ACCESS Pool: Meeting the criteria

Main category	Criteria
A. Asset pools	1. The size of their pools once fully operational
	2. Any assets they propose to hold outside the pool(s) and the rationale for doing so.
	3. The type of pools they are participating in, including the legal structure if relevant.
	4. How the pool(s) will operate, the work to be carried out internally and services to be hired from outside.
	5. The timetable for establishing the pool(s) and moving their assets into the pool(s). Authorities should expla
	progress against that timetable.
B. Strong governance and decision making	1. The governance structure for their pool(s), including the accountability between the pool(s) and elected cou
	be used.
	2. The mechanisms by which the authority can hold the pool(s) to account and secure assurance that their inv
	effectively and their investments are being well managed.
	3. Decision making procedures at all stages of investment, and the rationale underpinning this.
	4. The shared objectives for the pool(s), and any policies that are to be agreed between participants.
	5. The resources allocated to the running of the pool(s), including the governance budget, the number of staff
	required.
	6. How any environmental, social and corporate governance policies will be handled by the pool(s)
	7. How the authorities will act as responsible, long term investors through the pool(s), including how the pool
	stewardship responsibilities.
	8. How the net performance of each asset class will be reported publically by the pool, to encourage the shari
	9. The extent to which benchmarking is used by the authority to assess their own governance and performance
	by undertaking the Scheme Advisory Board's key performance indicator assessment.
C. Reduced costs and excellent value for money	1. A fully transparent assessment of investment costs and fees as at 31 March 2013.
	2. A fully transparent assessment of current investment costs and fees, prepared on the same basis as 2013 for
	3. A detailed estimate of savings over the next 15 years.
	4. A detailed estimate of implementation costs and when they will arise, including transition costs as assets ar
	explanation of how these costs will be met.
	5. A proposal for reporting transparently against their forecast transition costs and savings, as well as how the
D. An improved capacity to invest in infrastructure	1. The proportion of their fund currently allocated to infrastructure, both directly and through funds, or "fund
	2. How they might develop or acquire the capacity and capability to assess infrastructure projects, and reduce
	investments directly through the pool(s), rather than existing fund, or "fund of funds" arrangements.
	3. The proportion of their fund they intend to invest in infrastructure, and their ambition in this area going for at that amount.

blain how they will transparently report

councillors, and how external scrutiny will

nvestment strategy is being implemented

aff needed and the skills and expertise

ool(s) will determine and enact

aring of data and best practice. ance and that of the pool(s), for example

for comparison.

are migrated into the pool(s), and an

they will report fees and net performance. nd of funds".

ace costs by managing any subsequent

forward, as well as how they have arrived