
			of the carriageway and therefore areas
			that are not trafficked.

Option 2 Comments

General

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
30	Comments supporting the	3	Bi-directional cycleway will be integrated
	use of bi-directional cycling		into Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2
	on the north side of		ahead of Public Consultation.
	Madingley Road.		
31	Comment favouring option	2	N/A
	2 and 30mph speed limit.		
32	Comments preferring	4	N/A
	Option 2 ditch relocation for		
	the widths gained at		
	Churchill College.		
33	Comments favouring	4	Landscaping is only indicative, however
	landscape proposals		further proposals will be made in future
			design stages which will show more
			detail.
34	Comment suggesting that	1	Full segregation has been applied where
	full segregation should be		possible, but due to the changing
	consistent throughout the		constraints, junctions and accesses, it is
	scheme.		necessary to be flexible with the cycleway
			provision.
35	Section A-A was marked as	1	Cycleway width in this location is
	2.5m cycleway		constrained by the level difference.
			Widths will be reviewed as part of future
	_		design stages in this location.
36	Comment questioning what	1	Landscaping details to be confirmed in
	would be planted in the		future design stages.
	verge on Section B-B.		21/2
37	Comment favouring Option	1	N/A
	2 at Churchill College, and		
	Lansdowne Road due to		
	junction layout.		

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
38	Commont for ouring straight	comments 1	Ctraight areasings ever islands have been
30	Comment favouring straight crossings rather than offset	ı	Straight crossings over islands have been shown, although this will need to be
	islands due to the difficulty		modelled to ensure that this arrangement
	negotiating on a bicycle.		does not cause any significant issues to
	riegotiating on a bicycle.		general traffic.
39	Comment stating that	1	Cycleways have been proposed next to
	cycleway next to junctions		junctions in Stakeholder Workshop 3
	is ok.		Option 1 due to the visibility concerns.
			Due to proposed carriageway
			realignment and land take, Stakeholder
			Workshop 3 Option 2 proposed
			pedestrian and cyclist priority set back
			from the junction.
40	Comment questioning	1	All existing bus stops have been included
	requirement for bus stop by		as part of the proposals.
	Storey's Way.		
41	Comment suggesting that		No change to the priority is proposed,
	the Observatory access		however segregation will continue over
	has cyclist/pedestrian		this access, with a waiting area for exiting
	priority already.		vehicles.
42	Comment about the	1	Verges will be as wide as possible after
	Importance of verges being		the width for footways and cycleways
	wide and planted correctly.		have been provided. Planting for the
			verges is to be confirmed at later design
			stage once landscaping proposals have
			been produced.
43	Sections marked – 30	1	This is to be considered during future
	Degree forgiving kerb '1/2		design stages where segregating the
	batter' could be a good		footway and cycleway, to provide a clear
	option instead of large		separation.
	block kerb to allow flexibility		
	for cyclists to cross.		
44	Marked with Planning ref	1	New access for No. 34-36 Madingley
	17/0172/FUL		road to be include in future design
			stages.

Eddington Junction

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
45	Comment about providing	1	On-road cyclists will be able to access the
	access for on-road cyclists		crossings by joining the cycleway before
	to crossings.		the junction.
46	Comment in favour of this	2	N/A
	junction layout.		

47	Comment about the impact	2	Traffic modelling will be required to
	on traffic of this junction		analyse how this junction affects traffic,
	layout.		and it is likely that some changes to the
			original design will be required.
48	Comment mentioning	1	Examples have been noted. The design
	examples in UK - Waltham		will be amended for the public
	Forest Leas Bridge/Argall		consultation to reflect key features of
	Way & Gilbert		these design to ensure feasibility of
	Road/Histon/Milton Kings		Eddington Junction.
	Hedges/Milton		
49	Comment regarding the	1	The proposed junction does not suggest
	length that pedestrians will		that pedestrians will have to walk any
	have to walk on the north		further than existing. Crossings not
	east quadrant of the		proposed to be offset and will therefore
	junction.		reduce the distance for pedestrians.

JJ Thomson and Madingley Rise

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
50	Comments suggesting	2	Crossings on the outside of the
	more cycle crossings on		roundabout could potentially negatively
	the outside of the		affect traffic over a single crossing in the
	roundabout to create a		centre. Removal of the centre crossing
	'Dutch Style' arrangement.		would mean that there would no longer be
			a crossing on the desire line.
51	Comment suggesting	1	Traffic queues will require modelling for
	extra green areas would		the junction.
	cause more queuing		
	traffic.		
52	Comment about sharp	1	Cycleway is wide and unlikely to cause an
	corners for cyclists leading		issue for turning cyclists. However,
	to toucan crossing in the		corners will be further designed in future
	centre of the roundabout.		design stages.
53	Comment mentioning	1	Proposals will be amended for Public
	Consented 17/1799/FUL		Consultation to enable tie-in to the JJ
	Bi directional cycleway		Thomson proposed cycleway and footway
	East side of JJ Thomson		provisions.
	Av, please include.		
54	Comment in favour of the	2	N/A
	junction layout.		
55	Bi directional cycleway	1	Bi-direction crossing could be utilised in
	marked across the		the Bi-directional option. However, in
	junction, using the middle		Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2, this
	crossing.		layout would have connectivity problems if
			a crossing cyclist wanted to travel west
			rather than into Madingley rise or in an
			east direction.

Storey's Way

Ref	Comment	No. of related comments	Design Response
56	Comment stating that cycle priority is needed across the junction.	1	Cycle priority across the junction was included on both Stakeholder Workshop 3 options due to previous workshop feedback.
57	Comment suggesting that the removed right turn lane is useful.	1	Right turn lane removal was favoured in previous workshops. Traffic modelling will be required to assess the impact of its removal.
58	Comment preferring Option 1 layout for this junction.	1	N/A

Lansdowne Road

Ref	Comment	No. of	Design Response
		related	
		comments	
59	Cycleway marked at the	1	Stakeholder Workshop 3 Option 2 features
	front of the junction due to		a realigned carriageway to allow a
	visibility concerns.		betterment to visibility over the current
			arrangement. This has also allowed the
			cycleway to be set back to allow a vehicle
			to wait between the carriageway and
			cycleway when entering Madingley Road.
			Visibility will be fully checked in future
			design stages.

