WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

THE COUNCIL WANTS YOU TO BE CONFIDENT THAT
YOUR CONCERNS WILL BE TAKEN SERIOUSLY.

This Whistleblowing Policy aims to:

- Encourage and enable any person to feel confident in raising serious concerns.
- Provide avenues for any person to raise concerns.
- Provide confidence to whistleblowers that all referrals will be dealt with in line with this policy.
- Describe how to take the matter further if dissatisfied with the Council's response.
- Reassure anyone making a referral that the Council will take all reasonable and practical steps to protect whistleblowers from reprisals, harassment, or victimisation.

A serious concern will not necessarily always constitute a whistleblowing referral which would be investigated under this policy. For example, there are separate processes to allow employees to lodge a grievance relating to their employment; for customers to complain about the service they receive; or for anyone to raise concerns about whether Members have breached the Member's Code of Conduct.

In order to ensure that serious concerns of any nature can be raised easily, Section 1 of this policy provides guidance on how to refer all types of concerns to the correct process, and advice can always be obtained from the contacts in paragraph 1.12 of this policy if you have any doubts.

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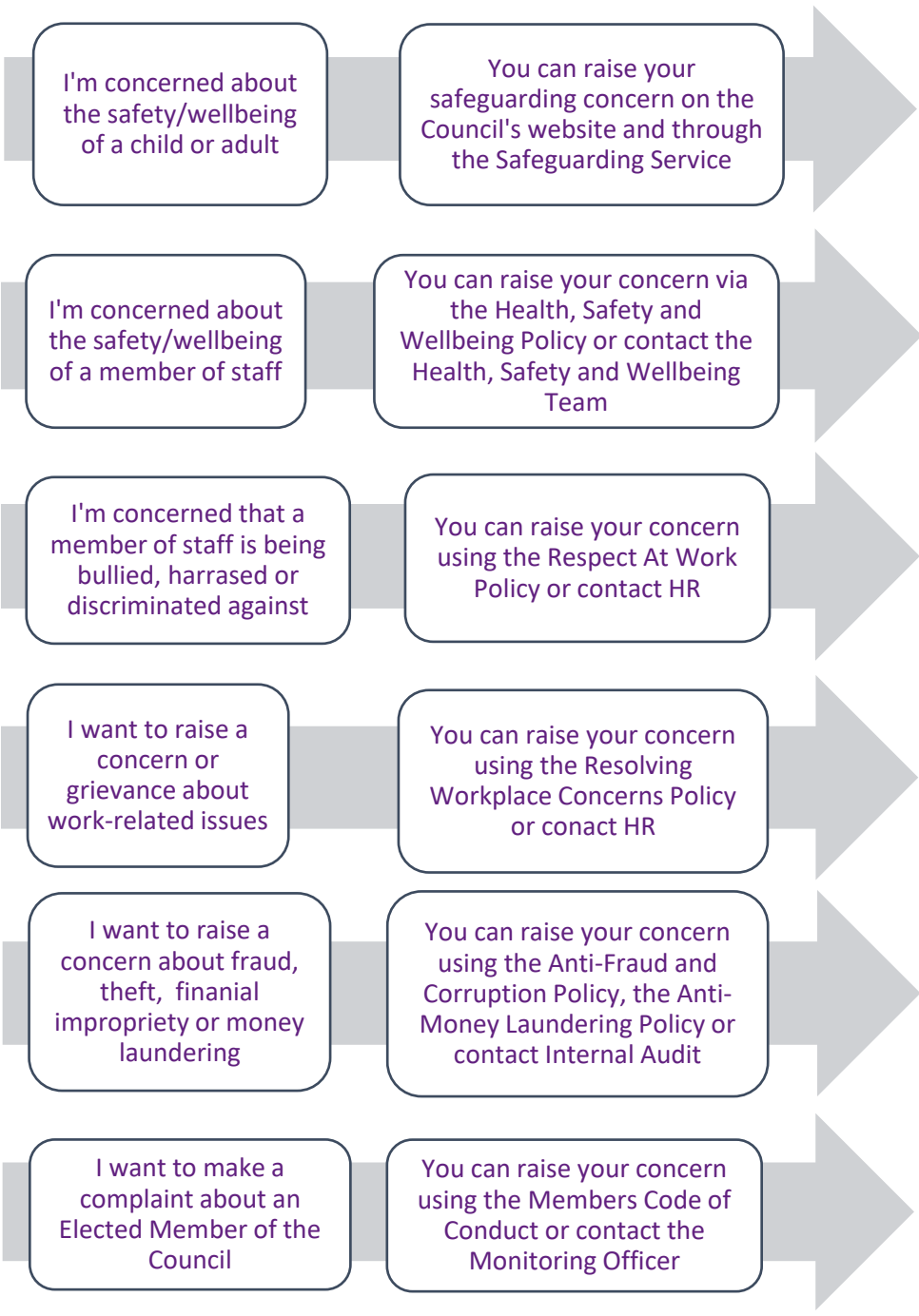
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1. ROUTES TO REPORT CONCERNS

1.1 This policy can be used by anyone with a concern about wrongdoing to bring that issue to the Council's attention with confidence that their concern will be listened to. Raising concerns about wrongdoing is known as whistleblowing.

1.2 There are many ways to raise specific concerns with the Council, and not all concerns will constitute wrongdoing which would be investigated via this Whistleblowing Policy. The below chart will help you determine the best route to raise your concerns.



Safeguarding children and child protection Report abuse of an adult at risk
CCC Health & Safety - Home
Respect at Work Policy
Resolving Workplace Concerns
Anti-fraud and corruption policy
Dealing with allegations of breaches of the Members' Code of Conduct

1.3 If you raise a concern through one of the above policies that meets the criteria of whistleblowing under law (see 1.7, below) you will still be protected by the law. If you wish to raise a specific whistleblowing issue, or if you are not sure what is the best route for reporting your concerns, you can email the dedicated whistleblowing email address: **whistleblowing@cambridgeshire.gov.uk.**

1.4 You can also contact any of the officers named at paragraph 1.12 of this policy if your concern relates to their services.

1.5 The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 (PIDA) protects employees who make a whistleblowing disclosure from harassment or victimisation. Under PIDA, when making a disclosure you must believe you are acting in the public interest.

1.6 If the matter only affects you, then it is not a disclosure covered by PIDA. However, it is likely to be covered by another corporate policy (see the table at 1.2).

1.7 If it affects other people and if you believe that the disclosure relates to wrongdoing in one of the categories below then your disclosure likely is covered by PIDA:

- criminal offences (for example, fraud, theft, or financial impropriety)
- failure to comply with a legal obligation
- miscarriages of justice
- endangering of someone's health and safety
- damage to the environment
- covering up wrongdoing in the above categories

1.8 If your concern does not relate to any of the categories above, you can still report it with confidence that the Council will listen to you and make sure that the relevant process will be identified to take your concerns forward. However, only concerns relating to the above criteria would be considered whistleblowing disclosures under law.

1.9 If you are not a Council employee, the Council's Complaints Procedure should be used to raise complaints about Council services and activity. Members of the public can contact the Council using the Whistleblowing Policy to report any serious concerns or disclosures over wrongdoing.

1.10 Where this policy makes reference to a "whistleblower", it refers to both employees and members of the public who make a disclosure. Unlike disclosures by employees, PIDA does not offer legal protection for disclosures made by members of the public.

However, the Council will take reasonable and appropriate action to protect the anonymity of members of the public when they make a disclosure.

1.11 The Council is committed to the highest possible standards of openness, probity, and accountability. In line with that commitment, the Council encourages anyone with concerns about wrongdoing in any aspect of the Council's activities to come forward and voice those concerns without fear of reprisals. The Council will not tolerate harassment or victimisation of whistleblowers.

1.12 If you want to make a whistleblowing disclosure or discuss your concerns, you can contact:

- Janet Atkin (Assistant Director, HR Services – 07775 024309
- Sue Grace (Director Customer and Digital Services) – 01223 715 680
- Stuart Wood (Health, Safety & Wellbeing Business Partner) – 07789 397291
- Fiona McMillan (Director of Law & Governance & Monitoring Officer) – 01733 452 409
- Tom Kelly (Chief Finance Officer & S151 Officer) - 01223 703599
- Gillian Beasley (Chief Executive) – 07538 931193
- Neil Hunter (Head of Internal Audit) – 07920 029378
- Or email Whistleblowing@cambridgeshire.gov.uk

2. HOW TO RAISE A CONCERN

2.1 In the first instance, concerns from employees should normally be raised with their line manager, individually or as a group. Similarly, non-employees (e.g. agency workers or contractors) should raise a concern in the first instance with their contact within the Council, usually the person to whom they directly report.

2.2 In some cases, the nature or sensitivity of the concern means that this may not always be appropriate. If you feel you cannot raise their concern with your immediate manager or normal CCC contact, you may feel a whistleblowing disclosure is the most appropriate option.

2.3 Concerns may be raised verbally or in writing. In order to enable the Council to review concerns effectively, whistleblowers should give the background and history of the issue, giving relevant details such as names and dates if possible, and the reason why they are particularly concerned about the situation. You should identify the issues carefully and be clear about the standards against which you are judging behaviour/conduct; it may be useful to consider paragraphs 1.2 - 1.7 of this policy.

2.4 You may ask for a private meeting with the person to whom you wish to raise the concern. If you wish you can be accompanied, for example by your trade union/professional association representative or work colleague, at any meetings in connection with the concerns you have raised.

2.5 Although you are not expected to prove the truth of any concern or allegation you raise, it will be necessary to demonstrate that there are sufficient grounds for concern to warrant further initial investigation. It is not necessary for any person to undertake investigations into their concern prior to contacting the Council, as this may undermine any ultimate action to be taken, particularly if any police investigation is subsequently required.

2.6 Whistleblowers are encouraged to put their name to any allegation, although the Council will do its best to protect your identity if you do not want your name disclosed. It must be recognised that in some cases the investigation process may reveal or allow individuals to infer the source of the information, and you may be asked to make a statement as part of the evidence.

2.7 Concerns expressed anonymously will be considered at the discretion of the Council. In exercising this discretion, the factors to be taken into account would include:

- Seriousness of the issue;
- Credibility of the concern;
- Likelihood of being able to obtain the necessary information to corroborate an allegation.

2.8 At the appropriate point in any investigation, the subject of an allegation is likely to be made aware of the allegation so they may provide a defence. In these cases, the identity of the whistleblower will be protected as much as is practically possible.

2.9 As outlined at 2.6 above, it should be noted that information presented during investigations may inadvertently allow the subject of an allegation to determine who is likely to have provided the information. Therefore, the Council cannot provide absolute guarantees that anonymity can always be protected.

2.10 To make a disclosure you can email **whistleblowing@cambridgeshire.gov.uk**, contact a named contact at paragraph 1.12 of this policy; or make a whistleblowing disclosure under the appropriate route outlined at paragraph 1.2.

3. SUPPORTING INDIVIDUALS TO RAISE A CONCERN

3.1 The Council recognises that the decision to raise a concern can be difficult. Whistleblowers should be assured that the Council will not tolerate harassment or victimisation and will take reasonable appropriate action to protect individuals who raise concerns.[1]

3.2 The proven victimisation or harassment of someone who has made a disclosure under this policy would normally be considered to be:

- Gross Misconduct if done by an employee of the Council.
- A reason for the Council to consider termination of a contract, if the harassment or victimisation is done by or at the request of a contractor.
- A matter that would be referred to the Constitution & Ethics Committee if undertaken by or at the request of a Councillor.
- A matter that could affect the service provided to a customer if done by or at the request of that customer.

3.3 Any person applying pressure upon officers to identify whistleblowers shall be subject to the same provisions as outlined in 3.2 above.

3.4 Where a whistleblower alleges they are / have been victimised / harassed as a result of raising a concern, that matter shall be reported to the Assistant Director of HR Services if the alleged harassment is by an officer; the Monitoring Officer where the alleged harassment is by an elected member; or the Head of Internal Audit where the alleged harassment is by a contractor or member of the public. The Chief Executive will also be made aware of any instances of alleged harassment.

3.5 The Council openly encourages whistleblowing done in good faith. Anyone who makes an allegation in good faith, which is not subsequently confirmed by the investigation, will continue to have protection under this policy from victimisation or harassment.

3.6 Whistleblowing is an important part of organisational governance and must be treated as such. Appropriate action may be taken against an individual who makes malicious or vexatious allegations, which may be considered a disciplinary offence.

[1] This does not mean that if a whistleblower is already the subject of disciplinary or redundancy procedures, that those procedures will be halted as a result of raising a concern under this policy. The disciplinary and whistleblowing processes would remain separate.

4. HOW THE COUNCIL WILL RESPOND

4.1 Where you provide contact details, the Council will write to you within 5 working days to confirm receipt of your concern.

4.2 The Council will then conduct an initial review to decide whether a full investigation is appropriate and, if so, what form it should take.[2] Dependent on the nature of the concern, investigations may be referred to or carried out in conjunction with relevant service management, HR, Internal Audit, External Audit, or the Police.

4.3 Where a disclosure falls outside the scope of this policy, the whistleblower will be advised of this (where possible) and whether the disclosure has been referred for consideration under other appropriate procedures.

4.4 Where possible, after the initial review, the Council will write to you within 10 working days to indicate how we intend to proceed. The Council will tell you whether any initial enquiries have been made; whether further investigations will take place and, if not, why not.

4.5 The Council is committed to the wellbeing of its employees, and therefore where whistleblowing concerns are raised by officers, you will also be supplied with information on staff support mechanisms.

4.6 Every effort will be made to resolve the matters raised as soon as possible, in the interests of the Council, the whistleblower, and person(s) being investigated.

4.7 The amount of contact between the officers considering the issues and the whistleblower will depend on the nature of the concern, any legal constraints, and the clarity of the information provided. Further information may be sought from the whistleblower where necessary to assist the investigation.

4.8 Where any meeting is arranged, whistleblowers have the right to be accompanied by a trade union or professional association representative or a work colleague (who is not implicated in the whistleblowing complaint, nor bringing their own concerns as part of this whistleblowing referral).

[2] It should be noted that some concerns may be resolved without the need for investigation. Equally some issues may be investigated without the need for initial enquiries. If urgent action is required, this would be taken before any investigation is conducted.

4.9 The Council will take appropriate steps to minimise any difficulties, which a whistleblower may experience as a result of raising a concern and provide advice and support should they be required to give evidence, e.g. at a disciplinary hearing.

5. HOW THE MATTER CAN BE TAKEN FURTHER

5.1 The Council hopes that whistleblowers will be satisfied with the way their concerns are treated and any investigations that may be carried out. However, if they are not satisfied and feel it right to take the matter outside the Council, the matter can be raised with:

- Protect on 020 3117 2520 or contact the Protect Advice Line
- Relevant professional bodies or regulatory organisations
- A solicitor.

5.2 Similarly, if you feel you cannot approach anyone in the Council in the first instance, you may wish to report your concerns through Protect on 020 3117 2520 or contact the Protect Advice Line. Protect are an independent charity, and information provided to Protect is protected under the Public Interest Disclosures Act. Their lawyers provide confidential advice free of charge.

5.3 In taking advice from sources outside the Council, a person must ensure that, so far as possible, concerns are raised without confidential information being divulged.

5.4 If an individual wishes to complain to the Council about how the investigation of their concerns was carried out, they should address their complaint directly to the Head of Human Resources or the Head of Internal Audit, who will then: notify the Chief Executive that a complaint has been made regarding a whistleblowing investigation; determine which service is best placed to deal with the complaint; and appoint an appropriate officer to deal with the complaint. This is specific to whistleblowing investigations and separate to the Council's corporate complaints procedure.

5.5 Further to this policy, any individual has the right and responsibility to refer a concern to the Police if they suspect a criminal act.

6. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

6.1 Cambridgeshire County Council operates within legal requirements and regulations and expects its employees, contractors, partners, agency staff and other stakeholders including members to adhere to all laws, regulations, policies, and procedures – including the Whistleblowing Policy.

6.2 In all contracts of employment there is an implied understanding of mutual trust and confidence between the employer and employee. All employees, therefore, have a responsibility to raise concerns about work and they may do so in the manner described in this policy.

6.3 Executive Directors are responsible for ensuring all staff, including agency workers and contractors, are fully aware of this policy and how they may raise concerns.

6.4 Internal Audit and Human Resources will jointly help ensure that investigations are swift and effective and undertaken by officers with relevant skills and experience.

6.5 All services that deal with whistleblowing will maintain their own log of the referrals they deal with, including the outcomes of investigations. Services must report the outcomes of whistleblowing referrals to the Audit and Accounts Committee on at least an annual basis. These reports should be cleared by the Monitoring Officer.

6.6 Internal Audit will lead on all whistleblowing referrals relating to fraud and corruption, and financial impropriety. Internal Audit will also manage the corporate **whistleblowing@cambridgeshire.gov.uk** email address and ensure that referrals made to this address are forwarded for consideration via the appropriate process.

6.7 Human Resources will lead on allegations regarding serious misconduct of Council employees, agency staff, consultants and contractors and partners. The HR team will advise and support employees involved in the investigation process, to ensure that such processes are fair and supportive to all those involved.

6.8 The Monitoring Officer will lead on allegations regarding misconduct of Councillors and be consulted on any issues where there is alleged unlawfulness or criminality.

6.9 Directors and Managers must create an open and fair culture within their area of responsibility and ensure that staff concerns are listened to and action taken where necessary. Directors and Managers are responsible for ensuring that there is a safe environment for staff to raise their concerns and that there is no retribution for doing so. The 'Whistleblowing – Manager's Guidance' document (Whistleblowing - Manager's Guidance) provides further guidance for managers who receive a whistleblowing referral and/or are required to undertake an investigation into a whistleblowing allegation.

7. HOW THE POLICY WILL BE MONITORED

7.1 The Audit & Accounts Committee has delegated responsibility to maintain oversight of the Whistleblowing Policy, including approving any changes to the policy.

7.2 The Council has a responsibility for registering the nature of all concerns raised and to record the outcome. Each service dealing with whistleblowing cases will produce an annual report to the Audit and Accounts Committee, which will identify any patterns of concern and assess the effectiveness of the policy.

7.3 This policy will be publicised via the Council's website and specifically:

- Every new employee will be advised to familiarise themselves with the policy when joining the Council;
- Every contract or partnership arrangement will require the contractor to communicate the policy to their staff and adopt its provisions when working for the Council; and
- All newly elected Members shall be provided a copy of the policy.

8. REVIEW

8.1 Internal Audit will complete an annual review of the Whistleblowing Policy to ensure it continually complies with legislation and is effective in practice. Outcomes of this review will be reported to the Audit & Accounts Committee. Any significant amendments will be subject to consultation with staff representatives.