Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy 2022





1. Introduction

- 1.1 This is the Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy of Cambridgeshire Pension Fund managed by Cambridgeshire County Council (the Administering Authority).
- 1.2 This policy clearly demonstrates that the Cambridgeshire Pension Fund will take all necessary steps to prevent fraud and corruption. Every effort will be made to detect any such attempts and will robustly pursue those responsible and recover losses, referring matters to the Police where appropriate.
- 1.3 Fraud and corruption is defined as: -
 - Fraud 'The intentional distortion of financial statements or other records by persons internal or external to the authority which is carried out to conceal the misappropriation of assets or otherwise for gain.'
 - Bribery and Corruption 'A bribe is a financial or other advantage that is offered or requested with the intention of inducing or rewarding the improper performance of a relevant function or activity, or with the knowledge or belief that the acceptance of such an advantage would constitute the improper performance of such a function or activity'.

2. Policy Objectives

- 2.1 The Fund's objectives related to this policy are as follows:
 - Have robust governance arrangements in place, to facilitate informed decision making, supported by appropriate advice, policies and strategies, whilst ensuring compliance with appropriate legislation and statutory guidance.
 - Manage the Fund in a fair and equitable manner, having regard to what is in the best interest of the Fund's stakeholders, particularly the scheme members and employers.
 - Continually monitor and manage risk, ensuring the relevant stakeholders are able to mitigate risk where appropriate.
 - Administer the Fund in a professional and efficient manner, utilising technological solutions and collaboration.

3. Purpose of the Policy

- 3.1 The purpose of the policy is to
 - Prevent ongoing losses of funds where fraud has occurred and to maximise the potential for recovery.
 - Minimise the occurrence of fraud by taking rapid action at the earliest opportunity.
 - Minimise the chance of destruction of evidence.
 - Maximise the chances of success in future sanction action, including criminal prosecution
 - Minimise adverse publicity.

• Act as a deterrent for potentially fraudulent activity.

4. Effective date

4.1 The policy was first approved by the Pension Fund Committee on 19 October 2017 and subsequently approved on 14 January 2020 and xx/xx/xxxx following review.

5. Review

5.1 This Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy is expected to be appropriate for the long-term, but it will be reviewed by officers biennial, and if necessary, more frequently to ensure it remains accurate and relevant. The policy will be presented to the Pension Fund Committee if there are any significant changes to be approved

6. Scope

- 6.1 This policy applies to
 - officers of the Fund.
 - members of the Pension Fund Committee.
 - members of the Pension Fund Board.
 - employers of the Fund.
 - relevant stakeholders to the Fund.
 - professional organisations that provide services to the Fund (e.g., Custodian, fund managers); and
 - professional advisors.

7. Culture

- 7.1 The administering authority promotes a zero-tolerance approach towards fraud, corruption and other malpractice for personal gain. Dishonesty, lack of integrity avoidance of controls and failure to comply with agreed policies will not be tolerated.
- 7.2 The prevention/detection of fraud/corruption and the protection of the public funds are everyone's responsibility and of paramount importance to the authority.
- 7.3 Concerns must be raised when members or employees reasonably believe that one or more of the following has occurred, is in the process of occurring or is likely to occur:
 - a criminal offence.
 - a failure to comply with a statutory or legal obligation.
 - improper unauthorised use of public or other funds.
 - a miscarriage of justice.
 - maladministration, misconduct, or malpractice.
 - deliberate concealment of any of the above.

- 7.4 The Council will ensure that any allegations received in any way, including by anonymous letters or phone calls, will be taken seriously, and investigated in an appropriate manner, subject to the requirements of the Human Rights Act 1998 and other statutory provisions. The administering authority will deal firmly with those who defraud the Council, or who are corrupt, or where there has been financial malpractice. There is, of course, a need to ensure that any investigation process is not misused and, therefore, any abuse (such as raising malicious allegations) may be dealt with as appropriate.
- 7.5 When fraud or corruption have occurred because of a breakdown in systems or procedures, the administering authority will ensure that appropriate improvements are implemented to prevent a reoccurrence.

8. Responsible Officers

- 8.1 The Head of Internal Audit The Head of Internal Audit has a duty to monitor instances of financial irregularities within the Council as a whole, and to report certain details to external bodies, such as External Audit. The Head of Internal Audit also has a duty to ensure that appropriate investigations are carried out.
- 8.2 Section 151 Officer Under section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972 and Section 73 of the Local Government Act 1985 the Section 151 Officer has a statutory duty to ensure that there are proper arrangements in place to administer the Council's financial affairs (as the administering authority).
- 8.3 Director of Finance The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) statement on the role of the Chief Finance Officer/ Director of Finance (CFO) lists one of the CFO's core responsibilities as 'implementing appropriate measures to prevent and detect fraud and corruption'.

9. Deterrence

- 9.1 The publication of this Anti-Fraud and Corruption Policy and regularly reinforcing that the administering authority operates a zero-tolerance approach will help deter those considering perpetrating fraudulent activity.
- 9.2 Where any loss is incurred to fraud and corruption the administering authority will take action to recover monies owed.
- 9.3 Managers are expected to conduct risk reviews of the systems and procedures for which they are responsible and proactively update where weakness has been identified.
- 9.4 Pension Fund Committee and Pension Fund Board members receive regular reports on Internal Audit activity, and these will include summary details of investigations into allegations of fraud and financial impropriety.

- 9.5 After an investigation, sanctions will be applied where fraud and corruption are proven to be present. This will be done in a comprehensive, consistent, and proportionate manner whereby all possible sanctions disciplinary, civil and criminal are considered. For elected members this will include the sanctions available for breaches of the Members' Code of Conduct. The level of sanction pursued will be considered at the end of the investigative process when all evidence is available.
- 10. Detection and prevention of fraud and corruption by the Cambridgeshire Pension Fund.
- 10.1 The below table demonstrates the activities undertaken by Cambridgeshire Pension Fund to mitigate the likelihood of fraud and corruption occurring –

Activity	Detail of activity	Responsibility
Biennial participation in the National Fraud Initiative	The National Fraud Initiative (NFI) exercise matches electronic data within and between public and private sector bodies to prevent and detect fraud.	Officers are responsible for starting investigations into the members identified within one month of the report being received. The Head of Pensions will be notified of any fraudulent cases identified and will subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under corporate policy within one month of escalation.
Monthly mortality screening	Deferred, pensioner and frozen refunds members are screened monthly to identify members that have passed away.	Officers are responsible for overseeing the process with the Fund's supplier of mortality screening services (Accurate Data Services) and are responsible for ensuring that appropriate action is taken where deceased members are identified. The Cambridgeshire Pension Fund subscribes to the Department of Work and Pensions Tell Us Once service and is notified of any deaths of scheme members through this service. Notifications are received shortly after a death has been registered but as it is a voluntary service the Fund cannot rely on the representatives of all members to use it, hence the requirement for a supplier of mortality screening services. The Head of Pensions will be notified of any fraudulent cases identified and will subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under corporate policy within one month of escalation.

Activity	Detail of activity	Responsibility
Annual proof of	All pensioner members are	Officers are responsible for conducting this exercise
existence for	asked to complete and	and suspending the ongoing of pension of payment
overseas	return a proof of existence	for nil returns until contact has been made or
pensioner	form (witnessed by a	notification that the scheme member has died. The
members	suitably qualified	Head of Pensions will be notified if any potentially
	professional).	fraudulent activity is suspected and will
		subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
		the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
		corporate policy immediately.
Reconciliation of	It is a statutory	Investigations by Officers will be carried out by the
Employer and	requirement for employers	end of the month following non-receipt of
Employee	to pay both employee and	contributions and irregularities between payments
contributions	employer contributions to	and schedules. Relevant cases are escalated in line
	the Fund by the 19 th of the	with the Payment of Employee and Employer
	month following deduction.	Pension Contributions Policy. The Head of Pensions
	If the contributions are not	will be notified if any potentially fraudulent activity
	paid it could indicate	is suspected and will subsequently inform the Head
	improper use of employee	of Internal Audit and the Section 151 Officer for
	contributions in addition to	appropriate action under corporate policy
	the failure to comply with a	immediately.
	statutory obligation.	
Internal Audit	Internal Audit plays a vital	Internal Audit conduct annual reviews from which
Reviews	preventative role in trying	the findings are presented to the Pension Fund
	to ensure that systems and	Committee and Pension Fund Board. Relevant
	procedures are in place to	actions will be addressed by the Head of Pensions.
	prevent and detect fraud	The Head of Pensions will be notified if any
	and corruption. They liaise	potentially fraudulent activity is suspected and will
	with management to	subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
	recommend changes in	the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
	procedures to prevent	corporate policy immediately.
	further losses to the Fund.	
External Audit	Independent external audit	External Audit will conduct annual reviews from
Reviews	is an essential safeguard in	which the findings are presented to the Pension
	the stewardship of public	Fund Committee and Pension Fund Board. Relevant
	money. External auditors	actions will be addressed by the Head of Pensions.
	are always alert to the	The Head of Pensions will be notified if any
	possibility of fraud and	potential fraudulent activity is suspected and will
	irregularity and will act	subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
	without undue delay if	the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
	grounds for suspicion come	corporate policy immediately.
	to their notice.	

Activity	Detail of activity	Responsibility
Managing Conflicts	Pension Fund Committee	Pension Fund Committee and Pension Fund Board
of Interest	and Pension Fund Board	members are required to declare potential conflicts
	members must ensure that	at the start of each meeting. Democratic Services
	they avoid situations where	are responsible for ensuring all declarations are
	there is a potential for a	held on the Council's register.
	conflict of interest.	
	Declarations ensure	
	potential conflicts are	
	identified and dealt with	
	appropriately mitigating	
	the risk of fraudulent	
	activity.	

10.2 The below table demonstrates the triggers that would instigate action by Cambridgeshire Pension Fund to mitigate the likelihood of fraud and corruption occurring –

Trigger	Detail of trigger	Responsibility
Evidence received	Returned post (including	The member's record will be immediately marked
suggests pensioner	pensioner payslips)	as gone away as to prevent any further information
member is no	suggests that the scheme	being sent to that address. The member payroll
longer at the	member no longer resides	record will also be immediately suspended. Officers
address held on	at that address.	will use the Fund's mortality screening and address
record		tracing provider to obtain either a new address or
		receive confirmation that the scheme member has
		passed away. The Head of Pensions will be notified
		if any potentially fraudulent activity is suspected
		and will subsequently inform the Head of Internal
		Audit and the Section 151 Officer for appropriate
		action under corporate policy immediately.
Evidence received	Returned post (including	The member's record will be immediately marked
suggests any other	pensioner payslips)	as gone away as to prevent any further information
type of scheme	suggests that the scheme	being sent to that address.
member is no	member no longer resides	No immediate attempts to establish a new address
longer at the	at that address.	or that the scheme member is still alive will be
address held on		made unless the scheme member is within 1 year of
record		retirement. However, the Head of Pensions will be
		notified if any potentially fraudulent activity is
		suspected and will subsequently inform the Head of
		Internal Audit and the Section 151 Officer for
		appropriate action under corporate policy
		immediately.

Trigger	Detail of trigger	Responsibility
Returned BACS	BACS payments returned to	Investigations to be carried out by Officers within
payments	the Fund by the recipient's	one month of the returned payment. The member
	bank/building society	payroll record will be suspended until contact is re-
	shortly after the payment	established with the scheme member or
	date if the account has	confirmation of the member's death. Officers will
	closed or an error has	use the Fund's mortality screening and address
	occurred. The returned	tracing provider to obtain either a new address or
	payment could be due to a	receive confirmation that the scheme member has
	change of bank details or	passed away. The Head of Pensions will be notified
	death of the scheme	if any potentially fraudulent activity is suspected
	member.	and will subsequently inform the Head of Internal
		Audit and the Section 151 Officer for appropriate
		action under corporate policy immediately.
Falsification/non-	Scheme members may	All birth, death and marriage/civil partnership
submission of	provide incorrect	certificates need signing and verifying by the
documents	information for financial	individual submitting them. All benefits need to be
(Scheme member)	gain.	claimed via a signed declaration form. Officers are
		responsible to carrying out the necessary security
	An individual other than the	checks before benefits are paid. The Head of
	member may have	Pensions will be notified if any potentially
	completed the claim forms	fraudulent activity is suspected and will
	and inserted their own bank	subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
	details, for example.	the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
		corporate policy immediately.
Falsification/non-	Scheme employers may	Data verification checks to look for inconsistencies.
submission of	provide the service with	Data matched against contribution information for
documents	incorrect data in order to	the valuation carried out by the actuary. Electronic
(Scheme	gain financially.	signatures are only accepted from a verified email
employer)		address from authorised personnel. The Head of
	An employer may provide	Pensions will be notified if any potentially
	incorrect information to	fraudulent activity is suspected and will
	reduce the impact to the	subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
	employer such as	the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
	understate an employees	corporate policy immediately.
	pay to reduce strain costs,	
	for example.	

Trigger	Detail of trigger	Responsibility
Pension Fund Staff	Personal information (e.g.	It is the responsibility of the Officer releasing the
maladministration	bank details) may be	payment generated by another Officer to ensure
	misused by Pension Fund	the payment is of the correct amount and to the
	Staff for personal financial	correct individual.
	gain.	The Head of Pensions will be notified if any
		potentially fraudulent activity is suspected and will
	The bank details used to	subsequently inform the Head of Internal Audit and
	process the benefits could	the Section 151 Officer for appropriate action under
	be different to the ones on	corporate policy immediately.
	the claim form and	
	therefore paying an	
	incorrect individual, for	
Doctoretion of	example.	Officers are responsible for bearing accounts
Destruction of evidence	There is a clear separation of duties between	Officers are responsible for keeping accurate member records. The Altair Pensions
evidence	employees and all	Administration and Payroll platform can track
	calculations and payments	changes on all member records and any suspicious
	are checked at a more	activity can be investigated through a system
	senior level. The pensions	report. The Head of Pensions will be notified of any
	Altair system report can	tampering with records and will subsequently
	identify all	inform the Head of Internal Audit; Human
	changes/deletions on all	Resources and the Section 151 Officer for
	member records if	appropriate action under corporate policy
	required.	immediately.
		,
	A deletion could be to hide	
	a fraudulent activity such as	
	collusion between a	
	member of staff and	
	member of the Fund to	
	receive enhanced benefits,	
	for example.	

- 10.2 The Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 (the "Act") places a legal responsibility on employers to ensure that matters of serious public concern can be addressed
- 10.3 A 'qualifying disclosure' is any disclosure of information that is made in the public interest and in the reasonable belief of the individual may show that one or more of the following is either happening at the present time, took place in the past or is likely to happen in the future:
 - a criminal offence
 - a miscarriage of justice

- an act creating risk to health and safety
- an act causing damage to the environment
- a breach of any other legal obligation; or
- concealment of any of the above
- 10.4 In making the disclosure, an individual must have a reasonable belief that the information disclosed shows one or more of the offences or breaches listed above. The belief need not be correct, but the individual must show that they held the belief and that it was a reasonable belief, in the circumstances, at the time of the disclosure.
- 10.5 Many fraudulent activities are discovered by chance or 'tip off' and the administering authority promotes the Whistleblowing policy to encourage and enable these to be reported.
- 10.6 Members of the public are encouraged to report any concerns which they may have through the external Whistleblowing process or by using the Fund complaints procedure.

11. Investigation

11.1 All suspected irregularities are investigated within the Pensions Service in the first instance and will be dealt with immediately. All probable and confirmed cases are required to be reported to Internal Audit by the Head of Pensions.

This is essential to the policy, to:

- ensure the consistent treatment of information regarding fraud and corruption.
- facilitate a proper and thorough investigation by an experienced audit team, in accordance with the requirements of the CPIA and PACE codes of practice.
- 11.2 Internal Audit carries out investigations and follows up appropriately as per the authority's corporate policy. Fraud is a serious offence and is covered by the Fraud Act 2006.

12. Sanctions

- 12.1 It is highly likely that the administering authority will seek to prosecute offenders wherever appropriate.
- 12.2 Any decision to refer a matter to the police will be taken by the Head of Pensions and Head of Audit in consultation with the Council's Section 151 Officer. The Chair of the Pension Fund Committee will be informed.

13. Related Documents

- 13.1 The Cambridgeshire County Council Anti-Fraud Policy and Fraud Policy <u>Fraud and corruption - Cambridgeshire County Council</u>
- 13.2 The National Fraud Initiative –

National Fraud Initiative - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

13.3 Fighting Fraud and Corruption Locally – Fighting fraud and corruption locally | Local Government Association

13.4 CPIA Code of Practice
<u>Criminal Procedure and Investigations Act Code of Practice - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</u>

13.5 The Fraud Act 2006 – Fraud Act 2006 (legislation.gov.uk)

14. Contact details

14.1 If you require further details surrounding this policy please contact –

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